



Listing and Technical Evaluation Report™

Report No: 1101-01



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Subject to Renewal: April 1, 2025

OX-IS™, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci® and Thermo-Ply® “Portal Frame with Hold-Down” (12" to 24" CI PFH)

Trade Secret Report Holder:

OX Engineered Products, LLC

Phone: 612-220-0140

Website: www.oxengineeredproducts.com

CSI Designations:

DIVISION: 06 00 00 - WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES

Section: 06 11 00 - Wood Framing

Section: 06 12 19 - Shear Wall Panels

1 Innovative Products Evaluatedⁱ

- 1.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply

2 Product Description and Materials

- 2.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply PFH assemblies differ from the PFH details in the IBC and IRC in that the intent is to allow the use of these sheathing materials in place of the Wood Structural Panels (WSP) shown in the code prescribed details to facilitate use of continuous insulation or carry through the proprietary sheathing materials without the need to change the sheathing thickness at the portal frame.
 - 2.1.1 OX-IS and SI-Strong are Structural Insulated Sheathing (SIS) products consisting of a proprietary fibrous sheathing board laminated to one side of a proprietary rigid, closed-cell polyisocyanurate (polyiso) foam plastic insulating sheathing.
 - 2.1.1.1 The sheathing is made of specially treated plies that are pressure-laminated with a water resistant adhesive.
 - 2.1.1.2 The surface finish consists of a non-reflective facer on one or both sides.
 - 2.1.2 ISO Red Ci is an ASTM C1289 Type 1, Class 1 compliant rigid polyiso insulation.
 - 2.1.2.1 The closed-cell polyiso foam core is bonded to water-resistant foil facers on both sides.
 - 2.1.3 Thermo-Ply is a proprietary fibrous sheathing board, composed of pressure laminated plies consisting of high-strength cellulosic fibers. These fibers are specially treated to be water resistant and are bonded with a proprietary water resistive adhesive.



2.2 Details of the construction of PFH utilizing OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply are as follows:

2.2.1 *Piers:*

- 2.2.1.1 The piers are made up of $\frac{7}{16}$ " OSB sandwiched between nominal 2x4 studs installed flatwise with additional 2x4 studs framing the outside corner (see **Figure 3**). This pier is then attached to the adjoining full-height studs and the opening header.

2.2.2 *Header:*

- 2.2.2.1 The header is made up of a minimum of two (2) 2x12 dimensional lumber with a $\frac{7}{16}$ " OSB spacer or an equivalent engineered wood beam.
- 2.2.2.2 The header extends over the top of the pier(s) and is fastened to the pier(s) using straps, plates, and fasteners, as shown in **Figure 1**, **Figure 2** and **Figure 3**.

2.2.3 The maximum PFH height is 10'.

- 2.2.3.1 Where needed, a pony wall may be built above the header to extend the framing to a maximum of 12'.

2.2.4 *Sheathing Options:*

2.2.4.1 *OX-IS or SI-Strong Structural Insulation:*

- 2.2.4.1.1 For other sheathing performance characteristics that may be required in an exterior wall assembly, please refer to Report Number 0804-01.

2.2.4.2 *ISO-Red Ci Polyiso Insulation:*

- 2.2.4.2.1 For other sheathing performance characteristics that may be required in an exterior wall assembly, please refer to Report Number 1306-02.

2.2.4.3 *Thermo-Ply Structural Sheathing – Green, Red or Blue Grade:*

- 2.2.4.3.1 For other sheathing performance characteristics that may be required in an exterior wall assembly, please refer to one of the following:

2.2.4.3.1.1 Thermo-Ply Green Report Number 1004-03.

2.2.4.3.1.2 Thermo-Ply Red Report Number 1004-01.

2.2.4.3.1.3 Thermo-Ply Blue Report Number 1004-02.

2.3 As needed, review material properties for design in Section 6 and to regulatory evaluation in Section 8.

3 Definitions

- 3.1 New Materialsⁱⁱ are defined as building materials, equipment, appliances, systems, or methods of construction not provided for by prescriptive and/or legislatively adopted regulations, known as alternative materials.ⁱⁱⁱ The design strengths and permissible stresses shall be established by tests^{iv} and/or engineering analysis.^v
- 3.2 Duly Authenticated Reports^{vi} and Research Reports^{vii} are test reports and related engineering evaluations, which are written by an approved agency^{viii} and/or an approved source.^{ix}
- 3.2.1 These reports contain intellectual property and/or trade secrets, which are protected by the Defend Trade Secrets Act (DTSA).^x
- 3.3 An approved agency is "approved" when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is listed in the ANAB directory.
- 3.4 An approved source is "approved" when a professional engineer (i.e., Registered Design Professional) is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the state legislature via its professional engineering regulations.^{xi}



- 3.5 Testing and/or inspections conducted for this Duly Authenticated Report were performed by an ISO/IEC 17025 accredited testing laboratory, an ISO/IEC 17020 accredited inspection body, and/or a licensed Registered Design Professional (RDP).
- 3.5.1 The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) is ANAB^{xii} ISO/IEC 17025 and ISO/IEC 17020 accredited.
- 3.6 The regulatory authority shall enforce^{xiii} the specific provisions of each legislatively adopted regulation. If there is a non-conformance, the specific regulatory section and language of the non-conformance shall be provided in writing^{xiv} stating the nonconformance and the path to its cure.
- 3.7 The regulatory authority shall accept Duly Authenticated Reports from an approved agency and/or an approved source with respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in regulations regarding the use of alternative materials, designs, or methods of construction.^{xv}
- 3.8 ANAB is an International Accreditation Forum (IAF) Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (MLA) signatory where recognition of certificates, validation, and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.^{xvi} Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 Duly Authenticated Reports are approval equivalent.^{xvii}
- 3.9 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.^{xviii}

4 Applicable Standards for the Listing; Regulations for the Regulatory Evaluation^{xix}

4.1 Standards

- 4.1.1 *ANSI/AWC SDPWS: Special Design Provisions for Wind and Seismic*
 - 4.1.2 *ASCE/SEI 7: Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures*
 - 4.1.3 *ASTM E72: Standard Test Methods of Conducting Strength Tests of Panels for Building Construction*
 - 4.1.4 *ASTM E564: Standard Practice for Static Load Test for Shear Resistance of Framed Walls for Buildings*
 - 4.1.5 *ASTM E2126: Standard Test Methods for Cyclic (Reversed) Load Test for Shear Resistance of Vertical Elements of the Lateral Force Resisting Systems for Buildings*
- 4.2 Structural performance for shear wall assemblies used as lateral force resisting systems in Seismic Design Categories A through F, have been tested and evaluated in accordance with the following standards:
- 4.2.1 *ASCE/SEI 7: Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures*
 - 4.2.2 *ASTM D7989: Standard Practice for Demonstrating Equivalent In-Plane Lateral Seismic Performance to Wood-Frame Shear Walls Sheathed with Wood Structural Panels*
 - 4.2.3 *ASTM E72: Standard Test Methods of Conducting Strength Tests of Panels for Building Construction*
 - 4.2.4 *ASTM E564: Standard Practice for Static Load Test for Shear Resistance of Framed Walls for Buildings*
 - 4.2.5 *ASTM E2126: Standard Test Methods for Cyclic (Reversed) Load Test for Shear Resistance of Vertical Elements of the Lateral Force Resisting Systems for Buildings*
- 4.2.5.1 ASTM D7989 is accepted engineering practice used to establish Seismic Design Coefficients (SDCs). Test data generated by ISO/IEC 17025 approved agencies and/or professional engineers and all associated professional engineering evaluations that use ASTM D7989 as their basis, are defined as intellectual property and/or trade secrets and are also defined as an Independent Design Review (i.e., Listings, certified reports, Duly Authenticated Reports from approved agencies and/or research reports prepared by approved agencies and/or approved sources).



4.3 Regulations

- 4.3.1 IBC – 15, 18, 21: International Building Code®
- 4.3.2 IRC – 15, 18, 21: International Residential Code®
- 4.3.3 CBC – 19, 22: California Building Code
- 4.3.4 CRC – 19, 22: California Residential Code

5 Listed^{xx}

- 5.1 A nationally recognized testing laboratory such as CBI, states that the materials, designs, methods of construction, and/or equipment have met nationally recognized standards and/or have been tested and found suitable for use in a specified manner.

6 Tabulated Properties Generated from Nationally Recognized Standards

6.1 IBC/IRC Method WSP

- 6.1.1 To establish the baseline for equivalency, a full scale 12' x 30' building was constructed in accordance with the minimum requirements of the IRC and IBC.
- 6.1.2 In the first series of tests, two 4' Braced Wall Panels (BWP) were placed in each of the 30' walls.
- 6.1.3 Each BWP was placed 6' from each end of each braced wall line.
- 6.1.4 Anchor bolts were placed every 4' along the base of the wall.
 - 6.1.4.1 No other hold down devices were used, as they are not required by the IRC or the prescriptive provisions of the IBC.
- 6.1.5 The roof of the structure was constructed with trusses, and dead loads were applied to simulate typical dead loads on a single story roof.
- 6.1.6 All other wall construction details are per IRC Table R602.3(1).
- 6.1.7 Walls were tested in accordance with the provisions of ASTM E564.
- 6.1.8 Testing with the Oriented Strand Board (OSB) in various positions in the wall was assessed as well as fully sheathed walls and walls with window and door openings.
- 6.1.9 23' walls were constructed and tested in accordance with ASTM E2126 to understand the performance of these walls under cyclic loading conditions.
- 6.1.10 The results of the testing were then compared to the capacity of the OSB sheathing as defined in the provisions of the IBC and IRC, and an equivalent capacity was derived such that comparisons can be made on an equivalency basis.

6.2 Alternate PFH Portal Frame

- 6.2.1 An alternate PFH Portal Frame was developed to see if an equivalent replacement of the 4' x 8' Method WSP Braced Wall Panel could be achieved (see **Figure 1**, **Figure 2** and **Figure 3**).
- 6.2.2 Two (2) 23' braced wall lines were framed using standard code-complying framing techniques with Spruce Pine-Fir (SPF) top plate, sill plate and studs from stud grade lumber.
- 6.2.3 The assembly was constructed with $\frac{7}{16}$ " thick OSB sheathing ($10\frac{1}{2}$ " wide for the 12" PFH and $22\frac{1}{2}$ " wide for the 24" PFH) fastened between four (4) flatwise SPF 2x4s attached to a SPF king stud.
- 6.2.4 Bottom plate is treated Southern Pine (SP) 2x4s. Single or double bottom plates may be used.

- 6.2.5 Interior gypsum was not applied.
- 6.2.6 The portal frames were tested in accordance with ASTM E2126 testing procedures. Testing determined their lateral resistance within an identical braced wall line so that a direct performance comparison could be made with respect to the tests performed on the isolated braced wall panel assemblies.

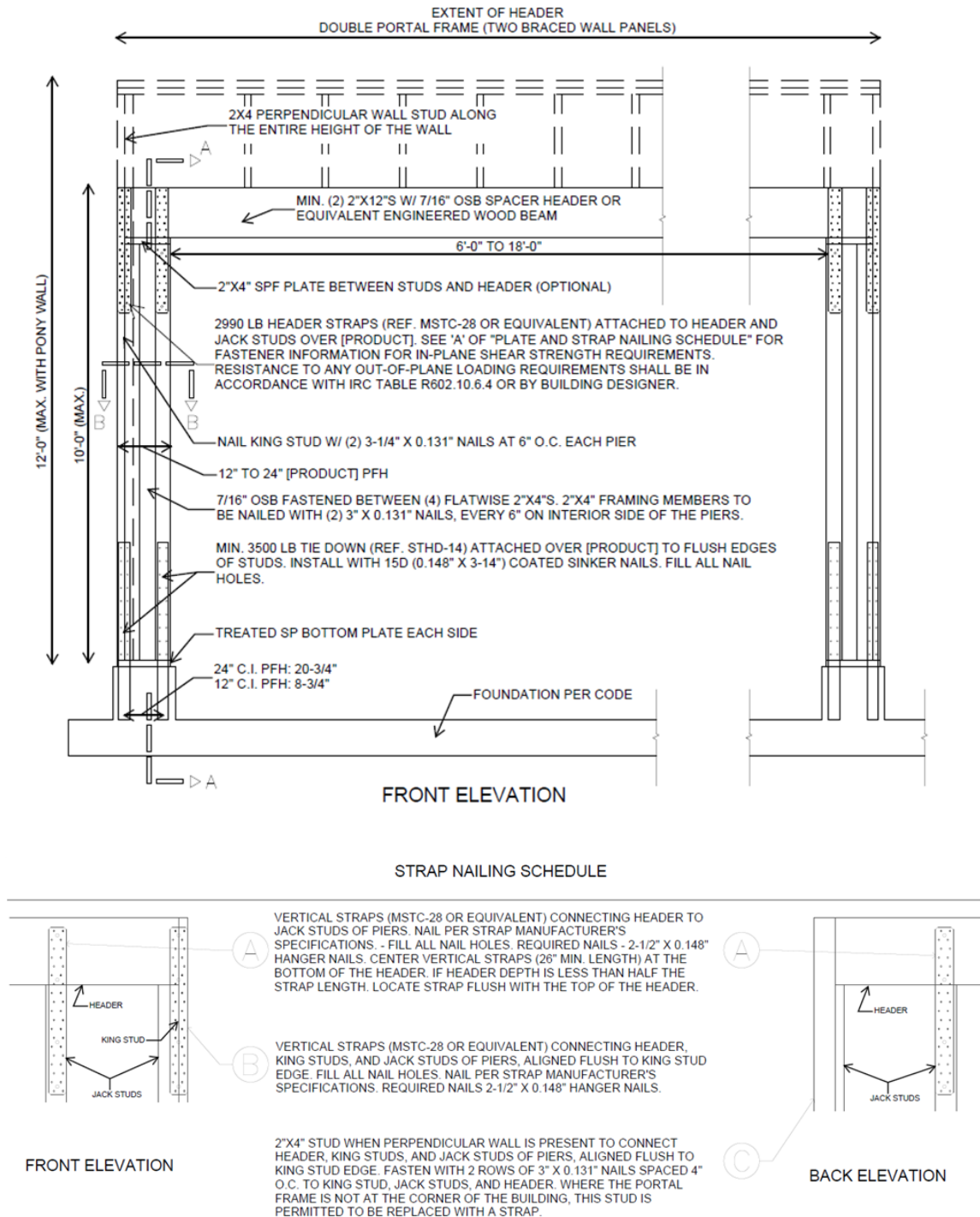


Figure 1. Construction Details of OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply 12" to 24" CI PFH

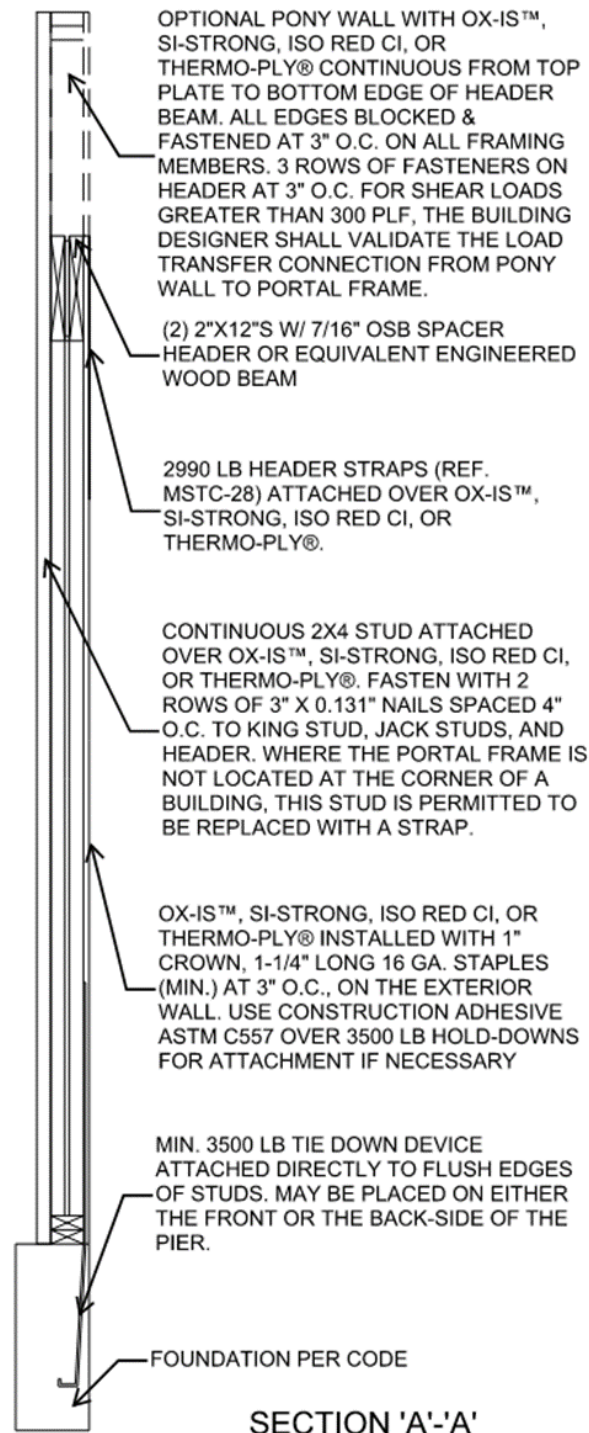


Figure 2. PFH Section A-A

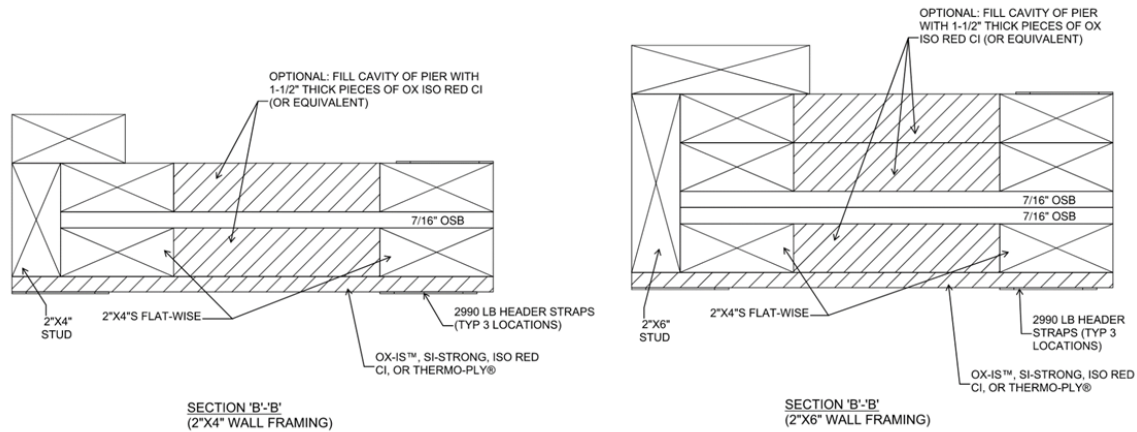


Figure 3. PFH Section B-B

6.3 Equivalency Results

- 6.3.1 A comparison of the $\frac{3}{8}$ " WSP braced wall lines and the OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply 12" CI PFH and 24" CI PFH is shown in **Table 1**.
- 6.3.2 The test data and subsequent engineering analysis provides confirmation that the performance of the OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply 12" CI PFH and 24" CI PFH provide comparable equivalence to the BWP sheathed with $\frac{3}{8}$ " WSP (OSB was used).

Table 1. Portal Frame Design Values^{1,2,3}

Test Name	Sheathing Material	Fastener Size and Spacing	Total Bracing Width (in)	Maximum Wall Height (ft)	Design Value per Panel/Pier ^{4,5} (lbs)
IBC/IRC Benchmark	$\frac{3}{8}$ " OSB, Isolated 4'x8' panels, 6' from corners	$2\frac{3}{8}$ " x 0.113" nails, 6:12 spacing	96	Up to 10	700
12" CI PFH	OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci or Thermo-Ply (Green, Red or Blue Grade)	See Figure 1	12	8	1,280
				10	960
24" CI PFH	OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci or Thermo-Ply (Green, Red or Blue Grade)	See Figure 1	24	8	2,560
				10	1,920

SI: 1 in. = 25.4 mm, 1 lb. = 4.45 N

- Capacity derived from multiple full-scale tests, as well as testing from other labs, showing the capacity of OSB sheathing in buildings constructed in accordance with the minimum requirements of the IRC.
- The PFH bracing type in the IRC/IBC is defined as equivalent to a 4' BWP using $\frac{3}{8}$ " WSP. Equivalent capacity is based on comparison testing of the PFH and $\frac{3}{8}$ " OSB as compared to the published capacities as defined in the IBC and SDPWS.
- For seismic design, reduce capacities by a factor of 1.4.
- Interpolation between the wall heights and pier widths for the 12" CI PFH & 24" CI PFH is permitted.
- 10' high wall design values are provided here that use a seventy-five percent (75%) factor to reduce the 8' high wall design values generated by test data.



- 6.3.3 Based on the test results using the equivalency principle as defined in IBC Section 104.11 and IRC Section R104.11, the ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply 12" to 24" CI PFH are assigned the recommended design values for designs controlled by wind or gravity loading conditions as provided in **Table 2**.
- 6.3.4 The design values for the OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply 12" to 24" CI PFH are based on testing and the evaluation of the test data compared to $\frac{3}{8}$ " OSB braced wall panel test data using Method WSP.
- 6.3.5 As detailed in **Figure 1** through **Figure 3**, the maximum allowable compressive strength of the OX 12" to 24" CI PFH is 11,156 lbs per pier. Additional compressive capacity may be engineered into each pier.
- 6.3.6 The design values in **Table 2** show that the OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply PFH provide equivalent or better shear resistance to the code-compliant benchmark (IBC/IRC $\frac{3}{8}$ " OSB).
- 6.4 Where the application falls outside of the performance evaluation, conditions of use and/or installation requirements set forth herein, alternative techniques shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering practice and experience. This includes but is not limited to the following areas of engineering: mechanics or materials, structural, building science, and fire science.

7 Certified Performance^{xxi}

- 7.1 All construction methods shall conform to accepted engineering practices to ensure durable, livable, and safe construction and shall demonstrate acceptable workmanship reflecting journeyman quality of work of the various trades.^{xxii}
- 7.2 The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.^{xxiii}

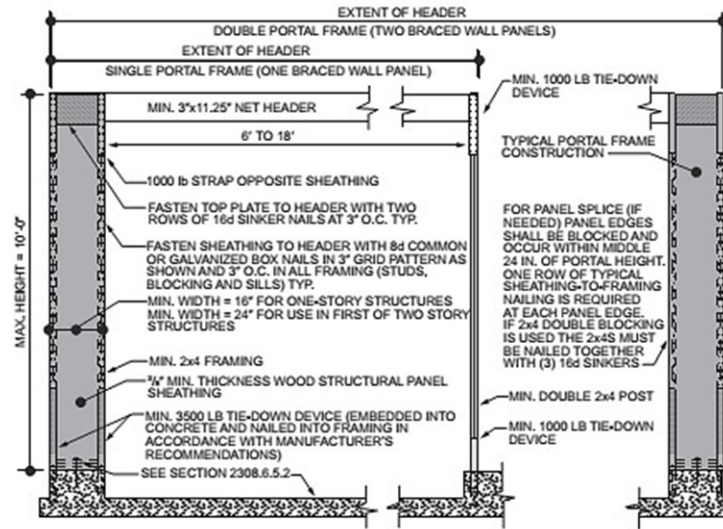
8 Regulatory Evaluation and Accepted Engineering Practice

- 8.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply comply with the following legislatively adopted regulations and/or accepted engineering practice for the following reasons:
 - 8.1.1 The OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply PFH were tested and evaluated for pier widths between 12" and 24" for equivalency to the following IBC requirement:

2308.6.5 Alternative bracing. An alternate braced wall (ABW) or a portal frame with hold-downs (PFH) described in this section is permitted to substitute for a 48-inch (1219 mm) braced wall panel of Method DWB, WSP, SFB, PBS, PCP or HPS. For Method GB, each 96-inch (2438 mm) section (applied to one face) or 48-inch (1219 mm) section (applied to both faces) or portion thereof required by Table 2308.6.1 is permitted to be replaced by one panel constructed in accordance with Method ABW or PFH.

- 8.2 The portal frame that is directly referenced in the code is shown in **Figure 4** and adopted into the code in IBC Section 2308.6.5.2 as follows:

2308.6.5.2 Portal frame with hold-downs (PFH). A PFH shall be constructed in accordance with this section and IBC Figure 2308.6.5.2. The adjacent door or window opening shall have a full-length header...^{xxiv}

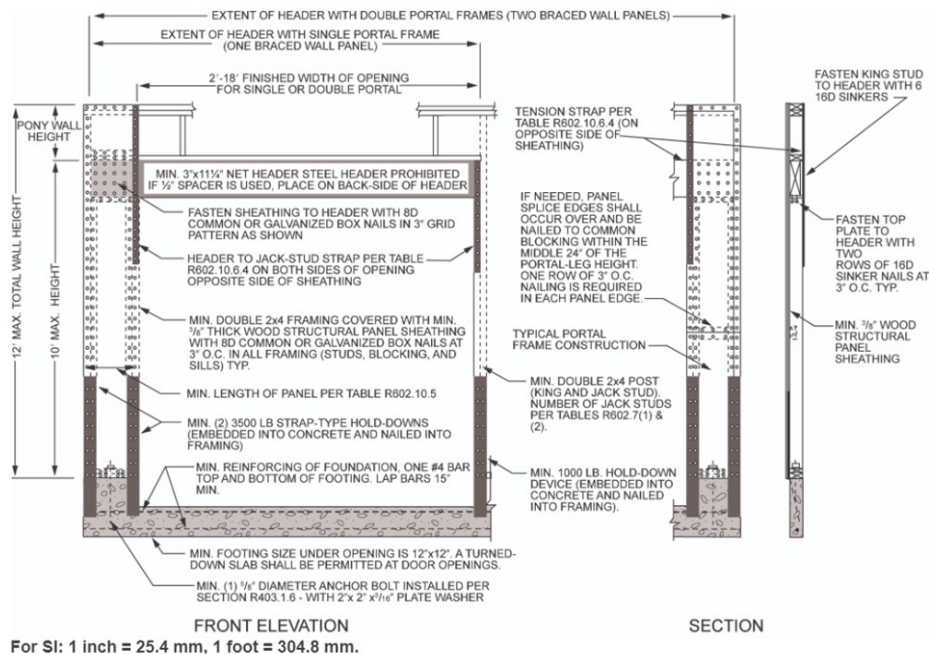


For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound = 4.448 N.

Figure 4. Portal Frame with Hold-Downs as depicted in IBC Figure 2308.6.5.2.

- 8.3 The IRC defines the PFH detail in IRC Figure R602.10.6.2 (see **Figure 5**) and identifies it as an equivalent replacement to the capacity of a 4' x 8' sheet of $\frac{3}{8}$ " WSP sheathing in IRC Table R602.10.5 (see **Table 2**) through the use of the following language of IRC Section R602.10.6.2:

Method PFH: Portal frame with hold-downs. Method PFH braced wall panels shall be constructed in accordance with Figure R602.10.6.2.



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm.

Figure 5. Method PFH—Portal Frame with Hold-Downs as depicted in IRC Figure R602.10.6.2



Table 2. Minimum Length of Braced Wall Panels, Method PFH, as depicted in IRC Table R602.10.5

Method (See Table R602.10.4)		Minimum Length (in)					Contributing Length (in)
		Portal Header Height					
		8 feet	9 feet	10 feet	11 feet	12 feet	
PFH	Supporting Roof Only	16	16	16	Table Note 1	Table Note 1	48
	Supporting One Story and Roof	24	24	24	Table Note 1	Table Note 1	48
SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 ft = 0.305 m							
1. Maximum header height for PFH is 10 feet in accordance with IRC Figure R602.10.6.2 (Figure 5), but wall height shall be permitted to be increased to 12 feet with a pony wall.							

- 8.4 While the PFH referenced in the code is one alternate method of compliance, other methods of compliance are permissible, provided they can show equivalence to the code in accordance with [IBC Section 104.11](#) and [IRC Section R104.11](#).
- 8.5 It is clear from [IBC Section 2308.6.5.2](#) and [IRC Figure R602.10.6.2](#) that the performance requirement is to be an equivalent replacement to the capacity of a 4' x 8' sheet of $\frac{3}{8}$ " WSP sheathing.
- 8.6 Testing conducted to compare the performance of an alternative PFH to replace a 4' x 8' Method WSP braced wall panel using $\frac{3}{8}$ " WSP sheathing.
- 8.6.1 Since deflection limits are neither a consideration of the IRC nor a consideration of the light-frame provisions of the IBC, they are not a consideration of this assessment.
- 8.7 Any building code, regulation, and/or accepted engineering evaluations (i.e., research reports, [Duly Authenticated Reports](#), etc.) that are conducted for this Listing were performed by DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ), an [ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification body](#) and a professional engineering company operated by [RDP/approved sources](#). DrJ is qualified^{xxv} to practice product and regulatory compliance services within its scope of accreditation and engineering expertise, respectively.
- 8.8 Engineering evaluations are conducted with DrJ's ANAB [accredited ICS code scope](#) of expertise, which are also its areas of professional engineering competence.
- 8.9 Any regulation specific issues not addressed in this section are outside the scope of this report.

9 Installation

- 9.1 Installation shall comply with the approved construction documents, the manufacturer installation instructions, this report and the applicable building code.
- 9.2 In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer installation instructions and this report, the more restrictive shall govern.
- 9.3 *General Applications*
- 9.3.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer published installation instructions and this report as defined in **Figure 1**, **Figure 2** and **Figure 3**.



9.4 Orientation

9.4.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong and ISO-Red Ci:

- 9.4.1.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, and ISO-Red Ci may be installed vertically or horizontally over studs with framing that has a nominal thickness of not less than 2" (51 mm) and spaced a maximum of 24" (610 mm) o.c.
- 9.4.1.2 Sheathing joints must be butted at framing members, and all panel edges shall be blocked with framing that has a nominal thickness of not less than 2" (51 mm) and spaced a maximum of 24" (610 mm) o.c. A single row of fasteners must be applied to each panel edge into the stud or blocking below.
- 9.4.1.3 Do not tack product to framing, but fasten each panel completely after fastening begins.

9.4.2 Thermo-Ply:

- 9.4.2.1 Thermo-Ply may be installed in either the vertical or horizontal orientation.
- 9.4.2.2 To be recognized for the structural values listed in this report, or as a water or air barrier, all joints must be backed by studs, plates, or blocks and fastened.

9.5 Fastener Type

9.5.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply:

- 9.5.1.1 Minimum $^{15}/_{16}$ " crown, 16-gauge staples or minimum 0.120" x galvanized roofing nail.
 - 9.5.1.1.1 Length of fastener to provide 1" embedment into framing.
- 9.5.1.2 Fasteners shall be installed with a nominal edge distance of $^{3}/_{8}$ " (9.5 mm).
- 9.5.1.3 Always fasten staples parallel to the framing member wherever used.
- 9.5.1.4 Fasteners for Thermo-Ply shall be driven so that the head of the fastener is in contact with the surface of the sheathing. Do not overdrive fasteners.

9.6 Treatment of Joints

9.6.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, and ISO-Red Ci:

- 9.6.1.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, and ISO-Red Ci sheathing joints must be butted at framing members and a single row of fasteners must be applied to each panel edge into the stud below. Run staples parallel to framing.

9.6.2 Thermo-Ply:

- 9.6.2.1 Lapped joints shall be overlapped $^{3}/_{4}$ " (19 mm), nominal, and fastened with a single row of fasteners. Always run staples parallel with framing.
- 9.6.2.2 Butt joints shall be placed over framing members and fastened with a single row of fasteners at each panel edge and shall be installed with a small gap ($^{1}/_{16}$ " to $^{1}/_{8}$ ") between panels.

9.7 Structural Applications

- 9.7.1 Where the application exceeds the limitations set forth herein, design shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering procedures, experience, and technical judgment.



10 Substantiating Data

- 10.1 Testing has been performed under the supervision of a professional engineer and/or under the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 as follows:
- 10.1.1 PFH Double Portal Frame lateral resistance testing braced at 12" and 24" in a 23' wall in accordance with ASTM E2126
 - 10.1.2 PFH Double Portal Frame lateral resistance testing braced at 12" and 24" in a 12' x 30' Full Scale Building in accordance with ASTM E564
 - 10.1.3 Comparison Braced Wall Panel lateral resistance testing using Method WSP with $\frac{3}{8}$ " OSB in accordance with ASTM E2126
 - 10.1.4 Comparison Portal Frames lateral resistance testing using Southern Pine Bottom Plates in accordance with ASTM E2126
- 10.2 Information contained herein may include the result of testing and/or data analysis by sources that are approved agencies, approved sources, and/or RDPs. Accuracy of external test data and resulting analysis is relied upon.
- 10.3 Where pertinent, testing and/or engineering analysis are based upon provisions that have been codified into law through state or local adoption of regulations and standards. The developers of these regulations and standards are responsible for the reliability of published content. DrJ's engineering practice may use a regulation-adopted provision as the control. A regulation-endorsed control versus a simulation of the conditions of application to occur establishes a new material as being equivalent to the regulatory provision in terms of quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability, and safety.
- 10.4 The accuracy of the provisions provided herein may be reliant upon the published properties of raw materials, which are defined by the grade mark, grade stamp, mill certificate, or Duly Authenticated Reports from approved agencies and/or approved sources provided by the supplier. These are presumed to be minimum properties and relied upon to be accurate. The reliability of DrJ's engineering practice, as contained in this Duly Authenticated Report, may be dependent upon published design properties by others.
- 10.5 Testing and engineering analysis: The strength, rigidity, and/or general performance of component parts and/or the integrated structure are determined by suitable tests that simulate the actual conditions of application that occur and/or by accepted engineering practice and experience.^{xxvi}
- 10.6 Where additional condition of use and/or regulatory compliance information is required, please search for OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply on the DrJ Certification website.

11 Findings

- 11.1 As outlined in Section 6, OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply have performance characteristics that were tested and/or meet applicable regulations and are suitable for use pursuant to its specified purpose.
- 11.2 When used and installed in accordance with this Duly Authenticated Report and the manufacturer installation instructions, OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply shall be approved for the following applications:
- 11.2.1 The testing and generally accepted engineering analysis performed provides the basis for the use of the OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply 12" to 24" CI PFH as a substitution for a 4' braced wall panel using $\frac{3}{8}$ " OSB, fastened 6:12 with $2\frac{3}{8}$ " x 0.113" diameter nails, and have the relative performance as defined in **Table 1**.
 - 11.2.2 The testing and engineering analysis performed provides the basis for the use of the OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply 12" to 24" CI PFH in all locations that require the use of a 4' BWP within the IBC and IRC.



- 11.3 Unless exempt by state statute, when OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply are to be used as a structural and/or building envelope component in the design of a specific building, the design shall be performed by an RDP.
- 11.4 Any application specific issues not addressed herein can be engineered by an RDP. Assistance with engineering is available from OX Engineered Products, LLC.
- 11.5 IBC Section 104.11 (IRC Section R104.11 and IFC Section 104.10^{xxvii} are similar) in pertinent part states:

104.11 Alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code. Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons the alternative was not approved.

- 11.6 **Approved:**^{xxviii} Building regulations require that the building official shall accept Duly Authenticated Reports.^{xxix}
- 11.6.1 An approved agency is “approved” when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited.
- 11.6.2 An approved source is “approved” when an RDP is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce.
- 11.6.3 Federal law, Title 18 US Code Section 242, requires that where the alternative product, material, service, design, assembly, and/or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved. Denial without written reason deprives a protected right to free and fair competition in the marketplace.
- 11.7 DrJ is a licensed engineering company, employs licensed RDPs and is an ANAB-Accredited Product Certification Body – Accreditation #1131.
- 11.8 Through the IAF Multilateral Agreements (MLA), this Duly Authenticated Report can be used to obtain product approval in any jurisdiction or country because all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 Duly Authenticated Reports are equivalent.^{xxx}

12 Conditions of Use

- 12.1 Material properties shall not fall outside the boundaries defined in Section 6.
- 12.2 As defined in Section 6, where material and/or engineering mechanics properties are created for load resisting design purposes, the resistance to the applied load shall not exceed the ability of the defined properties to resist those loads using the principles of accepted engineering practice.
- 12.3 The OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply 12" to 24" CI PFH described in this report comply with, or are suitable alternatives to, the applicable sections of the IBC and the IRC listed in Section 4 and are subject to the following conditions:
- 12.3.1 This report and the installation instructions, when required by a code official, shall be submitted at the time of permit application.
- 12.3.2 Where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction where the building is to be constructed, the design drawings shall be prepared by a RDP licensed in the jurisdiction.
- 12.3.3 Sheathing material located on the exterior side of the portal frame shall be one of the following:
- 12.3.3.1 1/2" minimum OX-IS, SI-Strong or ISO-Red Ci
- 12.3.3.2 Green, Red, or Blue grade Thermo-Ply
- 12.4 Each portal frame may replace 4' of braced wall panel. All other braced wall provisions shall be followed per the applicable code.



- 12.5 When required by adopted legislation and enforced by the building official, also known as the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) in which the project is to be constructed:
- 12.5.1 Any calculations incorporated into the construction documents shall conform to accepted engineering practice and, when prepared by an approved source, shall be approved when signed and sealed.
 - 12.5.2 This report and the installation instructions shall be submitted at the time of permit application.
 - 12.5.3 These innovative products have an internal quality control program and a third-party quality assurance program.
 - 12.5.4 At a minimum, these innovative products shall be installed per Section 9 of this report.
 - 12.5.5 The review of this report by the AHJ shall comply with IBC Section 104 and IBC Section 105.4.
 - 12.5.6 These innovative products have an internal quality control program and a third party quality assurance program in accordance with IBC Section 104.4, IBC Section 110.4, IBC Section 1703, IRC Section R104.4, and IRC Section R109.2.
 - 12.5.7 The application of these innovative products in the context of this report is dependent upon the accuracy of the construction documents, implementation of installation instructions, inspection as required by IBC Section 110.3, IRC Section R109.2, and any other regulatory requirements that may apply.
- 12.6 The approval of this report by the AHJ shall comply with IBC Section 1707.1, where legislation states in part, *"the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports from approved agencies in respect to the quality and manner of use of new material or assemblies as provided for in Section 104.11,"* all of IBC Section 104, and IBC Section 105.4.
- 12.7 Design loads shall be determined in accordance with the regulations adopted by the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed and/or by the building designer (i.e., owner or RDP).
- 12.8 The actual design, suitability, and use of this report for any particular building, is the responsibility of the owner or the authorized agent of the owner.

13 Identification

- 13.1 The innovative products listed in Section 1.1 are identified by a label on the board or packaging material bearing the manufacturer name, product name, this report number, and other information to confirm code compliance.
- 13.2 Additional technical information can be found at www.oxengineeredproducts.com.

14 Review Schedule

- 14.1 This report is subject to periodic review and revision. For the latest version, visit drjcertification.org.
- 14.2 For information on the status of this report, please contact [DrJ Certification](#).

15 Approved for Use Pursuant to U.S. and International Legislation Defined in Appendix A

- 15.1 OX-IS, SI-Strong, ISO-Red Ci and Thermo-Ply "Portal Frame with Hold-Down" (12" to 24" CI PFH) are included in this report published by an approved agency that is concerned with evaluation of products or services, maintains periodic inspection of the production of listed materials or periodic evaluation of services. This report states either that the material, product, or service meets recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose. This report meets the legislative intent and definition of being acceptable to the AHJ.



Appendix A

1 Legislation that Authorizes AHJ Approval

- 1.1 **Fair Competition:** State legislatures have adopted Federal regulations for the examination and approval of building code referenced and alternative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction that:
 - 1.1.1 Advance innovation,
 - 1.1.2 Promote competition so all businesses have the opportunity to compete on price and quality in an open market on a level playing field unhampered by anticompetitive constraints, and
 - 1.1.3 Benefit consumers through lower prices, better quality, and greater choice.
- 1.2 **Adopted Legislation:** The following local, state, and federal regulations affirmatively authorize these innovative products to be approved by AHJs, delegates of building departments, and/or delegates of an agency of the federal government:
 - 1.2.1 Interstate commerce is governed by the Federal Department of Justice to encourage the use of innovative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction. The goal is to “*protect economic freedom and opportunity by promoting free and fair competition in the marketplace.*”
 - 1.2.2 Title 18 US Code Section 242 affirms and regulates the right of individuals and businesses to freely and fairly have new products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction approved for use in commerce. Disapproval of alternatives shall be based upon non-conformance with respect to specific provisions of adopted legislation and shall be provided in writing stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved, with reference to the specific legislation violated.
 - 1.2.3 The federal government and each state have a public records act. In addition, each state also has legislation that mimics the federal Defend Trade Secrets Act 2016 (DTSA),^{xxxix} where providing test reports, engineering analysis and/or other related IP/TS is subject to prison of not more than ten years^{xxxix} and/or a \$5,000,000 fine or 3 times the value of^{xxxix} the Intellectual Property (IP) and Trade Secrets (TS).
 - 1.2.3.1 Compliance with public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through the use of Listings, certified reports, Technical Evaluation Reports, Duly Authenticated Reports, and/or research reports prepared by approved agencies and/or approved sources.
 - 1.2.4 For new materials^{xxxiv} that are not specifically provided for in any regulation, the design strengths and permissible stresses shall be established by tests, where suitable load tests simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.
 - 1.2.5 The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material shall conform to the specifications and methods of design using accepted engineering practice.^{xxxv}
 - 1.2.6 The commerce of approved sources (i.e., registered PEs) is regulated by professional engineering legislation. Professional engineering commerce shall always be approved by AHJs, except where there is evidence provided in writing, that specific legislation have been violated by an individual registered PE.
 - 1.2.7 The AHJ shall accept Duly Authenticated Reports from approved agencies in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in IBC Section 104.11.^{xxxvi}



- 1.3 **Approved^{xxxvii} by Los Angeles:** The Los Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC) states in pertinent part that the provisions of LAMC are not intended to prevent the use of any material, device, or method of construction not specifically prescribed by LAMC. The Department shall use Part III, Recognized Standards in addition to Part II, Uniform Building Code Standards of Division 35, Article 1, Chapter IX of the LAMC in evaluation of products for approval where such standard exists for the product or the material and may use other approved standards that apply. Whenever tests or certificates of any material or fabricated assembly are required by Chapter IX of the LAMC, such tests or certification shall be made by a testing agency approved by the Superintendent of Building to conduct such tests or provide such certifications. The testing agency shall publish the scope and limitation(s) of the listed material or fabricated assembly.^{xxxviii} The Superintendent of Building Approved Testing Agency Roster is provided by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS). The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) Certificate of Approval License is TA24945. Tests and certifications found in a DrJ Listing are LAMC approved. In addition, the Superintendent of Building shall accept Duly Authenticated Reports from approved agencies in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the California Building Code (CBC) Section 1707.1.^{xxxix}
- 1.4 **Approved by Chicago:** The Municipal Code of Chicago (MCC) states in pertinent part that an Approved Agency is a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) acting within its recognized scope and/or a certification body accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) acting within its accredited scope. Construction materials and test procedures shall conform to the applicable standards listed in the MCC. Sufficient technical data shall be submitted to the building official to substantiate the proposed use of any product, material, service, design, assembly, and/or method of construction not specifically provided for in the MCC. This technical data shall consist of research reports from approved sources (i.e., MCC defined Approved Agencies).
- 1.5 **Approved by New York City:** The 2022 NYC Building Code (NYCBC) states in part that an approved agency shall be deemed^{xi} an approved testing agency via ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation, an approved inspection agency via ISO/IEC 17020 accreditation, and an approved product evaluation agency via ISO/IEC 17065 accreditation. Accrediting agencies, other than federal agencies, must be members of an internationally recognized cooperation of laboratory and inspection accreditation bodies subject to a mutual recognition agreement^{xii} (i.e., ANAB, International Accreditation Forum [IAF], etc.).
- 1.6 **Approved by Florida:** Statewide approval of products, methods, or systems of construction shall be approved, without further evaluation by:
- 1.6.1 A certification mark or listing of an approved certification agency,
 - 1.6.2 A test report from an approved testing laboratory,
 - 1.6.3 A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity, or
 - 1.6.4 A product evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in Florida.
 - 1.6.5 For local product approval, products or systems of construction shall demonstrate compliance with the structural wind load requirements of the Florida Building Code (FBC) through one of the following methods:
 - 1.6.5.1 A certification mark, listing or label from a commission-approved certification agency indicating that the product complies with the code,
 - 1.6.5.2 A test report from a commission-approved testing laboratory indicating that the product tested complies with the code,
 - 1.6.5.3 A product-evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from a commission-approved product evaluation entity which indicates that the product evaluated complies with the code,



- 1.6.5.4 A product-evaluation report or certification based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a Florida professional engineer or Florida registered architect, which indicates that the product complies with the code, or
- 1.6.5.5 A statewide product approval issued by the Florida Building Commission.
- 1.6.6 The [Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation \(DBPR\)](#) website provides a listing of companies certified as a [Product Evaluation Agency](#) (i.e., EVLMiami 13692), a [Product Certification Agency](#) (i.e., CER10642), and as a [Florida Registered Engineer](#) (i.e., ANE13741).
- 1.7 **Approved by Miami-Dade County (i.e., Notice of Acceptance [NOA]):** A Florida statewide approval is an NOA. An NOA is a Florida local product approval. By Florida law, Miami-Dade County shall accept the statewide and local Florida Product Approval as provided for in Florida legislation [553.842](#) and [553.8425](#).
- 1.8 **Approved by New Jersey:** Pursuant to the 2018 Building Code of New Jersey in [IBC Section 1707.1 General](#),^{xlii} it states: *"In the absence of approved rules or other approved standards, the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports from [approved agencies](#) in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the administrative provisions of the Uniform Construction Code (N.J.A.C. 5:23)"*.^{xliii} Furthermore N.J.A.C 5:23-3.7 states: *"Municipal approvals of alternative materials, equipment, or methods of construction."*
 - 1.8.1 **Approvals:** Alternative materials, equipment, or methods of construction shall be approved by the appropriate subcode official provided the proposed design is satisfactory and that the materials, equipment, or methods of construction are suitable for the intended use and are at least the equivalent in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability, and safety of those conforming with the requirements of the regulations.
 - 1.8.1.1 A field evaluation label and report or letter issued by a nationally recognized testing laboratory verifying that the specific material, equipment, or method of construction meets the identified standards or has been tested and found to be suitable for the intended use, shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
 - 1.8.1.2 Reports of engineering findings issued by nationally recognized evaluation service programs such as but not limited to, the Building Officials and Code Administrators (BOCA), the International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO), the Southern Building Code Congress International (SBCCI), the International Code Council (ICC), and the National Evaluation Service, Inc., shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
 - 1.8.2 The [New Jersey Department of Community Affairs](#) has confirmed that technical evaluation reports, from any accredited entity listed by [ANAB](#), meets the requirements of item the previous paragraph, given that the listed entities are no longer in existence and/or do not provide *"reports of engineering findings."*
- 1.9 **Approved by the Code of Federal Regulations Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards:** Pursuant to Title 24, Subtitle B, Chapter XX, [Part 3282.14](#)^{xliv} and [Part 3280](#),^{xlv} the Department encourages innovation and the use of new technology in manufactured homes. The design and construction of a manufactured home shall conform to the provisions of Part 3282 and Part 3280 where key approval provisions in mandatory language follow:
 - 1.9.1 *"All construction methods shall be in conformance with accepted engineering practices."*
 - 1.9.2 *"The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur."*
 - 1.9.3 *"The design stresses of all materials shall conform to accepted engineering practice."*



- 1.10 **Approval by US, Local and State Jurisdictions in General:** In all other local and state jurisdictions, the adopted building code legislation states in pertinent part that:
- 1.10.1 For new materials that are not specifically provided for in this code, the design strengths and permissible stresses shall be established by tests.^{xlvi}
 - 1.10.2 For innovative alternatives and/or methods of construction, the building official shall accept Duly Authenticated Reports from approved agencies with respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies.^{xlvii}
 - 1.10.2.1 An approved agency is “approved” when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is in the ANAB directory.
 - 1.10.2.2 An approved source is “approved” when an RDP is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the state legislature via its professional engineering regulations.^{xlviii}
 - 1.10.3 The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material...shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice performed by an approved source.^{xlix}
- 1.11 **Approval by International Jurisdictions:** The USMCA and GATT agreements provide for approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction through the Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade and the IAF Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (MLA), where these agreements:
- 1.11.1 State that conformity assessment procedures (i.e., ISO/IEC 17020, 17025, 17065, etc.) are prepared, adopted, and applied so as to grant access for suppliers of like products originating in the territories of other Members under conditions no less favourable than those accorded to suppliers of like products of national origin or originating in any other country, in a comparable situation.
 - 1.11.2 **Approved:** The purpose of the MLA is to ensure mutual recognition of accredited certification and validation/verification statements between signatories to the MLA and subsequently, acceptance of accredited certification and validation/verification statements in many markets based on one accreditation for the timely approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction.
 - 1.11.3 ANAB is an IAF-MLA signatory where recognition of certificates, validation, and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA, with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.ⁱ
 - 1.11.4 Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 Duly Authenticated Reports are approval equivalent.ⁱⁱ
- 1.12 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.ⁱⁱⁱ



Notes

- i For more information, visit djrcertification.org or call us at 608-310-6748.
- ii <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1702>
- iii Alternative Materials, Design and Methods of Construction and Equipment: The provisions of any regulation code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by a regulation. Please review <https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission> and <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.11>
- iv <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706>:-:text=the%20design%20strengths%20and%20permissible%20stresses%20shall%20be%20established%20by%20tests%20as
- v The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice. <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706>:-:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice
- vi <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>:-:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies
- vii <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4.2>
- viii https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved_agency
- ix https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved_source
- x <https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832> (b) Any organization that commits any offense described in subsection (a) shall be fined not more than the greater of \$5,000,000 or 3 times the value of the stolen trade secret to the organization, including expenses for research and design and other costs of reproducing the trade secret that the organization has thereby avoided. The federal government and each state have a public records act. To follow DTSA and comply state public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification bodies or approved sources. For more information, please review this website: [Intellectual Property and Trade Secrets](https://www.intellectualpropertyandtradesecrets.com/).
- xi <https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional> AND <https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineering-boards-in-each-state-archive/>
- xii <https://www.cbiteest.com/accreditation/>
- xiii <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104>:-:text=to%20enforce%20the%20provisions%20of%20this%20code
- xiv <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.11>:-:text=Where%20the%20alternative%20material%2C%20design%20or%20method%20of%20construction%20is%20not%20approved%2C%20the%20building%20official%20shall%20respond%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20why%20the%20alternative%20was%20not%20approved AND <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#105.3.1>:-:text=If%20the%20application%20or%20the%20construction%20documents%20do%20not%20conform%20to%20the%20requirements%20of%20pertinent%20laws%2C%20the%20building%20official%20shall%20reject%20such%20application%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20therefore
- xv <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>:-:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies%20in%20respect%20to%20the%20quality%20and%20manner%20of%20use%20of%20new%20materials%20or%20assemblies%20as%20provided%20for%20in%20Section%20104.11
- xvi <https://iaf.eu/en/about-iaf-mia/#>:-:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessment%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope
- xvii True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- xviii <https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law> AND <https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission>
- xix Unless otherwise noted, all references in this Listing are from the 2021 version of the codes and the standards referenced therein. This material, product, design, service and/or method of construction also complies with the 2000-2021 versions of the referenced codes and the standards referenced therein.
- xx <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#p-3280.2> (Listed%20or%20certified); <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#listed> AND <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#labeled>
- xxi <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4>
- xxii <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#>:-:text=All%20construction%20methods%20shall%20be%20in%20conformance%20with%20accepted%20engineering%20practices%20to%20insure%20durable%2C%20livable%2C%20and%20safe%20housing%20and%20shall%20demonstrate%20acceptable%20workmanship%20reflecting%20journeyman%20quality%20of%20work%20of%20the%20various%20trades
- xxiii <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#>:-:text=The%20strength%20and%20rigidity%20of%20the%20component%20parts%20and/or%20the%20integrated%20structure%20shall%20be%20determined%20by%20engineering%20analysis%20or%20by%20suitable%20load%20tests%20to%20simulate%20the%20actual%20loads%20and%20conditions%20of%20application%20that%20occur
- xxiv Wood structural panel sheathing with a thickness not less than 3/8" (9.5 mm) for 16" (406 mm) or 24" (610 mm) stud spacing in accordance with Table 2308.6.3(2) and 2308.6.3(3).
- xxv Qualification is performed by a legislatively defined Accreditation Body. ANSI National Accreditation Board (ANAB) is the largest independent accreditation body in North America and provides services in more than 75 countries. DrJ is an ANAB accredited product certification body.
- xxvi See Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 24 Subtitle B Chapter XX Part 3280 for definition.
- xxvii 2018 IFC Section 104.9
- xxviii Approved is an adjective that modifies the noun after it. For example, Approved Agency means that the Agency is accepted officially as being suitable in a particular situation. This example conforms to IBC/IRC/IFC Section 201.4 where the building code authorizes sentences to have an ordinarily accepted meaning such as the context implies.
- xxix <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>



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- xxx Multilateral approval is true for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
 - xxxi <http://www.drjengineering.org/AppendixC> AND <https://www.drjcertification.org/comell-2016-protection-trade-secrets>
 - xxxii <https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=imprisoned%20not%20more%20than%2010%20years>
 - xxxiii <https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=Any%20organization%20that,has%20thereby%20avoided>
 - xxxiv <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706.2>
 - xxxv IBC 2021, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards
 - xxxvi IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General
 - xxxvii See Section 11 for the distilled building code definition of **Approved**
 - xxxviii [Los Angeles Municipal Code, SEC. 98.0503. TESTING AGENCIES](#)
 - xxxix <https://up.codes/viewer/california/ca-building-code-2022/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>
 - xl [New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies](#)
 - xli [New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies](#)
 - xlii <https://up.codes/viewer/new-jersey/ibc-2018/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>
 - xliii <https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/codes/codreg/ucc.html>
 - xliv <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3282/subpart-A/section-3282.14>
 - xlv <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280>
 - xlvi IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, 1706.2 New Materials. Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.2.
 - xlvi IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General. Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1707.1.
 - xlvi <https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional> AND <https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineering-boards-in-each-state-archive/>
 - xlix IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.1.
 - l <https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-mla/#:~:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessment%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope>
 - li True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
 - lii <https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law> AND <https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission>