



Listing and Technical Evaluation Report™

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Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, Defend-R CI Foil (286), Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) and Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Air Barrier Water-Resistive Barrier and Fire Performance in Exterior and Interior Walls of Buildings of Type I-V Construction

Trade Secret Report Holder:

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CSI Designations:

DIVISION: 07 00 00 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION Section: 07 21 00 - Thermal Insulation Section: 07 27 23 - Board Product Air Barriers

Section: 07 48 00 - Exterior Wall Assemblies

1 Innovative Products Evaluated¹

- 1.1 Defend-R CI Products:
 - 1.1.1 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A)
 - 1.1.2 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS
 - 1.1.3 Defend-R CI Foil (286)
 - 1.1.4 Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A)
 - 1.1.5 Defend-R CI Ply (Class A)

2 Product Description and Materials

- 2.1 Defend-R CI Products are proprietary Foam Plastic Insulating Sheathing (FPIS) products.
 - 2.1.1 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) is a composite board consisting of an ASTM E84 Class A closed cell polyisocyanurate insulation foam core with a 15 mil reinforced foil facer adhered on both sides.
 - 2.1.2 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS is a composite board consisting of an ASTM E84 Class A closed cell polyisocyanurate insulation foam core with increased fire-retardant adhered with an impermeable, tri-laminate foil facers on both sides.
 - 2.1.3 Defend-R CI Foil (286) is a composite board consisting of an ASTM E84 Class A closed cell polyisocyanurate insulation foam core with a 15 mil glass fiber reinforced foil facer adhered on both sides.





- 2.1.4 Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) is a composite board consisting of an ASTM E84 Class A closed cell polyisocyanurate insulation board adhered to coated glass facers.
- 2.1.5 Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) is a composite board consisting of an ASTM E84 Class A closed cell polyisocyanurate insulation board bonded to a ⁵/₈" or ³/₄" APA-TECO Exposure 1, fire-treated plywood on one side and a coated glass facer on the other.
- 2.2 Application examples of some of the innovative products evaluated in this report are shown in **Figure 1**.



Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A)



Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286)



Defend-R CI Foil (Class A)



Defend-R CI Ply (Class A)

Figure 1. Application Examples of Defend-R CI Products

- 2.3 The foam core of Defend-R CI Products is manufactured in accordance with ASTM C1289.
 - 2.3.1 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) is ASTM C1289 Type I, Grade 2 or Grade 3 compliant.
 - 2.3.2 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS is ASTM C1289 Type I, Class 1 and Class 2, Grade 3 compliant.
 - 2.3.3 Defend-R CI Foil (286) is ASTM C1289 Type I, Class 2, Grade 2 or Grade 3 compliant.
 - 2.3.4 Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) is ASTM C1289 Type II, Class 2 Grade 3 compliant.
 - 2.3.5 Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) is ASTM C1289 Type V compliant with Type II, Class 2 foam.





- 2.4 Material Availability
 - 2.4.1 Thickness:
 - 2.4.1.1 Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) and Defend-R CI Foil (286):
 - 2.4.1.1.1 From 1" (25.4 mm) through 4" (102 mm).
 - 2.4.1.2 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS:
 - 2.4.1.2.1 Available in thicknesses from 1" (25.4 mm) through 3" (76 mm).
 - 2.4.1.3 Defend-R CI Ply (Class A):
 - 2.4.1.3.1 Either a ⁵/₈" or a ³/₄" fire treated plywood with 1" (25.4 mm) through 4" (102 mm) coated glass polyiso:
 - 2.4.1.3.1.1 Total thickness with ⁵/₈" substrate: 1.6" (41 mm) through 4.6" (117 mm)
 - 2.4.1.3.1.2 Total thickness with ³/₄" substrate: 1.7" (43 mm) through 4.7" (119 mm)
 - 2.4.2 Standard Product Width:
 - 2.4.2.1 48" (1,219 mm)
 - 2.4.3 Standard Length:
 - 2.4.3.1 Defend-R CI Ply (Class A):
 - 2.4.3.1.1 96" (2,438 mm)
 - 2.4.3.2 Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286):
 - 2.4.3.2.1 96" (2,438 mm)
 - 2.4.3.2.2 120" (3,048 mm)
 - 2.4.3.2.3 144" (3,658 mm)

2.4.4 Custom widths, lengths and thicknesses are available upon request.

2.5 As needed, review material properties for design in **Section 6** and to regulatory evaluation in **Section 8**.

3 Definitions

- 3.1 <u>New Materials</u>² are defined as building materials, equipment, appliances, systems, or methods of construction not provided for by prescriptive and/or legislatively adopted regulations, known as alternative materials.³ The <u>design strengths</u> and permissible stresses shall be established by tests⁴ and/or engineering analysis.⁵
- 3.2 <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u>⁶ and <u>Research Reports</u>⁷ are test reports and related engineering evaluations, which are written by an <u>approved agency</u>⁸ and/or an <u>approved source</u>.⁹
 - 3.2.1 These reports contain intellectual property and/or trade secrets, which are protected by the <u>Defend Trade</u> <u>Secrets Act</u> (DTSA).¹⁰
- 3.3 An <u>approved agency</u> is *"approved"* when it is <u>ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited</u>. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is listed in the <u>ANAB directory</u>.
- 3.4 An <u>approved source</u> is *"approved"* when a professional engineer (i.e., <u>Registered Design Professional</u>) is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the <u>state legislature</u> via its professional engineering regulations.¹¹
- 3.5 Testing and/or inspections conducted for this <u>Duly Authenticated Report</u> were performed by an <u>ISO/IEC 17025</u> accredited testing laboratory, an <u>ISO/IEC 17020</u> accredited inspection body, and/or a licensed <u>Registered</u> <u>Design Professional</u> (RDP).
 - 3.5.1 The <u>Center for Building Innovation</u> (CBI) is <u>ANAB¹² ISO/IEC 17025</u> and <u>ISO/IEC 17020</u> accredited.





- 3.6 The regulatory authority shall <u>enforce</u>¹³ the specific provisions of each legislatively adopted regulation. If there is a non-conformance, the specific regulatory section and language of the non-conformance shall be provided in <u>writing</u>¹⁴ stating the nonconformance and the path to its cure.
- 3.7 The regulatory authority shall accept <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> from an <u>approved agency</u> and/or an <u>approved</u> <u>source</u> with respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in regulations regarding the use of alternative materials, designs, or methods of construction.¹⁵
- 3.8 ANAB is an <u>International Accreditation Forum</u> (IAF) <u>Multilateral Recognition Arrangement</u> (MLA) signatory where recognition of certificates, validation, and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.¹⁶ Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> are approval equivalent.¹⁷
- 3.9 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.¹⁸

4 Applicable Standards for the Listing; Regulations for the Regulatory Evaluation¹⁹

- 4.1 Standards
 - 4.1.1 ASTM C1289: Standard Specification for Faced Rigid Cellular Polyisocyanurate Thermal Insulation Board
 - 4.1.2 ASTM E84: Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
 - 4.1.3 ASTM E96: Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
 - 4.1.4 ASTM E119: Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials
 - 4.1.5 ASTM E136: Standard Test Method for Assessing Combustibility of Materials Using a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750°C
 - 4.1.6 ASTM E331: Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference
 - 4.1.7 ASTM E1354: Standard Test Method for Heat and Visible Smoke Release Rates for Materials and Products Using an Oxygen Consumption Calorimeter
 - 4.1.8 ASTM E2178: Standard Test Method for Air Permeance of Building Materials
 - 4.1.9 ASTM E2357: Standard Test Method for Determining Air Leakage Rate of Air Barrier Assemblies
 - 4.1.10 NFPA 259: Standard Test Method for Potential Heat of Building Materials
 - 4.1.11 NFPA 285-19: Standard Fire Test Method for the Evaluation of Fire Propagation Characteristics of Exterior Nonload-bearing Wall Assemblies Containing Combustible Components
 - 4.1.12 NFPA 286: Standard Methods of Fire Test for Evaluating Contribution of Wall and Ceiling Interior Finish to Room Fire Growth
 - 4.1.13 UL 263: Standard for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials
 - 4.1.14 UL 723: Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
 - 4.1.15 UL 1715: Fire Test of Interior Finish Material
- 4.2 Regulations
 - 4.2.1 *IBC 15, 18, 21: International Building Code*®
 - 4.2.2 IRC 15, 18, 21: International Residential Code®
 - 4.2.3 IECC 15, 18, 21: International Energy Conservation Code®





5 Listed²⁰

5.1 Equipment, materials, products or services included in a List published by a <u>nationally recognized testing</u> <u>laboratory</u> (i.e., CBI), <u>approved agency</u> (i.e., CBI and DrJ), and/or <u>approved source</u> (i.e., DrJ) or other organization concerned with product evaluation (i.e., DrJ) that maintains periodic inspection (i.e., CBI) of production of listed equipment or materials, and whose listing states either that the equipment or material meets nationally recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for use in a specified manner.

6 Tabulated Properties Generated from Nationally Recognized Standards

- 6.1 General
 - 6.1.1 Defend-R CI Products are FPIS products complying with IBC Section 2603 and IRC Section R316.
 - 6.1.2 Defend-R CI Products are used in exterior walls of buildings of any height and of Type I-V construction in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.5</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.5.12</u>.
 - 6.1.3 Environmental Product Declarations (EPD) for Defend-R CI Products are available at <u>www.polyiso.org</u>.
 - 6.1.4 Where the application exceeds the limitations set forth herein, design shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering procedures, experience and technical judgment.
- 6.2 Vapor-Retarding Insulated Sheathing
 - 6.2.1 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, and Defend-R CI Foil (286) were evaluated in accordance with ASTM E96, Method B (water method) as specified in <u>IBC Section 1404.3</u> and <u>IRC Section R702.7</u>.
 - 6.2.1.1 Water vapor permeance of Defend-R CI Products are as shown in **Table 1**.
 - 6.2.2 Per <u>IBC Section 1404.3</u> and <u>IRC Section R702.7</u>, a vapor retarder should be provided on the interior side of frame walls in accordance with the climate zone and the specifics laid out in <u>IBC Table 1404.3(2)</u>, <u>IBC Table 1404.3(3)</u>, <u>IRC Table R702.7(2)</u> and <u>IRC Table R702.7(3)</u>.
 - 6.2.2.1 Exceptions are made for basement walls, the below-grade portion of any wall and construction where accumulation, condensation or freezing of moisture will not damage the materials.

Product	ASTM E96 B (Water Method)	Classification	
Defend-R CI Foil (Class A)			
Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS	≤ 0.1 perms	Class I	
Defend-R CI Foil (286)			
SI: 1 perm = 57.78 ng/(Pa⋅s⋅m²) 1. Results for 1" thickness board			

Table 1. Water Vapor Permeance¹

6.3 Air Barrier

- 6.3.1 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, Defend-R CI Foil (286) and Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) meet the requirements of <u>IECC Section C402.5.1.4</u>²¹ for use as part of an air barrier assembly when installed in accordance with the manufacturer installation instructions, this report and with all seams (including the top and bottom edges) taped. See **Table 2**.
 - 6.3.1.1 As an alternative to the tape specified in **Section 6.3.1**, Defend-R CI Foil (286) sheathing joints and penetrations are permitted to be sealed with Hunter Panels Xci BarriBond Liquid Flashing and Detail Sealant.





Table 2. Air Barrier Performance

Product	ASTM E2178	ASTM E2357	
Defend-R CI Foil (Class A)			
Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS	≤0.00012 L/(s.m²) @ 75 Pa [0.000024 cfm/ft² @ 1.57 psf]	≤ 0.020 L/(s.m²) @ 75 Pa [0.0004 cfm/ft² @ 1.57 psf] ^{1, 2}	
Defend-R CI Foil (286)			
Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A)			
 All seams and joints between boards shall be covered by 4" wide Carlisle® Coatings & Waterproofing Foil-Grip™ 1402 pressure sensitive foil-faced flashing tape. All fenestrations and penetrations shall be sealed with 9" wide Carlisle® Coatings & Waterproofing Aluma-Grip™ 701 foil-faced self-adhering flashing tape with the top of the flashing sealed with a butyl-based sealant. 			

6.4 Water-Resistive Barrier (WRB)

- 6.4.1 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), and Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS are approved for use as a WRB as prescribed in <u>IBC Section 1403.2</u>²² and <u>IRC Section R703.2</u>²³ when installed on exterior walls as described in this section.
- 6.4.2 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), and Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS shall be installed horizontally or vertically with board joints placed directly over exterior framing spaced a maximum of 24" (610 mm) o.c. The fasteners used to attach the board shall be installed in accordance with **Section 9**.
- 6.4.3 All seams and joints between boards shall be covered by 4" wide Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing Foil Grip 1402 pressure sensitive foil-faced flashing tape.
- 6.4.4 A separate WRB may also be provided. If a separate WRB method is used, taping of the sheathing joints is not required.
- 6.4.5 Flashing of penetrations is required and shall comply with the applicable code.

6.5 Fire Safety Performance

- 6.5.1 Surface Burning Characteristics:
 - 6.5.1.1 Defend-R CI Products were evaluated to assess performance with regard to flame spread and smoke-developed index in accordance with ASTM E84 as shown in **Table 3**.

Product Name	Flame Spread Index	Smoke-Developed Index	Classification
Defend-R CI Foil (Class A)			
Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS			
Defend-R CI Foil (286)	≤ 25	< 450	Class A
Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A)			
Defend-R CI Ply (Class A)			
1. Foam core tested in accordance with ASTM E84 (UL 723). Flame spread and smoke-developed indexes are shown for comparison purposes only and are not			

Table 3. Surface Burning Characteristics¹

1. Foam core tested in accordance with ASTM E84 (UL 723). Flame spread and smoke-developed indexes are shown for comparison purposes only and are not intended to represent the performance under actual fire conditions.





6.5.2 *Ignition:*

- 6.5.2.1 Defend-R CI Products were evaluated to assess performance with regard to ignition in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.5.7</u>.
- 6.5.2.2 Defend-R CI Products comply with this section when the exterior side of the sheathing is protected with one of the following materials:
 - 6.5.2.2.1 A thermal barrier complying with <u>IBC Section 2603.4</u>.
 - 6.5.2.2.2 A minimum 1" (25.4 mm) thickness of concrete or masonry.
 - 6.5.2.2.3 Glass fiber reinforced concrete panels with a minimum thickness of ³/₈" (9.5 mm).
 - 6.5.2.2.4 Metal faced panels having a minimum 0.019" (0.48 mm) thick aluminum or 0.016" (0.41 mm) thick corrosion resistant steel outer facings.
 - 6.5.2.2.5 A minimum ⁷/₈" (22.2 mm) thickness of stucco complying with <u>IBC Section 2510</u>.
 - 6.5.2.2.6 A minimum ¹/₄" (0.4 mm) thickness of fiber cement siding complying with <u>IBC Section 1404.16</u>²⁴ and <u>IBC Section 1404.16.1</u>,²⁵ or <u>IBC Section 1404.16.2</u>.²⁶

6.5.3 *Potential Heat:*

6.5.3.1 Defend-R CI Products were evaluated in accordance with NFPA 259 to assess the potential heat generated by the FPIS in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.5.3</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.5.7</u>, as shown in **Table 4**.

Table 4. Potential Heat

Product	Potential Heat (Btu/lb) ¹
Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A)	11,503
Defend-R CI Ply (Class A)	11,503
Defend-R CI Foil (Class A)	11,587
Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS	11,587
Defend-R CI Foil (286)	11,587
SI: 1 Btu/lb. = 0.0023 MJ/kg 1. Tested in accordance with NFPA 259.	

6.5.4 Vertical and Lateral Fire Propagation:

- 6.5.4.1 Defend-R CI Products were evaluated to assess their performance with regard to vertical and lateral fire propagation in accordance with NFPA 285 and <u>2018 IBC Section 2603.5.5</u>.
- 6.5.4.2 Engineering analysis has also been conducted to assess substitution of other products within the approved wall assemblies.
- 6.5.4.3 The wall assemblies listed in **Appendix B** are approved for use in buildings of Type I-IV construction.
 - 6.5.4.3.1 For building codes based on 2018 IBC or earlier, **Appendix C** may be used instead of **Appendix B** throughout the rest of this document.





- 6.5.5 Special Approval:
 - 6.5.5.1 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286), up to 3¹/₂" (89 mm) thick, have been evaluated for use as a thermal barrier on walls only or ceilings only, to NFPA 286 in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.9</u> and <u>IRC Section 316.6</u>, and met the criteria of <u>IBC Section 803.1.1</u>.²⁷ Therefore, Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) require no thermal barrier or ignition barrier protection.
 - 6.5.5.2 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286), up to 3¹/₂" (89 mm) thick, have been evaluated for use as an ignition barrier on walls and/or ceilings in attics and crawl spaces to NFPA 286 in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.9</u> and <u>IRC Section 316.6</u>, and met the criteria of <u>IBC Section 803.1.1</u>.²⁸ Therefore, Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) require no ignition barrier protection in attics and crawl spaces.
 - 6.5.5.3 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286), up to 8" (203 mm) thick, have been evaluated to UL 1715 in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.9</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.6</u>, and met the requirements of the standard. Therefore, Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286), up to 8" thick are approved for use on ceilings and floors without a thermal barrier.
 - 6.5.5.4 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, and Defend-R Foil (286) are not recommended for applications requiring an aesthetic or wear resistant surface.
- 6.6 Where the application falls outside of the performance evaluation, conditions of use and/or installation requirements set forth herein, alternative techniques shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering practice and experience. This includes but is not limited to the following areas of engineering: mechanics or materials, structural, building science, and fire science.

7 Certified Performance²⁹

- 7.1 All construction methods shall conform to accepted engineering practices to ensure durable, livable, and safe construction and shall demonstrate acceptable workmanship reflecting journeyman quality of work of the various trades.³⁰
- 7.2 The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.³¹

8 Regulatory Evaluation and Accepted Engineering Practice

- 8.1 Defend-R CI Products, as outlined in this report, comply with the following legislatively adopted regulations and/or accepted engineering practice for the following reasons:
 - 8.1.1 Performance for use in exterior walls of buildings of any height and of Type I-V construction in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.5</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.5.12</u>.
 - 8.1.2 Performance in accordance with ASTM E84 for flame spread and smoke-development index ratings are in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.5.4</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.3</u>.
 - 8.1.3 Performance for use without a thermal barrier in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.5.2</u> and <u>IRC Section</u> <u>R316.4</u>.
 - 8.1.4 Performance with regard to the potential heat generated by the FPIS in accordance with <u>IBC Section</u> <u>2603.5.3</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.4</u>.
 - 8.1.5 Performance with regard to vertical and lateral fire propagation in accordance with <u>2018 IBC Section</u> <u>2603.5.5</u>.
 - 8.1.6 Performance with regard to ignition in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.5.7</u>.

Report Number: 2403-06 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, Defend-R CI Foil (286), Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) and Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Air Barrier Water-Resistive Barrier and Fire Performance in Exterior and Interior Walls of Buildings of Type I-V Construction Confidential Intellectual Property Is protected by Defend Trade Secrets Act 2016, ©DrJ Engineering, LLC





- 8.1.7 Performance for use in exterior walls of buildings as a WRB in accordance with <u>IBC Section 1403.2</u> and <u>IRC Section R703.2</u>.
- 8.1.8 Performance for use in exterior walls of buildings as Continuous Insulation (ci) in accordance with <u>IECC</u> <u>Section C402.1.3</u>.
- 8.1.9 Performance in exterior walls of buildings as vapor retarding FPIS in accordance with <u>IBC Section 1404.3</u> and <u>IRC Section R702.7</u>.
- 8.1.10 Performance for use in exterior walls of buildings as an air barrier in accordance with <u>IECC Section</u> <u>C402.5.1</u>.
- 8.1.11 Other structural requirements in accordance with <u>IBC Chapter 16</u> are outside the scope of this report.
- 8.2 Any building code, regulation, and/or accepted engineering evaluations (i.e., research reports, <u>Duly</u> <u>Authenticated Reports</u>, etc.) that are conducted for this Listing were performed by DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ), an <u>ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification body</u> and a professional engineering company operated by <u>RDP/approved sources</u>. DrJ is qualified³² to practice product and regulatory compliance services within its scope of accreditation and engineering expertise, respectively.
- 8.3 Engineering evaluations are conducted with DrJ's ANAB <u>accredited ICS code scope</u> of expertise, which are also its areas of professional engineering competence.
- 8.4 Any regulation specific issues not addressed in this section are outside the scope of this report.

9 Installation

- 9.1 Installation shall comply with the approved construction documents, the manufacturer installation instructions, this report and the applicable building code.
- 9.2 In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer installation instructions and this report, the more restrictive shall govern.
- 9.3 Installation Procedure
 - 9.3.1 Protect surrounding areas and surfaces from damage.
 - 9.3.2 If wall assembly design calls for WRB installed over the base wall, ensure that the WRB is one of those identified in **Table 11** in **Appendix B**, and that the WRB is installed correctly and in good condition before covering with FPIS.
 - 9.3.3 For installation of FPIS on interior, over air/water resistive barrier on base wall: ensure that the WRB is one of those identified in **Table 11** in **Appendix B**, and that the WRB is installed correctly and in good condition before covering with FPIS.
 - 9.3.4 FPIS shall not be applied over walls while they are vulnerable to water intrusion from above or behind.
 - 9.3.5 Do not block flashing, weeps or other drainage paths with FPIS.
 - 9.3.6 Do not span expansion joints with FPIS.
 - 9.3.7 During installation, take precautions to minimize moisture intrusion behind insulation.
 - 9.3.8 Beginning at the base of the wall, apply horizontally using maximum board lengths to minimize number of joints.
 - 9.3.9 Offset FPIS board joints in neighboring rows a minimum of 6". Do not form four-corner intersections.
 - 9.3.10 Form a "corner lock" pattern by staggering vertical joints at inside and outside corners.
 - 9.3.11 FPIS may be applied vertically, as required.
 - 9.3.12 Pre-cut FPIS to fit openings and penetrations.
 - 9.3.13 Cut with a knife using a square to guide the cut, or use a table saw.





- 9.3.14 Abut all joints tightly and ensure an overall flush, level surface.
- 9.3.15 Mechanically fasten using the fastening pattern as indicated.
 - 9.3.15.1 Space fasteners 12" o.c (305 mm) at the perimeter and 16" o.c. (406 mm) in the field.
 - 9.3.15.2 Set back perimeter fasteners 3/8" (9.5 mm) from board edges.
 - 9.3.15.3 Note for Exterior Application: Where Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) and Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS are installed by the same trade as the cladding, or in close cooperation with that trade, cladding attachment hardware can supplement or replace the insulation fasteners and insulation adhesive. Cladding fasteners fulfilling the Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) and Defend-R CI Foil (286) attachment function shall be designed for this function. If the cladding attachment is 16" o.c. (406 mm) or closer and it tightly secures the insulation, no additional fastening or adhesive is required.
 - 9.3.15.4 Note for Interior Application: Where Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, and Defend-R CI Foil (286) are installed by the same trade as the interior drywall, or in close cooperation with that trade, drywall attachment hardware can supplement or replace the insulation fasteners and insulation adhesive. Drywall fasteners fulfilling the Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) and Defend-R CI Foil (286) attachment function shall be designed for this function. If the drywall attachment is 16" o.c. (406 mm) or closer and it tightly secures the insulation, no additional fastening or adhesive is required.
- 9.3.16 When an approved adhesive is used, periodically verify adhesion. Properly installed adhesively applied Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, and Defend-R CI Foil (286) will cohesively break the adhesive while still wet and destroy the substrate when dry.
 - 9.3.16.1 Consult the detailed manufacturer installation instructions for the proper adhesive pattern to maintain the drainage plane.
 - 9.3.16.2 When used in a NFPA 285 approved assembly, adhesives must be one of those listed in the tables found in **Appendix B**.
- 9.3.17 Fill gaps greater than ¹/₈" (3 mm) between FPIS boards with expanding spray foam or butter edge of board with approved sealant and strike flush. Expanding spray foam may also be applied onto the FPIS board edges during installation.
- 9.3.18 Verify all materials are installed in accordance with current Drexel Metals, Inc. published literature and local code requirements.
- 9.3.19 Additional information on the installation and detailing of Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) can be found at <u>www.drexmet.com</u>.
- 9.4 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) as an Air and Water-Resistive Barrier
 - 9.4.1 When used in a NFPA 285 approved assembly as an air/water resistive barrier, see also **Section 6.3** and **Table 11** in **Appendix B**.
 - 9.4.2 When used in a NFPA 285 approved assembly as a WRB, see also **Section 6.4** and **Table 11** in **Appendix B**, with all notes.
 - 9.4.3 Use minimum 1" (25.4 mm) thickness Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) and Defend-R CI Foil (286).
 - 9.4.4 Install directly over wood or steel studs or over exterior sheathing fastened to wood or steel studs.





- 9.4.5 Fasten Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) boards with corrosion-resistant screws or HeckMann[™] Pos-I-Tie®, either fitted with Thermal-Grip CI plastic washers by Rodenhouse or equivalent. Space fasteners 16" o.c. (406 mm) in the field and 12" o.c. (305 mm) at the perimeter.
 - 9.4.5.1 Other fastening used shall be installed 16" o.c. (406 mm) in the field and 12" o.c. (305 mm) at the perimeter. Other fastening shall be verified as air and watertight through ASTM E2357 and ASTM E331 testing, or it shall be sealed with caulk or flashing tape.
- 9.4.6 Tape over board joints with 4" (102 mm) width Aluma-GRIP 1402 tape by Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing (CCW).
- 9.4.7 Cover inside and outside corners with Aluma-GRIP 701 by CCW. Aluma-GRIP 701 shall bear 3" (76 mm) minimum onto each side of angle.
- 9.4.8 Wrap window openings with Aluma-GRIP 701. Aluma-GRIP 701 shall wrap at least 3" (76 mm) onto wall and shall return far enough into the window opening to provide a continuous air/water seal to window frame.
- 9.4.9 Flash pipe and duct penetrations through Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) with Aluma-GRIP 701.
- 9.4.10 Consult Drexel Metals, Inc. details and instructions for complete information about installation of Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) and Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS as an air and water-resistive barrier.

9.5 Defend-R CI Ply (Class A)

- 9.5.1 Refer to the manufacturer installation instructions and this report for complete details and requirements.
- 9.5.2 Provide separation of the edge of Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) from concrete at grade with pressure-treated lumber sill plate, sill gasket or non-permeable flashing material.
- 9.5.3 Begin at base of wall from firm, permanent support.
- 9.5.4 Fasten Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) with proper fasteners and spacing to accommodate design. Fasten Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) to the structure using SIP fasteners or similar hardware driven into steel studs, wood studs, concrete or CMU substrate. Fastening shall be approved by a structural engineer, as the fastening must be sufficient to support both the weight of the Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) and the weight of the cladding for the project conditions.
- 9.5.5 Allow a minimum ¹/₈" (3.2 mm) and a maximum ¹/₄" (6.4 mm) gap between Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) boards to accommodate hydric movement of wood. Fasten boards tightly to provide a flush, level surface.
- 9.5.6 Apply WRB over plywood side of Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) according to WRB manufacturer instructions.

10 Substantiating Data

- 10.1 Testing has been performed under the supervision of a professional engineer and/or under the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 as follows:
 - 10.1.1 Flame spread and smoke developed rating testing in accordance with ASTM E84
 - 10.1.2 Fire performance criteria testing in accordance with NFPA 285
 - 10.1.3 Fire performance criteria testing in accordance with NFPA 286
 - 10.1.4 Fire performance criteria testing in accordance with UL 1715
 - 10.1.5 Potential heat testing in accordance with NFPA 259
 - 10.1.6 Air barrier material testing in accordance with ASTM E2178
 - 10.1.7 Air barrier assembly testing in accordance with ASTM E2357





- 10.1.8 Vapor impermeability testing in accordance with ASTM E96 Method B
- 10.1.9 Water-resistive barrier testing in accordance with ASTM E331
- 10.2 Engineering analysis comparing the fire resistance properties of Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, and Defend-R CI (286) from an approved source.
- 10.3 Engineering analysis assessing the substitution of products within the approved NFPA 285 tested wall assemblies from an approved source.
- 10.4 Engineering analysis comparing the fire resistance properties of Defend-R CI Foil, Defend-R CI Foil Plus, Defend-R CI Coated Glass and Defend-R CI Ply from an approved source.
- 10.5 Engineering analysis assessing the substitution of products within the approved NFPA 285 tested wall assemblies from an approved source.
- 10.6 Information contained herein may include the result of testing and/or data analysis by sources that are <u>approved agencies</u>, <u>approved sources</u>, and/or <u>RDP</u>s. Accuracy of external test data and resulting analysis is relied upon.
- 10.7 Where pertinent, testing and/or engineering analysis are based upon provisions that have been codified into law through state or local adoption of regulations and standards. The developers of these regulations and standards are responsible for the reliability of published content. DrJ's engineering practice may use a regulation-adopted provision as the control. A regulation-endorsed control versus a simulation of the conditions of application to occur establishes a new material as <u>being equivalent</u> to the regulatory provision in terms of quality, <u>strength</u>, effectiveness, <u>fire resistance</u>, durability, and safety.
- 10.8 The accuracy of the provisions provided herein may be reliant upon the published properties of raw materials, which are defined by the grade mark, grade stamp, mill certificate, or <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> and/or <u>approved sources</u> provided by the supplier. These are presumed to be minimum properties and relied upon to be accurate. The reliability of DrJ's engineering practice, as contained in this <u>Duly Authenticated Report</u>, may be dependent upon published design properties by others.
- 10.9 Testing and engineering analysis: The strength, rigidity, and/or general performance of component parts and/or the integrated structure are determined by suitable tests that simulate the actual conditions of application that occur and/or by accepted engineering practice and experience.³³
- 10.10 Where additional condition of use and/or regulatory compliance information is required, please search for Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, Defend-R CI Foil (286), Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) or Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) on the DrJ Certification website.

11 Findings

- 11.1 As outlined in **Section 6**, Defend-R CI Products have performance characteristics that were tested and/or meet applicable regulations and are suitable for use pursuant to its specified purpose.
- 11.2 When used and installed in accordance with this <u>Duly Authenticated Report</u> and the manufacturer installation instructions, Defend-R CI Products shall be approved for the following applications:
 - 11.2.1 Defend-R CI Products are approved for use in exterior walls of buildings of any height of Type I-V construction in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.5</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.5.12</u>.
 - 11.2.2 Defend-R CI Products are approved for use in wall assemblies meeting the requirements of NFPA 285 testing when constructed in accordance with the tables in **Appendix B**.
 - 11.2.3 Defend-R CI Products described in this report comply with or are a suitable alternative to, the applicable sections of the codes listed in **Section 4**.





- 11.2.4 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286), up to 3¹/₂" (89 mm) thick, are approved as a thermal barrier on walls only or ceilings only to NFPA 286, in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.9</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.6</u>, and meet the criteria of <u>IBC Section 803.1.1</u>.
 - 11.2.4.1 Therefore, Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) may be left exposed and require no thermal barrier or ignition barrier protection.
- 11.2.5 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286), up to 3¹/₂" (89 mm) thick, are approved for use as an ignition barrier on walls and/or ceilings in attics and crawlspaces to NFPA 286 in accordance with <u>IBC Section 2603.9</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.6</u>, and meet the criteria of <u>IBC Section 803.1.1</u>.
 - 11.2.5.1 Therefore, Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) require no ignition barrier protection in attics and crawlspaces.
- 11.2.6 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) are approved for use in exterior walls of buildings as a WRB in accordance with <u>IBC Section 1403.2</u> and <u>IRC Section R703.2</u>, when constructed in accordance with **Table 11** in **Appendix B**.
- 11.2.7 Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) are approved for use in exterior walls of buildings as an air barrier in accordance with <u>IECC Section C402.5.1</u> when constructed in accordance with the tables in **Appendix B**.
- 11.3 Unless exempt by state statute, when Defend-R CI Products are to be used as a structural and/or building envelope component in the design of a specific building, the design shall be performed by an <u>RDP</u>.
- 11.4 Any application specific issues not addressed herein can be engineered by an <u>RDP</u>. Assistance with engineering is available from Drexel Metals, Inc.
- 11.5 <u>IBC Section 104.11 (IRC Section R104.11</u> and <u>IFC Section 104.10</u>³⁴ are similar) in pertinent part states:

104.11 Alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code. Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons the alternative was not approved.

- 11.6 Approved:³⁵ Building regulations require that the building official shall accept Duly Authenticated Reports.³⁶
 - 11.6.1 An approved agency is "approved" when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited.
 - 11.6.2 An <u>approved source</u> is *"approved"* when an <u>RDP</u> is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce.
 - 11.6.3 Federal law, <u>Title 18 US Code Section 242</u>, requires that where the alternative product, material, service, design, assembly, and/or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved. Denial without written reason deprives a protected right to free and fair competition in the marketplace.
- 11.7 DrJ is a licensed engineering company, employs licensed <u>RDP</u>s and is an <u>ANAB-Accredited Product</u> <u>Certification Body – Accreditation #1131</u>.
- 11.8 Through the <u>IAF Multilateral Agreements</u> (MLA), this <u>Duly Authenticated Report</u> can be used to obtain product approval in any <u>jurisdiction</u> or <u>country</u> because all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> are equivalent.³⁷





12 Conditions of Use

- 12.1 Material properties shall not fall outside the boundaries defined in **Section 6**.
- 12.2 As defined in **Section 6**, where material and/or engineering mechanics properties are created for load resisting design purposes, the resistance to the applied load shall not exceed the ability of the defined properties to resist those loads using the principles of accepted engineering practice.
- 12.3 As listed herein, Defend-R CI Products shall not be used:
 - 12.3.1 To resist lateral loads. Walls shall be braced by other materials in accordance with the applicable code. In addition, the exterior wall covering shall be capable of resisting the full design wind pressure.
- 12.4 This report and the installation instructions, when required by a code official, shall be submitted at the time of permit application.
- 12.5 When the insulation boards are used in assemblies requiring compliance with NFPA 285, and are installed on the exterior side of exterior walls, construction must be as described in **Appendix B**.
- 12.6 When the insulation boards are used in assemblies requiring compliance with NFPA 285, and are installed on the interior side of exterior walls, construction must be as described in **Table 10** in **Appendix B**.
- 12.7 Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) may be used as a nail base, provided cladding attachments are designed in accordance with <u>IRC Section R703.3.3</u> or an approved design. Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS and Defend-R CI Foil (286) shall not be used as a nail base.
- 12.8 When installed in areas where the probability of termite infestation is *"very heavy"*, the installation must meet the requirements of <u>IBC Section 2603.8</u> and <u>IRC Section R316.7</u>.
- 12.9 Defend-R CI Products are available in Montgomery, New York; Tooele, Utah; Terrell, Texas; Smithfield, Pennsylvania; Franklin Park, Illinois; Puyallup, Washington and Lake City, Florida. Defend-R CI Products are manufactured in Smithfield, Pennsylvania; Franklin Park, Illinois and Puyallup, Washington under a quality control program with quality control inspections in accordance with <u>IBC Section 110.3.10</u>³⁸ and <u>IBC Section 110.3.11</u>,³⁹ and <u>IRC Section R109.1.5</u>.
- 12.10 The wall assemblies listed in **Appendix B** are based on compliance to the fire provisions of the codes listed in **Section 4**. Consideration of wall assembly performance with regard to other attributes, such as water vapor control, condensation and energy code requirements, are outside the scope of this report.
- 12.11 When required by adopted legislation and enforced by the <u>building official</u>, also known as the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) in which the project is to be constructed:
 - 12.11.1 Any calculations incorporated into the construction documents shall conform to accepted engineering practice and, when prepared by an <u>approved source</u>, shall be approved when signed and sealed.
 - 12.11.2 This report and the installation instructions shall be submitted at the time of permit application.
 - 12.11.3 These innovative products have an internal quality control program and a third-party quality assurance program.
 - 12.11.4 At a minimum, these innovative products shall be installed per Section 9 of this report.
 - 12.11.5 The review of this report by the AHJ shall comply with IBC Section 104 and IBC Section 105.4.
 - 12.11.6 These innovative products have an internal quality control program and a third party quality assurance program in accordance with <u>IBC Section 104.4</u>, <u>IBC Section 110.4</u>, <u>IBC Section 1703</u>, <u>IRC Section R104.4</u>, and <u>IRC Section R109.2</u>.
 - 12.11.7 The application of these innovative products in the context of this report is dependent upon the accuracy of the construction documents, implementation of installation instructions, inspection as required by <u>IBC</u> <u>Section 110.3</u>, <u>IRC Section R109.2</u>, and any other regulatory requirements that may apply.





- 12.12 The approval of this report by the AHJ shall comply with <u>IBC Section 1707.1</u>, where legislation states in part, *"the <u>building official</u> shall accept duly authenticated reports from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of <u>use</u> of new material or assemblies as provided for in <u>Section 104.11</u>," all of <u>IBC Section 104</u>, and <u>IBC Section 105.4</u>.*
- 12.13 <u>Design loads</u> shall be determined in accordance with the regulations adopted by the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed and/or by the building designer (i.e., <u>owner</u> or <u>RDP</u>).
- 12.14 The actual design, suitability, and use of this report for any particular building, is the responsibility of the <u>owner</u> or the authorized agent of the owner.

13 Identification

- 13.1 The innovative products listed in **Section 1.1** are identified by a label on the board or packaging material bearing the manufacturer name, product name, this report number, and other information to confirm code compliance.
- 13.2 Additional technical information can be found at <u>www.drexmet.com</u>.

14 Review Schedule

- 14.1 This report is subject to periodic review and revision. For the latest version, visit <u>drjcertification.org</u>.
- 14.2 For information on the status of this report, please contact <u>DrJ Certification</u>.

15 Approved for Use Pursuant to U.S. and International Legislation Defined in Appendix A

15.1.1 Defend-R CI Products: Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, Defend-R CI Foil (286), Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) and Defend-R CI Ply (Class A), are included in this report published by an approved agency that is concerned with evaluation of products or services, maintains periodic inspection of the production of listed materials or periodic evaluation of services. This report states either that the material, product, or service meets recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose. This report meets the legislative intent and definition of being acceptable to the AHJ.





Appendix A

1 Legislation that Authorizes AHJ Approval

- 1.1 **Fair Competition**: <u>State legislatures</u> have adopted Federal regulations for the examination and approval of building code referenced and alternative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies and/or methods of construction that:
 - 1.1.1 Advance innovation
 - 1.1.2 Promote competition so all businesses have the opportunity to compete on price and quality in an open market on a level playing field unhampered by anticompetitive constraints
- 1.1.3 Benefit consumers through lower prices, better quality, and greater choice
- 1.2 **Adopted Legislation**: The following local, state, and federal regulations affirmatively authorize these innovative products to be approved by AHJs, delegates of building departments, and/or delegates of an agency of the federal government:
 - 1.2.1 Interstate commerce is governed by the <u>Federal Department of Justice</u> to encourage the use of innovative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction. The goal is to "*protect* economic freedom and opportunity by promoting free and fair competition in the marketplace."
 - 1.2.2 <u>Title 18 US Code Section 242</u> affirms and regulates the right of individuals and businesses to freely and fairly have new products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction approved for use in commerce. Disapproval of alternatives shall be based upon non-conformance with respect to specific provisions of adopted legislation and shall be provided in writing <u>stating the reasons why</u> the alternative was not approved, with reference to the specific legislation violated.
 - 1.2.3 The <u>federal government</u> and each state have a <u>public records act</u>. In addition, each state also has legislation that mimics the federal <u>Defend Trade Secrets Act 2016</u> (DTSA),⁴⁰ where providing test reports, engineering analysis and/or other related IP/TS is subject to <u>prison of not more than ten years</u>⁴¹ and/or a <u>\$5,000,000 fine or 3 times the value of</u>⁴² the Intellectual Property (IP) and Trade Secrets (TS).
 - 1.2.3.1 Compliance with public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through the use of Listings, certified reports, Technical Evaluation Reports, Duly Authenticated Reports, and/or research reports prepared by approved agencies and/or approved sources.
 - 1.2.4 For <u>new materials</u>⁴³ that are not specifically provided for in any regulation, the <u>design strengths and</u> <u>permissible stresses</u> shall be established by <u>tests</u>, where <u>suitable load tests simulate the actual loads and</u> <u>conditions of application that occur</u>.
 - 1.2.5 The <u>design strengths and permissible stresses</u> of any structural material shall <u>conform</u> to the specifications and methods of design using accepted engineering practice.⁴⁴
 - 1.2.6 The commerce of <u>approved sources</u> (i.e., registered PEs) is regulated by <u>professional engineering</u> <u>legislation</u>. Professional engineering <u>commerce shall always be approved</u> by AHJs, except where there is evidence provided in writing, that specific legislation have been violated by an individual registered PE.
 - 1.2.7 The AHJ shall accept <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in <u>IBC Section 104.11</u>.⁴⁵





- 1.3 Approved⁴⁶ by Los Angeles: The Los Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC) states in pertinent part that the provisions of LAMC are not intended to prevent the use of any material, device, or method of construction not specifically prescribed by LAMC. The Department shall use Part III, Recognized Standards in addition to Part II, Uniform Building Code Standards of <u>Division 35</u>, <u>Article 1</u>, <u>Chapter IX</u> of the LAMC in evaluation of products for approval where such standard exists for the product or the material and may use other approved standards that apply. Whenever tests or certificates of any material or fabricated assembly are required by <u>Chapter IX</u> of the LAMC, such tests or certification shall be made by a <u>testing agency</u> approved by the Superintendent of Building to conduct such tests or provide such certifications. The testing agency shall publish the scope and limitation(s) of the listed material or fabricated assembly.⁴⁷ The Superintendent of Building <u>Approved Testing Agency Roster</u> is provided by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS). The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) Certificate of Approval License is <u>TA24945</u>. Tests and certifications found in a <u>DrJ Listing</u> are LAMC approved. In addition, the Superintendent of Building shall accept <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the <u>California Building Code</u> (CBC) <u>Section 1707.1</u>.⁴⁸
- 1.4 Approved by Chicago: The Municipal Code of Chicago (MCC) states in pertinent part that an Approved Agency is a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) acting within its recognized scope and/or a certification body accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) acting within its accredited scope. Construction materials and test procedures shall conform to the applicable standards listed in the MCC. Sufficient technical data shall be submitted to the building official to substantiate the proposed use of any product, material, service, design, assembly, and/or method of construction not specifically provided for in the MCC. This technical data shall consist of research reports from approved sources (i.e., MCC defined Approved Agencies).
- 1.5 Approved by New York City: The 2022 NYC Building Code (NYCBC) states in part that an approved agency shall be deemed⁴⁹ an approved testing agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation</u>, an approved inspection agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17020 accreditation</u>, and an approved product evaluation agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17065 accreditation</u>. Accrediting agencies, other than federal agencies, must be members of an internationally recognized cooperation of laboratory and inspection accreditation bodies subject to a mutual recognition agreement⁵⁰ (i.e., <u>ANAB</u>, <u>International Accreditation Forum</u> [IAF], etc.).
- 1.6 **Approved by Florida**: <u>Statewide approval</u> of products, methods, or systems of construction shall be approved, without further evaluation by:
 - 1.6.1 A certification mark or listing of an approved certification agency,
 - 1.6.2 A test report from an approved testing laboratory,
 - 1.6.3 A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity, or
 - 1.6.4 A product evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in Florida.
 - 1.6.5 For local product approval, products or systems of construction shall demonstrate compliance with the structural wind load requirements of the Florida Building Code (FBC) through one of the following methods:
 - 1.6.5.1 A certification mark, listing or label from a commission-approved certification agency indicating that the product complies with the code,
 - 1.6.5.2 A test report from a commission-approved testing laboratory indicating that the product tested complies with the code,
 - 1.6.5.3 A product-evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from a commission-approved product evaluation entity which indicates that the product evaluated complies with the code,





- 1.6.5.4 A product-evaluation report or certification based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a Florida professional engineer or Florida registered architect, which indicates that the product complies with the code, or
- 1.6.5.5 A statewide product approval issued by the Florida Building Commission.
- 1.6.6 The <u>Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation</u> (DBPR) website provides a listing of companies certified as a <u>Product Evaluation Agency</u> (i.e., EVLMiami 13692), a <u>Product Certification</u> <u>Agency</u> (i.e., CER10642), and as a <u>Florida Registered Engineer</u> (i.e., ANE13741).
- 1.7 **Approved by Miami-Dade County (i.e., Notice of Acceptance [NOA])**: A Florida statewide approval is an NOA. An NOA is a Florida local product approval. By Florida law, Miami-Dade County shall accept the statewide and local Florida Product Approval as provided for in Florida legislation <u>553.842</u> and <u>553.8425</u>.
- 1.8 Approved by New Jersey: Pursuant to the 2018 Building Code of New Jersey in <u>IBC Section 1707.1</u> <u>General</u>,⁵¹ it states: "In the absence of approved rules or other approved standards, the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the administrative provisions of the Uniform Construction Code (<u>N.J.A.C. 5:23</u>)".⁵² Furthermore N.J.A.C 5:23-3.7 states: "Municipal approvals of alternative materials, equipment, or methods of construction."
 - 1.8.1 **Approvals**: Alternative materials, equipment, or methods of construction shall be approved by the appropriate subcode official provided the proposed design is satisfactory and that the materials, equipment, or methods of construction are suitable for the intended use and are at least the equivalent in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability, and safety of those conforming with the requirements of the regulations.
 - 1.8.1.1 A field evaluation label and report or letter issued by a nationally recognized testing laboratory verifying that the specific material, equipment, or method of construction meets the identified standards or has been tested and found to be suitable for the intended use, shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
 - 1.8.1.2 Reports of engineering findings issued by nationally recognized evaluation service programs such as but not limited to, the Building Officials and Code Administrators (BOCA), the International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO), the Southern Building Code Congress International (SBCCI), the International Code Council (ICC), and the National Evaluation Service, Inc., shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
 - 1.8.2 The <u>New Jersey Department of Community Affairs</u> has confirmed that technical evaluation reports, from any accredited entity listed by <u>ANAB</u>, meets the requirements of item the previous paragraph, given that the listed entities are no longer in existence and/or do not provide "*reports of engineering findings*."
- 1.9 Approved by the Code of Federal Regulations Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards: Pursuant to Title 24, Subtitle B, Chapter XX, <u>Part 3282.14</u>⁵³ and <u>Part 3280</u>,⁵⁴ the Department encourages innovation and the use of new technology in manufactured homes. The design and construction of a manufactured home shall conform to the provisions of Part 3282 and Part 3280 where key approval provisions in mandatory language follow:
 - 1.9.1 *"All construction methods shall be in conformance with accepted engineering practices."*
 - 1.9.2 "The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur."
 - 1.9.3 "The design stresses of all materials shall conform to accepted engineering practice."





- 1.10 **Approval by US, Local and State Jurisdictions in General**: In all other local and state jurisdictions, the adopted building code legislation states in pertinent part that:
 - 1.10.1 For <u>new materials</u> that are not specifically provided for in this code, the <u>design strengths and permissible</u> <u>stresses</u> shall be established by tests.⁵⁵
 - 1.10.2 For innovative <u>alternatives</u> and/or methods of construction, the building official shall accept <u>Duly</u> <u>Authenticated Reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> with respect to the quality and manner of use of <u>new</u> <u>materials or assemblies</u>.⁵⁶
 - 1.10.2.1 An <u>approved agency</u> is *"approved"* when it is <u>ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited</u>. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is in the <u>ANAB directory</u>.
 - 1.10.2.2 An <u>approved source</u> is *"approved"* when an <u>RDP</u> is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the <u>state legislature</u> via its professional engineering regulations.⁵⁷
 - 1.10.3 The <u>design strengths and permissible stresses</u> of any structural material...shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice performed by an <u>approved</u> <u>source</u>.⁵⁸
- 1.11 **Approval by International Jurisdictions**: The <u>USMCA</u> and <u>GATT</u> agreements provide for approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction through the <u>Agreement on Technical</u> <u>Barriers to Trade</u> and the <u>IAF Multilateral Recognition Arrangement</u> (MLA), where these agreements:
 - 1.11.1 State that <u>conformity assessment procedures</u> (i.e., ISO/IEC 17020, 17025, 17065, etc.) are prepared, adopted, and applied so as to grant access for suppliers of like products originating in the territories of other Members under conditions no less favourable than those accorded to suppliers of like products of national origin or originating in any other country, in a comparable situation.
 - 1.11.2 **Approved**: The <u>purpose of the MLA</u> is to ensure mutual recognition of accredited certification and validation/verification statements between signatories to the MLA and subsequently, acceptance of accredited certification and validation/verification statements in many markets based on one accreditation for the timely approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction.
 - 1.11.3 ANAB is an <u>IAF-MLA</u> signatory where recognition of certificates, validation, and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA, with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.⁵⁹
 - 1.11.4 Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 Duly Authenticated Reports are approval equivalent.⁶⁰
- 1.12 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.⁶¹





Appendix B. NFPA 285-19

Table 5. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Xci 286 Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Base Wall System</i> Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 3⁵/₈" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' Fire-Retardant Treated Wood (FRTW) studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by code
Fire-Stopping at Floor Lines	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.
<i>Cavity Insulation</i> Use any Item 1-6	 None 11/2" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type faced or unfaced) Any fiberglass (Batt type faced or unfaced) 31/4" (max.) Carlisle SPI SealTite Pro, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero – only with Exterior Sheathing 2
<i>Exterior Sheathing</i> Use either 1, 2 or 3	 None (only with cavity insulation 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 and Cladding 1-6 and 3¹/₂" (max.) Xci-Foil (Class A)) 1/₂" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/₂" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction
Multi-Function Sheathing and WRB Products Use 1 or 2	 USG Securock® Exoair® 430 System – See note and Table 11 ⁵/₈" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints <i>Note:</i> Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRBs on base wall surface in Table 11
WRB Over Base Wall Surface	See Table 11
Exterior Insulation Use either 1 or 2 depending on cladding. Note: A construction which utilizes no exterior sheathing may not use spray foam cavity insulation	 3¹/₂" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Xci-286 for all claddings 4" thick Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Xci-286 for claddings 1-6
WRB Over Exterior Insulation	See Table 11 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear® Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear and the cladding. When CavClear is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is $3/4$ " min.





Table 5. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Xci 286 Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
Exterior Cladding	1. Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick.
Use any item 1-16	Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (maximum).
,	2. Stucco – Minimum ³ / ₄ " thick, exterior cement plaster and lath (with approved WRB over exterior
Max. Air Gap 2" for	insulation as listed above)
Claddings 1-6.	3. Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as
	shiplap.
Max. Air Gap 11/2" for	4. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique
Claddings 7-16.	such as grouted/mortared stone.
	5. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 11/2" thick complying with ICC-ES AC 51 using any standard
If Claddings 2, 3, 4, 5, 11,	non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap.
12 or 14 are on stucco	6. Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 1 ¹ /4" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open
base with lath, a	or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap.
secondary WRB (WRB items above allowed over	7. Any ACM or MCM that has passed NFPA 285 with foam of comparable thickness.
foam) can be installed	 Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum. 1/4" (min.) uninsulated fiber-cement siding, or porcelain or ceramic tile mechanically attached.
between the insulation	10. Autoclaved-aerated-concrete (AAC) panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria.
and lath and must not be	11. Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath.
full coverage asphalt or	12. Glen Gery Thin Tech Elite Series Masonry Veneer or TABS II Panel System with 1/2" thick bricks
self-adhering membranes,	using TABS Wall Adhesive.
but may be slip sheet	13. Terra Cotta Cladding – Any Rain-screen Terra Cotta (min. 1/2" thick) with ventilated shiplap.
(stapled) with no	14. 1/2" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (1/2" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria.
adhesive.	15. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum 11/4" thick using any standard installation technique.
	AFC Terraslat by Tonality – Tonality Classic26 or Tonality Classic22
Armatherm Z Girts may be	
used horizontally in	
Hunter assemblies	
SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm	
	created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.
•	
	E1354 testing have not been well established in the referenced building codes and foam sheathing related sections. The criteria

- stated here for substitution of products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.
- 3. T_{ign} is the time to ignition from the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.

Table 6. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Coated Glass or Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
Base Wall System Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 3⁵/₈" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' FRTW studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.)
	 a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by building code





Table 6. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Coated Glass or Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
Fire-Stopping at Floor Lines Use Item 1 or 2	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.
<i>Cavity Insulation</i> Use any Item 1-6	 None 11/2" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any fiberglass (Batt type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) 31/4" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero – only with Sheathing 2
<i>Exterior Sheathing</i> Use either 1, 2 or 3	 None (only with claddings 1-6, and cavity insulation 1, 3, 4, or 5). 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/2" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction
Multi-Function Sheathing & WRB Products Use 1 or 2	 USG Securock Exoair 430 System – See note and Table 11 ⁵/₈" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints. <i>Note:</i> Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRBs on base wall surface in Table 11.
WRB Over Base Wall Surface	See Table 11
Exterior Insulation Use either 1 or 2 depending on cladding.	 4" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Coated Glass or Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) for claddings 1-6. 3¹/₂" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Coated Glass or Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) for claddings 7-16 (with special Opening Perimeter).
WRB Over Exterior Insulation	See Table 11 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear and the cladding. When CavClear is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is $3/4$ " minimum.
Exterior Cladding Use any Item 1-16 Cladding 1-6 for 4" (max.) insulation thickness Cladding 7-16 for 3 ¹ / ₂ " (max.) insulation thickness with special opening perimeter Max. Air Gap 2" for Claddings 1-6.	 Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick. Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (maximum). Stucco – Minimum ³/₄" thick, exterior cement plaster and lath (with approved WRB over exterior insulation as listed above) Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as grouted/mortared stone. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 11/₂" thick complying with ICC-ES AC 51 using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 11/₄" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Any ACM or MCM that has passed NFPA 285 with foam of comparable thickness. Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum.





Table 6. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Coated Glass or Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
Max. Air Gap 11/2" for Claddings 7-16. If Claddings 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12 or 14 are on stucco base with lath, a secondary WRB (WRB items above allowed over foam) can be installed between the insulation and lath and must not be full coverage asphalt or self- adhering membranes, but may be slip sheet (stapled) with no adhesive. Armatherm Z Girts may be used horizontally in Hunter assemblies	 ¹/4" (min.) uninsulated fiber-cement siding, or porcelain or ceramic tile mechanically attached. Autoclaved-aerated-concrete (AAC) panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath. Glen Gery Thin Tech Elite Series Masonry Veneer or TABS II Panel System with ¹/₂" thick bricks using TABS Wall Adhesive. Terra Cotta Cladding – Any Rain-screen Terra Cotta (min. ¹/₂" thick) with ventilated shiplap. ¹/₂" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (¹/₂" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum ¹/₄" thick using any standard installation technique. AFC Terraslat by Tonality – Tonality Classic26 or Tonality Classic22
Special Opening Perimeter Use with Claddings 7-16	 Tested Opening – 2 layers ⁵/₈" gypsum, with 18-gauge > steel flashing at header and 1 layer ⁵/₈" and 18-gauge Galv. Steel Flashing at jambs and still. 2" mineral wool 4 lb density 1¹/₂" thick FRT wood buck Two layers of ³/₄" FRT Plywood
2. Acceptance criteria for AS	ions created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis. TM E1354 testing have not been well established in the referenced building codes and foam sheathing related sections. The criteria of products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.

3. Tign is the time to ignition from the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Base Wall System</i> Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 3⁵/₈" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' FRTW studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by building code





Table 7. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Fire-Stopping at Floor</i> <i>Lines</i> Use Item 1 or 2	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.
<i>Cavity Insulation</i> Use any Item 1-6	 None 11/2" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any fiberglass (Batt type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) 31/4" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero – only with Sheathing 2
<i>Exterior Sheathing</i> Use either 1, 2 or 3	 None (only with claddings 1-6, and cavity insulation 1, 3, 4, or 5). 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/2" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction
Multi-Function Sheathing & WRB Products Use 1 or 2	 USG Securock Exoair 430 System – See note and Table 11 5/8" Georgia Pacific DensElement flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints. Note: Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRBs on base wall surface in Table 11.
WRB Over Base Wall Surface	See Table 11
Exterior Insulation Use either 1 or 2 depending on cladding.	 4" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Foil for claddings 1-6. 3¹/₂" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Foil for claddings 7-16 (with special Opening Perimeter).
WRB Over Exterior Insulation Only with Claddings 1-6	See Table 11 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear and the cladding. When CavClear is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is $3/4$ " minimum.
Exterior Cladding Use any Item 1-16 Cladding 1-6 for 4" (max.) insulation thickness Cladding 7-16 for 3 ¹ / ₂ " (max.) insulation thickness with special opening perimeter	 Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick. Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (maximum). Stucco – Minimum ³/₄" thick, exterior cement plaster and lath (with approved WRB over exterior insulation as listed above) Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as grouted/mortared stone. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 1¹/₂" thick complying with ICC-ES AC 51 using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap.
Max. Air Gap 2" for Claddings 1-6. Max. Air Gap 1 ¹ / ₂ " for Claddings 7-16.	 Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 11/4" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Any ACM or MCM that has passed NFPA 285 with foam of comparable thickness. Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum. 1/4" (min.) uninsulated fiber-cement siding, or porcelain or ceramic tile mechanically attached.





Table 7. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
If Claddings 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12 or 14 are on stucco base with lath, a secondary WRB (WRB items above allowed over foam) can be installed between the insulation and lath and must not be full coverage asphalt or self- adhering membranes, but may be slip sheet (stapled) with no adhesive. Armatherm Z Girts may	 Autoclaved-aerated-concrete (AAC) panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath. Glen Gery Thin Tech Elite Series Masonry Veneer or TABS II Panel System with 1/2" thick bricks using TABS Wall Adhesive. Terra Cotta Cladding – Any Rain-screen Terra Cotta (min. 1/2" thick) with ventilated shiplap. 1/2" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (1/2" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum 11/4" thick using any standard installation technique. AFC Terraslat by Tonality – Tonality Classic26 or Tonality Classic22
be used horizontally in Hunter assemblies	
Special Opening Perimeter Use with Claddings 7-16	 Tested Opening – 2 layers ⁵/₈" gypsum, with 18-gauge > steel flashing at header and 1 layer ⁵/₈" and 18-gauge Galv. Steel Flashing at jambs and still. 2" mineral wool 4 lb density 1¹/₂" thick FRT wood buck Two layers of ³/₄" FRT Plywood
SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm 1. The assemblies' combinat	ions created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.

2. Acceptance criteria for ASTM E1354 testing have not been well established in the referenced building codes and foam sheathing related sections. The criteria stated here for substitution of products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.

3. T_{ign} is the time to ignition from the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.

Table 8. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Ply or Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
Base Wall System Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 3⁵/₈" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' FRTW studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by code
Fire-Stopping at Floor Lines	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.

Report Number: 2403-06 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, Defend-R CI Foil (286), Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) and Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Air Barrier Water-Resistive Barrier and Fire Performance in Exterior and Interior Walls of Buildings of Type I-V Construction Confidential Intellectual Property Is protected by Defend Trade Secrets Act 2016, ©DrJ Engineering, LLC





Table 8. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Ply or Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Cavity Insulation</i> Use any Item 1-6	 None 11/2" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any fiberglass (Batt type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) 31/4" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero – only with Sheathing 2
<i>Exterior Sheathing</i> Use either 1, 2 or 3	 None (only with Claddings 1-6 and cavity insulation 1, 3, 4, or 5). Also see note for Cavity Insulation 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/2" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction.
Multi-Function Sheathing and WRB Products Use 1 or 2	 USG Securock Exoair 430 System – See note and Table 11. ⁵/₈" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints. <i>Note:</i> Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRBs on base wall surface Table 11.
WRB Over Base Wall Surface	See Table 11
Exterior Insulation Use either 1 or 2 depending on cladding.	 4¹/4" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) (3¹/₂" foam max., ³/₄" FR Plywood max.) with Claddings 7- 16 (with special Opening Perimeter). 4³/₄" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) (4" foam max., ³/₄" FR Plywood max.) may be used with claddings 1-6.
WRB Over Exterior Insulation Only with Claddings 1-6	See Table 11 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear and the cladding. When CavClear is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1-6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is ³ / ₄ " min.
Exterior Cladding Use any Item 1-16 Cladding 1-6 for 4" (max.) insulation thickness Cladding 7-16 for 31/2" (max.) insulation thickness with special opening perimeter Max. Air Gap 2" for Claddings 1-6. Max. Air Gap 11/2" for Claddings 7-16.	 Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick. Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (maximum). Stucco – Minimum ³/₄" thick, exterior cement plaster and lath (with approved WRB over exterior insulation as listed above) Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as grouted/mortared stone. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 1¹/₂" thick complying with ICC-ES AC 51 using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 1¹/₄" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Any ACM or MCM that has passed NFPA 285 with foam of comparable thickness. Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum. ¹/₄" (min.) uninsulated fiber-cement siding, or porcelain or ceramic tile mechanically attached. Autoclaved-aerated-concrete (AAC) panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria.





Table 8. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Ply or Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
If Claddings 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12 or 14 are on stucco base with lath, a secondary WRB (WRB items above allowed over foam) can be installed between the insulation and lath and must not be full coverage asphalt or self- adhering membranes, but may be slip sheet (stapled) with no adhesive.	 Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath. Glen Gery Thin Tech Elite Series Masonry Veneer or TABS II Panel System with 1/2" thick bricks using TABS Wall Adhesive. Terra Cotta Cladding – Any Rain-screen Terra Cotta (min. 1/2" thick) with ventilated shiplap. 1/2" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (1/2" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum 11/4" thick using any standard installation technique. AFC Terraslat by Tonality – Tonality Classic26 or Tonality Classic22
Armatherm Z Girts may be used horizontally in Hunter assemblies	
Special Opening Perimeter Use with Claddings 7-16	 Tested Opening – 2 layers ⁵/₈" gypsum, with 18-gauge > steel flashing at header and 1 layer ⁵/₈" and 18-gauge Galv. Steel Flashing at jambs and still. 2" mineral wool 4 lb density 1¹/₂" thick FRT wood buck Two layers of ³/₄" FRT Plywood

stated here for substitution of products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.

3. Tign is the time to ignition from the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.

Table 9. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Base Wall System</i> Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 3⁵/₈" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' FRTW studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by code
Fire-Stopping at Floor Lines	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.





Table 9. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Materials
 None 11/2" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any fiberglass (Batt type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) 31/4" (max.) of Carlisle SPI SealTite PRO, SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero – only with Sheathing 2
 None (only with cavity insulation 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6) 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/2" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction
 USG Securock Exoair 430 System – See note and Table 11 ⁵/₈" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints <i>Note:</i> Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRB's on base wall surface in Table 11
See Table 11
1. 4" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS for all claddings listed
See Table 11 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear and the cladding. When CavClear is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is $3/4$ " min.
 Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick. Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (maximum). Stucco – Minimum ³/₄" thick, exterior cement plaster and lath (with approved WRB over exterior insulation as listed above) Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as grouted/mortared stone. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 11/2" thick complying with ICC-ES AC 51 using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 11/4" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Any ACM or MCM that has passed NFPA 285 with foam of comparable thickness. Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum. 1/4" (min.) uninsulated fiber-cement siding, or porcelain or ceramic tile mechanically attached. Autoclaved-aerated-concrete (AAC) panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath.





Table 9. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials	
between the insulation and lath and must not be full coverage asphalt or self-adhering membranes, but may be slip sheet (stapled) with no adhesive.	 14. 1/2" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (1/2" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria. 15. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum 11/4" thick using any standard installation technique. 16. AFC Terraslat by Tonality – Tonality Classic26 or Tonality Classic22 	
Armatherm Z Girts may be used horizontally in Hunter assemblies		
Special Opening Perimeter Use with Claddings 7-16	 Tested Opening – 2 layers ⁵/₈" gypsum, with 18-gauge > steel flashing at header and 1 layer ⁵/₈" and 18-gauge Galv. Steel Flashing at jambs and still. 2" mineral wool 4 lb density 1¹/₂" thick FRT wood buck Two layers of ³/₄" FRT Plywood 	
 SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm The assembly combinations created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis. Acceptance criteria for ASTM E1354 testing have not been well established in the referenced building codes and foam sheathing related sections. The criteria stated here for substitution of products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis. 		

3. T_{ign} is the time to ignition from the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.





Table 10. NFPA 285 Approved Mass Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI as Interior Insulation¹

Wall Component	Materials
Base Wall System Use either 1 or 2	 Cast concrete walls (min. 2" thick) CMU concrete walls (min. 4" thick)
<i>Exterior Coating</i> Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Portland cement or lime stucco Any ASTM E84 Class A Paint or Elastomeric Coating Any ASTM E84 Class A Clear Sealer None
Air/Vapor Barrier Membrane Position 1 Over Base Wall Interior Note: Some WRBs are only allowed with specific systems.	See Table 11 - WRB over Base Wall Surface.
Continuous Insulation Use 1, 2 or 3	 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Xci 286, 3¹/₂" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) or Defend-R CI Coated Glass, 3¹/₂" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Foil, 3¹/₂" thick (max.)
Air/Vapor Barrier Membrane Position 2 Over Insulation Note: Some WRBs are only allowed with specific systems	See Table 11 - WRB over Base Wall Surface. <i>Note</i> : Insulation Joints may be taped with Foil-Grip 1402, 4" width (max.)
Interior Cladding	⁵ / ₈ " type X interior gypsum sheathing installed directly over the insulation or installed to 3 ⁵ / ₈ " (max. depth) studs or Metal Hat or Z Furring directly (no gap between stud/hat/Z and insulation). If an air gap between the stud/hat/Z and insulation is created, fire blocking with mineral wool per <u>IBC Section 718</u> shall be installed.
	Mass wall designs are assumed to use platform construction (concrete floor line intersects exterior concrete creating a firestop at floor lines). If the floor line is separated from the exterior concrete, fireblocking with mineral wool must be installed to prevent uncontrolled vertical flame spread.
 SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm The assembly combinations created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis. Position 1 – Air vapor barrier installed directly on interior side of the base wall system. Position 2 – Air vapor barrier installed over continuous insulation on interior side of the wall assembly. 	

4. CCW Membrane used in Position 1 or 2, not both.

5. Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Xci 286 insulation can be tacked in place with CAV-Grip or Travel-Tack during installation. Follow instructions on product data sheet.



Table 11. NFPA 285 Allowable WRB Materials

Wall Component	Materials
WRB Over Base Wall	1. Hunter Xci VP-SA WRB
Surface Use any of Items 1-32 or None.	 Carlisle Fire Resist 705 RS, Fire Resist Barrithane VP, Fire Resist 705 VP, Fire Resist 705 FR-A, Fire Resist Barritech NP (or NP LT), Fire Resist Barritech VP (or VP LT). Fire Resist 705 VP may be used with 702 WB, Cav-Grip, or Low VOC Travel-Tack adhesives. Fire Resist 705 FR-A may be used with CCW 702, 702LV, 702 WB, CAV-Grip, and Low VOC Travel-Tack adhesives.
<i>Note:</i> Some WRBs are only allowed with specific systems.	 CCW-705 (with 702 LV, 702 WB, Cav-Grip, Low VOC Travel-Tack, or 702 adhesives may) GE Momentive SEC 2500 SilShield, Elemax 2600 VaproShield Wrapshield SA, RevealShield SA, BlockShield SA, PanelShield SA WR Grace Perm-A-Barrier® VPS, Perm-A-Barrier NPL (AKA, PAB NP20), Perm-A-Barrier VPL, Perm-A-Barrier Aluminum Wall Membrane (AWM), Perm-A-Barrier VPL LT, Perm-A-Barrier NPL 10,
Item 22 (Securock Exoair 430) or 25 (DensElement with	 Perm-A-Barrier VPL 50. StoGuard® VaporSeal 3M 3015 (with Hold Fast 70 adhesive @ 6 mils) or 3M 3015 NP or 3015 VP
FastFlash) replaces the exterior sheathings in Tables 5-9. When either	 Henry Air-Bloc® 17MR, 21S, All Weather STPE, Blueskin SA, Air-Bloc 16MR, Blueskin VP 160, Henry Blueskin MetalClad.
of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings listed in Tables 5-9 or WRBs on	 Tyvek CommercialWrap or CommercialWrap D, StuccoWrap, Fluid Applied WB [only with Defend-R CI Ply, Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) or Defend-R CI Foil (Class A)]. PolyGuard Spray-N-Roll (STPE), Air Lok Sheet UV400NP, Air Lok Flex VP, FlexGuard, Stretch Flex Prosoco R-Guard Cat 5, R-Guard Cat 5 Rainscreen, R-Guard VB or R-Guard Spray Wrap MVP
base wall surface in this table.	 Dryvit Backstop NT WR Meadows Air Shield LMP (Gray), Air Shield LMP (Black), Air Shield TMP, Air Shield LSR or Air- Shield SMP
	 Dörken Systems, Inc., Delta-Vent SA, Delta-Vent S, Delta-Fassade S, Delta Maxx, Delta Stratus SA Soprema Sopraseal Stick VP, Soprasolin HD, LM 204 VP, Stick 1100T with Elastacool 600c Primer Pecora XL Perm Ultra VP, XL-Perm Ultra NP, ProPerm VP Sign Meivest er Meivest 500 SA
	 Siga Majvest or Majvest 500 SA Sto Gold Coat or Emerald Coat Tremco ExoAir 230 and ExoAir 130
	 Fortifiber Building Systems Group WeatherSmart Housewrap, WeatherSmart Drainable, WeatherSmart Commercial or Super Jumbo Tex 60 USG Securock Exoair 430 System – see note on left and Air/Vapor System sections in Tables 5-8.
	 ⁵/₈" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints. Dow Corning Dowsil DefendAir200 (or LT version) or DefendAir 200C (Charcoal) Hohmann & Barnard Enviro Barrier and Enviro Barrier VP
	26. STS FW100 or FW100A 27. Karnak 321 K-NRG
	 NaturaSeal AirSeal NS-A-250LP, AirSeal NS-A-250HP Jumpstart HWW-65A, HWW-65B, HWHP-80A, HWMP-90A, HWD2-72A, HWHPT-92A, HWMPC-105A Master Wall Rollershield Master Wall Rollershield
	 Parex WeatherSeal Spray & Roll-On Protecto Wrap, Protecto Wall VP or Universal Primer Free Membrane



Table 11. NFPA 285 Allowable WRB Materials

Wall Component	Materials
Wall Component WRB Over Exterior Insulation Use any Item 1-28 or None Note: Some WRBs are only allowed with specific systems	 Hunter Xci VP-SA WRB Carlisle Fire Resist 705 RS, Fire Resist Barrithane VP, Fire Resist 705 VP (with 702 WB, Cav-Grip, or Low VOC Travel-Tack adhesives), Fire Resist 705 FR-A (with CCW 702, 702LV, 702 WB, CAV-Grip, and Low VOC Travel Tack Adhesives), Fire Resist Barritech VP (or VP LT), Fire Resist Barritech NP (or NP LT) GE Momentive SEC 2500 SilShield, Elemax 2600 VaproShield WrapShield SA, RevealShield SA, PanelShield SA Grace Perm-A-Barrier NPL (AKA, PAB NP20), Perm-A-Barrier VPL, Perm-A-Barrier Aluminum Wall Membrane (AWM), Perm-A-Barrier VPL LT, Perm-A-Barrier VPS. Henry Air-Bloc 17MR, Air-Bloc 21S, Blueskin VP160 (only with Defend-R CI Ply), All Weather STPE, and Air-Bloc 16MR. Tyvek CommercialWrap, StuccoWrap, or CommercialWrap D Polyguard Air Lok Sheet UV400 NP, Stretch Flex (only with claddings 1-6), Air Lok Flex VP (over Defend-R CI Ply with any cladding listed or over the other Xci foams listed with claddings 1-6) Prosoco R-Guard Cat 5, R-Guard Cat 5 Rainscreen, R-Guard VB or R-Guard Spray Wrap MVP Sto Gold coat or Emerald Coat (only with Xci-Ply)
	 Dryvit Backstop NT Any WRB that has been tested per ASTM E1354 (at a minimum of 50 kW/m² heat flux) and shown by analysis to be less flammable (improved T_{ign}, Pk. HRR) than those listed above 3" Aluma-GRIP 701 or 4" FG-1402 joint tape may be interchanged. (Hardcast AFT is a rebrand of Aluma-GRIP 701). WR Meadows Air Shield LMP (Gray), Air Shield LMP (Black), Air Shield TMP, Air Shield LSR or Air- Shield SMP Dörken Systems, Inc., Delta-Vent SA, Delta-Vent S, Delta-Fassade S, Delta Maxx. Soprema Sopraseal Stick VP (with Claddings 1-6, not with Defend-R CI Foil), Soprasolin HD Pecora XL Perm Ultra VP, XL-Perm Ultra NP, ProPerm VP Siga Majvest (for all claddings) or Majvest 500 SA (only with Claddings 1-6) Fortifiber Building Systems Group WeatherSmart Housewrap, WeatherSmart Drainable or WeatherSmart Commercial Dow Chemical DefendAir 200 (or LT version) or DefendAir 200C (Charccoal) Hohmann & Barnard Enviro Barrier VP STS FW100A Karnak 321 K-NRG Jumpstart HWW-65A, HWW-65B, HWHP-80A, HWMP-90A, HWD2-72A, HWHPT-92A, HWMPC-105A Master Wall Rollershield Parex WeatherSeal Spray & Roll-On 3W 3015 VP Protecto Wrap Protecto Wall VP or Universal Primer Free Membrane
 SI: 1 in. = 25.4 mm 1. The following adhesives may be used for attachment of the polyisocyanurate (polyiso) insulation: a. Adhesive applied discontinuously at a rate of 3/8" x 3" dabs, 16" o.c.: LM 800 XL or BarriBond or BarriBond XL b. Aerosol adhesive at the application rate as per mfg. instructions: CAV-Grip™ or Low VOC Travel-Tack 2. The following may be used as gap filler between insulation panels: FOMO HandiFoam FireBlock and TVM FireBlock. 3. These CCW detailing materials may be used over the base wall assembly. The detailing materials can be used alone or with any approved WRB for the construction. a. Board Joint Treatments: i. 2" x 40 mil ribbon of BarriBond or BarriBond XL ii. 4" DCH Reinforcing Rabric embedded in Fire-Resist Barritech VP/NP/NP LT or embedded in Fire Resist Barrithane VP iii. 4" Foil-GRIP 1402 (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet) 	





Table 11. NFPA 285 Allowable WRB Materials

_	_			
Wall Component		ponent	Materials	
				701 (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC AV-Grip, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
	C.		mination Mastic riBond XL	for Flashing/Membrane: 1" x 40 mil ribbon or tooled 3/8" bead of SURE-SEAL Lap Sealant, CCW-704, LM 800 XL, BarriBond, or
	d.	Deta	ail Flashing, 3" o	on each side, at Openings, Terminations, Penetrations, Transitions, and Angle Changes.
				CCW-705 TWF/XLT, or Fire Resist 705 FR-A/XLT (all with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 NB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
				/S Elastoform or SURE-SEAL P/S Cover Strip (both with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
		iii.	LiquiFiber or D	CH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Barritech VP/NP/NP LT
		iv.	40 mil application	on of BarriBond, BarriBond XL or Barrithane VP
4.	The	se CCI	W detailing mate	erials may be used over the polyiso insulation and can be use alone or with any approved WRB for the assembly.
	а.	Boa	rd Joint Treatme	ents:
		i.	2" x 40 mil ribbo	on of BarriBond or BarriBond XL
				rcing Rabric embedded in Fire-Resist Barritech VP/NP/NP LT or embedded in Fire Resist Barrithane VP
				102 (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC AV-Grip, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
				701 (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC AV-Grip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
	b.	Terr	mination Mastic	for Flashing/Membrane: 1" x 40 mil ribbon or tooled 3/8" bead of SURE-SEAL Lap Sealant, LM 800 XL, BarriBond or BarriBond XL
	C.	Deta	ail Flashing, 3" o	on each side, at Openings, Terminations, Penetrations, Transitions and Angle Changes.
				FR-A/XLT (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC AV-Grip, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
				/S Elastoform or SURE-SEAL P/S Cover Strip (both with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
		iii.	LiquiFiber or D	CH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Barritech VP/NP/NP LT
		iv.	40 mil application	on of BarriBond, BarriBond XL, or Barrithane VP
5. In the NFPA 285 test, flashing for fenestration, including Through-Wall Flashing (TWF), are not considered part of the WRB (ref: <u>2015 IBC Sec</u> permitted for use in wall assemblies clad with masonry or stone at the base of wall, head of wall, relieving angle, window head, windowsill, and interruptions in the exterior cavity. TWF shall be applied a maximum of 8" onto the back-up wall and terminate at daylight or onto a drip edge. products may be used:		ssemblies clad with masonry or stone at the base of wall, head of wall, relieving angle, window head, windowsill, and at other		
	a.			th surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
	b.	Pre-	-Kleened EPDM	TWF loose-laid or adhered with SURE-SEAL 90-8-30A bonding Adhesive or SURE-SEAL Low VOC Bonding Adhesive
	C.	Met	al TWF by other	'S
6.				d over Fire-Resist 705 RS at membrane splices, terminations, and penetrations. Fire-Resist 705 RS and the substrate may be treated LV, CCW-702 WB or Low VOC Travel-Tack to promote adhesion of BRT-801.
7.	Fire	-Resist	t 705 RS may be	e used in the following applications:
	a.	Ove	er the exterior in	sulation, while another approved WRB is used over the base wall assembly.
	b.	Ove	er a WRB on the	base wall assembly while no exterior insulation is used. Use only WRBs listed below:
		i.	CC Fire Resist	705 FR-A
		ii.	Other WRBs th	at produce no ignition when tested per ASTM E1354 at a heat flux of 50 kW/m ² .

- 8. Insulating coating applied over noncombustible substrate can be used for mitigating thermal bridging at wall assembly terminations and penetrations. Coating applied in these conditions cover a small percentage of the total wall surface area. The following products are allowed:
 - a. Aerolon 945 tape with primer by Tnemec
 - b. Aerolon 971 coating with primer by Tnemec





Table 12. Table Notes

Note 1: The following adhesives may be used to attach the polyisocyanurate (polyiso) insulation.

- 1) Adhesive applied discontinuously at a rate of ³/₈" x 3" dabs, 16" OC: LM 800 XL or BarriBond or BarriBond XL
- 2) Aerosol adhesive at the application rate as per mfg. instructions: CAV-GRIP or Low VOC Travel-Tack

Note 2: The following may be used as a gap-filler between insulation panels: FOMO HandiFoam Fireblock or TVM Fireblock

Note 3: These CCW detailing materials may be used over the base wall assembly and alone or with any approved WRB for the construction.

- 1) Board Joint Treatments:
 - a. 2" x 40 mil ribbon of BarriBond or BarriBond XL
 - b. 4" DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Fire-Resist Barritech VP/NP/NP LT or embedded in Fire Resist Barrithane VP
 - c. 4" Foil-GRIP 1402*
 - d. 4" AlumaGRIP 701*
- Termination Mastic for Flashing/Membrane: 1" X 40 mil ribbon or tooled ³/₈" bead of SURE-SEAL Lap Sealant, CCW-704, LM 800 XL, BarriBond, or BarriBond XL
- 3) Detail Flashing, 3" on each side, at Openings, Terminations, Penetrations, Transitions and Angle Changes.
 - a. CCW-705/XLT*, CCW-705 TWF/XLT* or Fire Resist 705 FR-A/XLT*
 - b. SURE-SEAL P/S Elastoform* or SURE-SEAL P/S Cover Strip*
 - c. LiquiFiber or DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Barritech VP/NP/NP LT
 - d. 40 mil application of BarriBond, BarriBond XL, or Barrithane VP
- Prepare the surface as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-GRIP, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet.

Note 4: These CCW detailing materials may be used over the polyiso insulation and alone or with any approved WRB for the assembly.

- 1) Board Joint Treatments:
 - a. 2" x 40 mil ribbon of BarriBond or BarriBond XL
 - b. 4" DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Fire-Resist Barritech VP/NP/NP LT or embedded in Fire Resist Barrithane VP
 - c. 4" Foil-GRIP 1402*
 - d. 4" AlumaGRIP 701*
- Termination Mastic for Flashing/Membrane: 1" X 40 mil ribbon or tooled ³/₈" bead of SURE-SEAL Lap Sealant, LM 800 XL, BarriBond or BarriBond XL





- 3) Detail Flashing, 3" on each side at Openings, Terminations, Penetrations, Transitions and Angle Changes
 - a. Fire Resist 705 FR-A/XLT*
 - b. SURE-SEAL P/S Elastoform* or SURE-SEAL P/S Cover Strip*
 - c. LiquiFiber or DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Barritech VP/NP/NP LT
 - d. 40 mil application of BarriBond, BarriBond XL, or Barrithane VP
- Prepare the surface as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-GRIP, HP 250 Primer or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet.

Note 5: In the NFPA 285 test, flashings for fenestration, including Through-Wall Flashing (TWF), are not considered part of the WRB (Ref: <u>2015 IBC Section 1403.5</u>, <u>2021 IBC Section 1402.5</u>). Therefore, suitable combustible or noncombustible flashings are permitted in wall assemblies as required in Building Code (Ref: <u>2015 IBC Sec. 1405.4</u>), <u>2021 IBC Section 1404.4</u>). TWF is allowed for use in wall assemblies clad with masonry or stone at the base of wall, head of wall, relieving angle, window head, windowsill, and at other interruptions in the exterior cavity. TWF shall be applied a maximum of 8" onto the back-up wall and terminate at daylight or onto a drip edge. The following TWF products may be used:

- 1) CCW-705 TWF/XLT*
- 2) Pre-Kleened EPDM TWF loose-laid or adhered with SURE-SEAL 90-8-30A bonding Adhesive or SURE-SEAL Low VOC Bonding Adhesive
- 3) Metal TWF by others

Note 6: BRT-801 tape may be used over Fire-Resist 705 RS at membrane splices, terminations and penetrations. Fire-Resist 705 RS and the substrate may be treated with CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB or Low VOC Travel-Tack to promote adhesion of BRT-801.

Note 7: Fire-Resist 705 RS may be used in the following applications:

- 1) Over the exterior insulation, while another approved WRB is used over the base wall assembly.
- 2) Over a WRB on the base wall assembly while no exterior insulation is used. Use only WRBs listed below:
 - a. CC Fire Resist 705 FR-A
 - b. Other WRBs that produce no ignition when tested per ASTM E1354 at a heat flux of 50 kW/m².

Note 8: Insulating coating over a noncombustible substrate can mitigate thermal bridging at wall assembly terminations and penetrations. Coating in these conditions covers a small percentage of the total wall surface area. The following products are allowed:

- 1) Aerolon 945 tape with primer by Tnemec
- 2) Aerolon 971 coating with primer by Tnemec





Appendix C. NFPA 285-12

Table 13. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
Base Wall System Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 35/8" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. 5/8" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' FRTW (fire-retardant-treated wood) studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. 5/8" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by code
Fire-Stopping at Floor Lines	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.
Cavity Insulation Use any Item 1-15 Items 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 may be used with Exterior Sheathing 2 or the sheathing thickness specified	 None 11/2" (min.) of Carlisle® SPI SealTite PRO (up to full cavity thickness), SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero (up to full cavity thickness for each) 11/2" (min.) of BASF Walltite SPF (up to full cavity thickness) Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any foam plastic insulation (SPF or board type) that has been tested per ASTM E1354 (at a min. of 20 kW/m² heat flux) and shown by analysis to be less flammable (improved T_{ign}, PK. HRR) than Covestro EcoBay CC or BASF Walltite NCFI InsulBloc SPF (up to full cavity thickness) Icynene MD-C-200v3 (Proseal) up to 51/2" (only with 1/2" [min.] exterior gypsum sheathing) SWD Urethane Quik-Shield 112 up to 6" (max.) stud cavities with an air gap not exceeding 21/2" 11/2" (min.) Thermoseal 2000 (up to full cavity thickness) Carlisle SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO OCX – up to full cavity thickness with 1/2" (min.) exterior gypsum sheathing Gaco (Firestone) F6500R, 052N, F4500, 183M, F1850, F1880 – 31/2" (max.) for use with 5/6" Exterior Gypsum Sheathing Huntsman ProSeal HFO (8" max. thickness with no air gap, 6" max. thickness with air gap) for use with 1/2" or t
<i>Exterior Sheathing</i> Use either 1, 2 or 3	 None (only with cavity insulation 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6) 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/2" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction
Multi-Function Sheathing and WRB Products Use 1 or 2	 USG Securock® Exoair® 430 System – See note and Table 18 5/8" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints Note: Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRB's on base wall surface in Table 18
WRB Over Base Wall Surface	See Table 18





Table 13. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Exterior Insulation</i> Use either 1 or 2 depending on cladding. <i>Note</i> : A construction which utilizes no exterior sheathing may not use spray foam cavity insulation	 3¹/₂" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Defend-R CI Foil (286) for all claddings 4" thick Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Defend-R CI Foil (286) for claddings 1-6
WRB Over Exterior Insulation	See Table 18 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear® Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear® and the cladding. When CavClear® is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is $3/4$ " min.
Exterior Cladding Use any item 1-17 Item 7 may use any tested/approved installation technique. Items 8, 9 or 12 may use any standard installation technique. If Claddings 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 14, 15 or 16 are on stucco base with lath, a secondary WRB (WRB items above allowed over foam) can be installed between the insulation and lath and must not be full coverage asphalt or self-adhering membranes, but may be slip sheet (stapled) with no adhesive.	 Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick. Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (max.). Stucco – Minimum 3/a" thick, exterior cement plaster and lath. For systems that require a more durable WRB system, any building wrap or 15# felt that meets requirement #12 in WRB Over Exterior Insulation (Table 18) can be used as a slip sheet between the WRB/exterior insulation and the lath. Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as grouted/mortared stone. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 11/a" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard non- open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 11/a" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Any MCM that has passed NFPA 285. Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum or zinc. J4" (min.) uninsulated fiber-cement siding, or porcelain or ceramic tile mechanically attached. Stone, porcelain, ceramic/aluminum honeycomb composite building panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Autoclaved-aerated-concrete (AAC) panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Terra Cotta Cladding – Any Rain-screen Terra Cotta (min. 1/a" thick) with ventilated shiplap. J/a" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (1/2" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria or is approved for use in Type I-IV construction or has been tested per NFPA 285 or stays in place when tested per ASTM E119 (stucco exposed to fire) for at least 30 minutes. Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath that has been tested to ASTM E119 (brick exposed to





Table 13. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

	Wall Component	Materials
SI: 1	1 in = 25.4 mm	
1.	The assemblies' combination	s created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.
2.	•	E1354 testing have not been well established in the referenced building codes and foam sheathing related sections. The criteria products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.
3.		the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.

Table 14. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Base Wall System</i> Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 3⁵/₈" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' FRTW (fire-retardant-treated wood) studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by building code
<i>Fire-Stopping at Floor</i> <i>Lines</i> Use Item 1 or 2	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.
<i>Cavity Insulation</i> Use any Item 1-15 Items 8-15 may only be used with exterior sheathing 2 or the specified thickness	 None 11/2" (min.) of Carlisle® SPI SealTite PRO (up to full cavity thickness), SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or SealTite PRO One Zero (up to full cavity thickness for each) 11/2" (min.) of BASF Walltite SPF (up to full cavity thickness) Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any fiberglass (Batt type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any foam plastic insulation (SPF or board type) that has been tested per ASTM E1354 (at a min. of 20 kW/m² heat flux) and shown by analysis to be less flammable (improved T_{ign}, PK. HRR) than Covestro EcoBay CC or BASF Walltite NCFI InsulBloc SPF (up to full cavity thickness) Icynene MD-C-200v3 (Proseal) up to 51/2" (only with 1/2" [min.] exterior gypsum sheathing) SWD Urethane Quik-Shield 112 up to 6" in 6" (max.) stud cavities with an air gap not exceeding 21/2" 11. 11/2" (min.) Thermoseal 2000 (up to full cavity thickness) Carlisle SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO OCX – up to full cavity thickness with 1/2" (min.) exterior gypsum sheathing Gaco (Firestone) F6500R, 052N, F4500, 183M, F1850, F1880 – 31/2" (max.) for use with 5/8" Exterior Gypsum Sheathing JM Corbond III or Corbond IV – Full stud cavity depth or less for use with 5/8" exterior gypsum sheathing Huntsman ProSeal HFO (8" max. thickness with no air gap, 6" max. thickness with air gap) for use with 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing
<i>Exterior Sheathing</i> Use either 1, 2 or 3	 None (only with claddings 1-6, and cavity insulation 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 11). 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/2" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction





Table 14. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
Multi-Function Sheathing & WRB Products Use 1 or 2	 USG Securock® Exoair® 430 System – See note and Table 18 5/8" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints. Note: Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRBs on base wall surface in Table 18.
WRB Over Base Wall Surface	See Table 18
Exterior Insulation Use either 1 or 2 depending on cladding.	 3¹/₂" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Coated Glass or Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) for all claddings. 4" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Coated Glass or Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) for claddings 1-6.
WRB Over Exterior Insulation	See Table 18 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear® Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear® and the cladding. When CavClear® is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is $3/4$ " min.
<i>Exterior Cladding</i> Use any Item 1-17 Item 7 may use any tested/approved installation technique. Items 8, 9 or 12 may use any standard installation technique. If Claddings 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 14, 15 or 16 are on stucco base with lath, a secondary WRB (WRB items above allowed over foam) can be installed between the insulation and lath and must not be full coverage asphalt or self- adhering membranes, but may be slip sheet (stapled) with no adhesive.	 Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick. Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (max.) Stucco – Minimum ³/₄" thick, exterior cement plaster and lath. For systems that require a more durable WRB system, any building wrap or 15# felt that meets requirement #12 in WRB Over Exterior Insulation (Table 18) can be used as a slip sheet between the WRB/exterior insulation and the lath. Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 1" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as grouted/mortared stone. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 11/₂" thick complying with ICC-ES AC 51 using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 11/₄" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Any MCM that has passed NFPA 285. Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum (or zinc only with Defend-R Cl Coated Glass [Class A]) 1/₄" (min.) uninsulated fiber-cement siding, or porcelain or ceramic tile mechanically attached. Stone, porcelain, ceramic/aluminum honeycomb composite building panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Terra Cotta Cladding – Any Rain-screen Terra Cotta (min. 1/₂" thick) with ventilated shiplap. 1/₆" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (1/₂" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria or is approved for use in Type I-IV construction or has been tested per NFPA 285 or stays in place when tested per ASTM E119 (stucco exposed to fire) for at least 30 minutes. Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath that has been tested to ASTM E119 (brick exposed to furnace) and remains in place for a minimum of





Table 14. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
	 Glen Gery Thin Tech Elite Series Masonry Veneer or TABS II Panel System with ¹/₂" thick bricks using TABS Wall Adhesive. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum 1¹/₄" thick using any standard installation technique. FunderMax M.Look – minimum ¹/₄" thick using any standard installation technique
SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm	

1. The assemblies' combinations created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.

2. Acceptance criteria for ASTM E1354 testing have not been well established in the referenced building codes and foam sheathing related sections. The criteria stated have for substitution of products is based on testing and professional thermal analysis

stated here for substitution of products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.

3. T_{ign} is the time to ignition from the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.

Table 15. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Base Wall System</i> Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 3⁵/₈" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' FRTW (fire-retardant-treated wood) studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by code
Fire-Stopping at Floor Lines	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.
<i>Cavity Insulation</i> Use any Item 1-15 Items 3, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 may only be used with exterior sheathing 2 or the specified thickness	 None 11/2" (min.) of Carlisle® SPI SealTite PRO (up to full cavity thickness), SealTite PRO Closed Cell or SealTite PRO One Zero (up to full cavity thickness for each) 11/2" (min.) of BASF Walltite SPF (up to full cavity thickness) Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any foam plastic insulation (SPF or board type) that has been tested per ASTM E1354 (at a min. of 20 kW/m² heat flux) and shown by analysis to be less flammable (improved T_{ign}, PK. HRR) than Covestro EcoBay CC or BASF Walltite NCFI InsuBloc SPF (up to full cavity thickness) Icynene MD-C-200v3 (Proseal) up to 51/2" (only with 1/2" [min.] exterior gypsum sheathing) SWD Urethane Quik-Shield 112 up to 6" in 6" (max.) stud cavities with an air gap not exceeding 21/2" 11/2" (min.) Thermoseal 2000 (up to full cavity thickness) Carlisle SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO OCX – up to full cavity thickness with 1/2" (min.) exterior gypsum sheathing Gaco (Firestone) F6500R, 052N, F4500, 183M, F1850, F1880 – 31/2" (max.) for use with ⁵/8" Exterior Gypsum Sheathing





Table 15. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

-	Materials
	 JM Corbond III or Corbond IV – Full stud cavity depth or less for use with ⁵/₈" exterior gypsum sheathing Huntsman ProSeal HFO (8 in. max. thickness with no air gap, 6 inch max. thickness with air gap) for use with ¹/₂" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing
<i>Exterior Sheathing</i> Use either 1, 2 or 3	 None (only with cavity insulation 1, 2, 4, 5 or 6). Also see note for Cavity Insulation 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/2" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction.
Multi-Function Sheathing and WRB Products Use 1 or 2	 USG Securock® Exoair® 430 System – See note and Table 18. 5/8" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints. Note: Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRBs on base wall surface Table 18.
WRB Over Base Wall Surface	See Table 18
Exterior Insulation Use either 1 or 2 depending on cladding.	 4¹/₄" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) (3¹/₂" foam max., ³/₄" FR Plywood max.) with all claddings. 4³/₄" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) (4" foam max., ³/₄" FR Plywood max.) may be used with claddings 1-6.
WRB Over Exterior Insulation	See Table 18 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear® Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear® and the cladding. When CavClear® is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1-6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is $^{3}/_{4}$ " min.
Exterior Cladding Use any Item 1-17 Item 9 may use any tested/approved installation technique. Items 10, 11 and 14 may use any standard installation technique. If Claddings 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 14, 15 or 16 are on stucco base with lath, a secondary WRB (WRB items above allowed over foam) can be installed between the insulation and lath and must not be full coverage asphalt or self- adhering membranes, but may be slip sheet	 Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick. Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (max.) Stucco – Minimum ³/₄" thick, exterior cement plaster and lath. For systems that require a more durable WRB system, any building wrap or 15# felt that meets requirement #12 in WRB Over Exterior Insulation (Table 18) can be used as a slip sheet between the WRB/exterior insulation and the lath. Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as grouted/mortared stone. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 11/₂" thick complying with ICC-ES AC 51 using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 11/₄" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath that has been tested to ASTM E119 (brick exposed to furnace) and remains in place for a minimum of 30 minutes, or has passed a NFPA 285 test. Minimum ³/₄". For these systems that require a more durable WRB system, any building wrap or 15# felt that meets requirement #12 in WRB Over Exterior Insulation (Table 18) can be used as a slip sheet between the WRB/AVP and the lath. Glen Gery Thin Tech Elite Series Masonry Veneer or TABS II Panel System with ¹/₂" thick bricks using TABS Wall Adhesive. Any MCM that has passed NFPA 285. Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum (or zinc only with Defend-R CI Ply [Class A])





Table 15. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
(stapled) with no adhesive.	 Stone, porcelain, ceramic/aluminum honeycomb composite building panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Autoclaved-Aerated-Concrete (AAC) panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Terra Cotta Cladding – Any Rain-screen Terra Cotta (min. 1/2" thick) with ventilated shiplap. 1/2" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (1/2" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria or is approved for use in Type I-IV construction or has been tested per NFPA 285 or stays in place when tested per ASTM E119 (stucco exposed to fire) for at least 30 minutes. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum 11/4" thick using any standard installation technique. FunderMax m.Look – minimum 1/4" thick using any standard installation technique
SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm 1. The assemblies' combinations created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis. 2. Acceptance criteria for ASTM E1354 testing have not been well established in the referenced building codes and foam sheathing related sections. The criteria	

- stated here for substitution of products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.
- 3. T_{ign} is the time to ignition from the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.

Table 16. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
<i>Base Wall System</i> Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Cast concrete walls CMU concrete walls 25-gauge min. 3⁵/₈" (min.) steel studs spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Lateral bracing every 4' FRTW (fire-retardant-treated wood) studs: min. nominal 2"x4" dimension, spaced 24" o.c. (max.) a. ⁵/₈" Type X gypsum wallboard interior b. Bracing as required by code
Fire-Stopping at Floor Lines	 Any approved mineral-fiber-based safing insulation in each stud cavity at floor line. Safing thickness must match stud cavity depth. Solid FRTW fire blocking at floor line in accordance with building code requirements for Type III construction.
<i>Cavity Insulation</i> Use any Item 1-15 Items 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 may be used with Exterior Sheathing 2 or the sheathing thickness specified	 None 11/2" (min.) of Carlisle® SPI SealTite PRO (up to full cavity thickness), SealTite PRO Closed Cell, or Seal Tite PRO One Zero (up to full cavity thickness for each) 11/2" (min.) of BASF Walltite SPF (up to full cavity thickness) Any noncombustible insulation per ASTM E136 Any mineral fiber (Board type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any fiberglass (Batt type Class A ASTM E84 faced or unfaced) Any foam plastic insulation (SPF or board type) that has been tested per ASTM E1354 (at a min. of 20 kW/m² heat flux) and shown by analysis to be less flammable (improved T_{ign}, PK. HRR) than Covestro EcoBay CC or BASF Walltite NCFI InsulBloc SPF (up to full cavity thickness) Icynene MD-C-200v3 (Proseal) up to 51/2" (only with 1/2" [min.] exterior gypsum sheathing) SWD Urethane Quik-Shield 112 up to 6" (max.) stud cavities with an air gap not exceeding 21/2"





Table 16. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
	 Carlisle SealTite PRO High Yield, SealTite PRO Open Cell, SealTite PRO No Mix, SealTite PRO No Trim 21, or SealTite PRO OCX – up to full cavity thickness with 1/2" (min.) exterior gypsum sheathing Gaco (Firestone) F6500R, 052N, F4500, 183M, F1850, F1880 – 31/2" (max.) for use with 5/8" Exterior Gypsum Sheathing JM Corbond III or Corbond IV – Full stud cavity depth or less for use with 5/8" exterior gypsum sheathing Huntsman ProSeal HFO (8" max. thickness with no air gap, 6" max. thickness with air gap) for use with 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing
<i>Exterior Sheathing</i> Use either 1, 2 or 3	 None (only with cavity insulation 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6) 1/2" or thicker exterior gypsum sheathing 1/2" (min.) FRTW structural panels in Type III construction
Multi-Function Sheathing and WRB Products Use 1 or 2	 USG Securock® Exoair® 430 System – See note and Table 18 ⁵/8" Georgia Pacific DensElement, flashed with Prosoco R-Guard FastFlash on sheathing joints Note: Item 1 or 2 replaces the exterior sheathings above. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings or WRB's on base wall surface in Table 18
WRB Over Base Wall Surface	See Table 18
Exterior Insulation	1. 4" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS for all claddings listed
WRB Over Exterior Insulation	See Table 18 The exterior insulation may be used with or without CavClear® Masonry Mat over the insulation with a maximum 1" air gap between the CavClear® and the cladding. When CavClear® is used, this may only be used with Cladding 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 or with thin brick/thin stone adhered to stucco as long as the total thickness is $3/4$ " min.
Exterior Cladding Use any item 1-17 Item 7 may use any tested/approved installation technique. Items 8, 9 or 12 may use any standard installation technique. If Claddings 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 14, 15 or 16 are on stucco base with lath, a secondary WRB (WRB items above allowed over foam) can be installed between the insulation and lath and must not be	 Brick – Nominal 4" thick, clay or concrete brick or veneer with maximum 2" air gap behind the brick. Brick ties/Anchors 24" o.c. (max.). Stucco – Minimum ³/₄" thick, exterior cement plaster and lath. For systems that require a more durable WRB system, any building wrap or 15# felt that meets requirement #12 in WRB Over Exterior Insulation (Table 18) can be used as a slip sheet between the WRB/exterior insulation and the lath. Limestone – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Natural stone veneer – Minimum 2" thick using any standard non-open joint installation technique such as grouted/mortared stone. Cast Artificial Stone – Minimum 11/₂" thick complying with ICC-ES AC 51 using any standard non- open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Terra Cotta Cladding – Minimum 11/₄" thick (solid or equivalent by weight) using any standard open or non-open joint installation technique such as shiplap. Any MCM that has passed NFPA 285. Uninsulated sheet metal building panels including steel, copper, aluminum or zinc. 1/₄" (min.) uninsulated fiber-cement siding, or porcelain or ceramic tile mechanically attached. Stone, porcelain, ceramic/aluminum honeycomb composite building panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Autoclaved-Aerated-Concrete (AAC) panels that have successfully passed NFPA 285 criteria. Terra Cotta Cladding – Any Rain-screen Terra Cotta (min. 1/₂" thick) with ventilated shiplap.





Table 16. NFPA 285 Approved Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS Exterior Insulation^{1,4}

Wall Component	Materials
full coverage asphalt or self-adhering membranes, but may be slip sheet (stapled) with no adhesive.	 1/2" Stucco – Any one coat stucco (1/2" min.) that meets AC11 acceptance criteria or is approved for use in Type I-IV construction or has been tested per NFPA 285 or stays in place when tested per ASTM E119 (stucco exposed to fire) for at least 30 minutes. 14. Thin brick/cultured stone set in thin set adhesive and metal lath that has been tested to ASTM E119 (brick exposed to furnace) and remains in place for a minimum of 30 minutes, or has passed a NFPA 285 test. Minimum ³/₄". For these systems that require a more durable WRB system, any building wrap or 15# felt that meets requirement #12 in WRB Over Exterior Insulation (Table 18) can be used as a slip sheet between the WRB/AVP and the lath. 15. Glen Gery Thin Tech Elite Series Masonry Veneer or TABS II Panel System with ¹/₂" thick bricks using TABS Wall Adhesive. 16. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum 1¹/₄" thick using any standard installation technique. 17. FunderMax m.Look – minimum ¹/₄" thick using any standard installation technique
SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm	using TABS Wall Adhesive. 16. Natural Stone Veneer – minimum 11/4" thick using any standard installation technique.

1. The assemblies' combinations created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.

2. Acceptance criteria for ASTM E1354 testing have not been well established in the referenced building codes and foam sheathing related sections. The criteria stated here for substitution of products is based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis.

3. T_{ign} is the time to ignition from the start of the test until the sheathing ignites. Pk. HRR is the peak heat release rate during the test.





Table 17. NFPA 285 Approved Mass Wall Assemblies with Defend-R CI Products as Interior Insulation¹

Wall Component	Materials
Base Wall System Use either 1 or 2	 Cast concrete walls (min. 2" thick) CMU concrete walls (min. 4" thick)
<i>Exterior Coating</i> Use either 1, 2, 3 or 4	 Portland cement or lime stucco Any ASTM E84 Class A Paint or Elastomeric Coating Any ASTM E84 Class A Clear Sealer None
Air/Vapor Barrier Membrane Position 1 ¹ Over Base Wall Interior	See Table 18 - WRB over Base Wall Surface.
<i>Note</i> : Some WRBs are only allowed with specific systems.	
Continuous Insulation Use 1, 2 or 3	 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Defend-R CI Foil (286), 31/2" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) or Defend-R CI Coated Glass, 31/2" thick (max.) Defend-R CI Foil, 31/2" thick (max.)
<i>Air/Vapor Barrier Membrane Position 2² Over Insulation</i> <i>Note</i> : Some WRBs are	See Table 18 - WRB over Base Wall Surface. <i>Note</i> : Insulation Joints may be taped with Foil-Grip™ 1402, 4" width (max.)
only allowed with specific systems	
Interior Cladding	⁵ /8" type X interior gypsum sheathing installed directly over the insulation or installed to 3 ⁵ /8" (max. depth) studs or Metal Hat or Z Furring directly (no gap between stud/hat/Z and insulation). If an air gap between the stud/hat/Z and insulation is created, fire blocking with mineral wool per <u>IBC Section 718</u> , shall be installed.
	Mass wall designs are assumed to use platform construction (concrete floor line intersects exterior concrete creating a firestop at floor lines). If the floor line is separated from the exterior concrete, fireblocking with mineral wool must be installed to prevent uncontrolled vertical flame spread.
2. Position 1 – Air vapor barri	ons created herein and the various substitutions of products are based on testing and professional thermal engineering analysis. er installed directly on interior side of the base wall system. er installed over continuous insulation on interior side of the wall assembly. losition 1 or 2. not both.

5. Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Defend-R CI Foil (286) insulation can be tacked in place with CAV-Grip or Travel-Tack during installation. Follow instructions on product data sheet.



Table 18. NFPA 285 Allowable WRB Materials

Wall Component	Materials
WRB Over Base Wall Surface Use either 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 67, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 or None. Note: Some WRBs are only allowed with specific systems. Item 24 (Securock® Exoair® 430) or 25 (DensElement w/ FastFlash) replaces the exterior sheathings in Tables 5-8. When either of these items are used, do not use exterior sheathings listed in Tables 5-8 or WRBs on base wall surface in this table.	 Hunter Xci VP-SA WRB Carlisle@ Fire Resist 705 RS, Fire Resist Barrithene VP, Fire Resist 705 VP, Fire Resist 705 VP. Fire Resist 705 VP. The Vell SC VP. 702, 702 LV, 702 VB, CAV-Grp, and Low VOC Travel-Tack adhesives. CCW-705 (with 702 LV, 702 VB, CAV-Grp, and Low VOC Travel-Tack adhesives. CCW-705 (with 702 LV, 702 VB, CAV-Grp, and Low VOC Travel-Tack, or 702 adhesives may) be used with Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) or Defend-R CI Foil (266), or unfaced noncombustible insulation and cladding options 1-6 (Table 3) GE Momentive SEC 2500 SilShield SA. WR Grace Perm-A-Barrier® VPL, SPERM-A-Barrier® NPL (AKA, PAB NP20), Perm-A-Barrier® VPL, Perm-A-Barrier® VPL AT. The following may only be used with claddings 1-6 - Perm-A-Barrier® NPL 10, Perm-A-Barrier® VPL LT. The following may only be used with claddings 1-6 - Perm-A-Barrier® VPL 10, Perm-A-Barrier® VPL 50. StoGuard Vaporseal M 3015 (with Hold Fast 70 adhesive @ 6 mils) Henry Air-Bloc® 17MR, 21S, 31MR, 32MR (only with Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) (Class A), 33MR, Blueskin SA (only with Defend-R CI Ply [Class A] and claddings 1-6), Air-Bloc® 16MR, Blueskin VP 160. Tyrek CommercialWrap or CommercialWrap D, Fluid Applied WB (only with Defend-R CI Ply [Class A] or Defend-R CI Foil (Class A). PolyGuard Spray-N-Roil (STPE), Air Lok Sheet UV400NP, Air Lok Flex VP, FlexGuard, Air Lok Flex, Air Lok Sheet 400 NP (Only with Cladding 1-6) (Table 3) Prosoco R-Guard Cat 5, R-Guard Cat 5 Rainscreen, R-Guard VB or R-Guard Spray Wrap MVP Diryki Backstop NT WR Meadows Air Shield LMP (Gray), Air Shield LMP (Black), Air Shield TMP, Air Shield LSR Dörken Systems, Inc., Delta-Vent SA, Delta-Fassade S, Delta Max



Table 18. NFPA 285 Allowable WRB Materials

Wall Component	Materials
WRB Over Exterior	1. Hunter Xci VP-SA WRB
Insulation	2. Carlisle® Fire Resist 705 RS, Fire Resist Barrithane VP, Fire Resist 705 VP (with 702 WB, Cav-Grip,
Use any Item 1-27 or	or Low VOC Travel-Tack adhesives), Fire Resist 705 FR-A (with CCW 702, 702LV, 702 WB, CAV-
None	Grip, and Low VOC Travel Adhesives), Fire Resist Barritech NP
	3. GE Momentive SEC 2500 SilShield, Elemax 2600
Note: Some WRBs are	4. VaproShield WrapShield SA, RevealShield SA
only allowed with	5. Grace Perm-A-Barrier® NPL (AKA, PAB NP20), Perm-A-Barrier® VPL, Perm-A-Barrier® Aluminum
specific systems	Wall Membrane (AWM), Perm-A-Barrier® VPL LT, Perm-A-Barrier® VPS.
	6. Henry Air-Bloc® 17MR, 21S, 31MR, Blueskin® VP160 (only with Defend-R CI Ply [Class A]), Air-Bloc®
	33MR and 16MR.
	7. Tyvek CommercialWrap or StuccoWrap
	8. Polyguard Air Lok Sheet UV400 NP, Air Lok Flex (only with claddings 1-6), Air Lok Flex VP (over
	Defend-R CI Ply with any cladding listed or over the other Defend-R CI foam products listed with
	claddings 1-6) (Table 3)
	9. Prosoco R-Guard Cat 5, R-Guard Cat 5 Rainscreen, R-Guard VB or R-Guard Spray Wrap MVP
	 Sto Gold coat or Emerald Coat (only with Defend-R CI Ply (Class A)) Dryvit Backstop NT
	12. Any WRB that has been tested per ASTM E1354 (at a minimum of 20 kW/m ² heat flux) and shown by
	analysis to be less flammable (improved T _{ign} , Pk. HRR) than those listed above
	13. 3" Aluma-GRIP™ 701 or 4" FG-1402 joint tape may be interchanged. (Hardcast AFT is a rebrand of
	Aluma-GRIP™ 701).
	14. WR Meadows Air Shield LMP (Gray), Air Shield LMP (Black), Air Shield TMP, Air Shield LSR
	15. Dörken Systems, Inc., Delta-Vent SA, Delta-Vent S, Delta-Fassade S, Delta Maxx.
	16. Soprema Sopraseal Stick VP (with Claddings 1-6, not with Defend-R CI Foil), Soprasolin HD
	17. Pecora XL Perm Ultra VP
	18. Siga Majvest (for all claddings) or Majvest 500 SA (only with Claddings 1-6)
	19. Fortifiber Building Systems Group WeatherSmart Housewrap, WeatherSmart Drainable or
	WeatherSmart Commercial
	20. Dow Chemical DefendAir 200 (or LT version) or DefendAir 200C (Charcoal)
	21. Hohmann & Barnard Enviro Barrier VP
	22. STS FW100A
	23. Karnak 321 K-NRG
	24. Jumpstart HWW-65A, HWW-65B, HWHP-80A, HWMP-90A, HWD2-72A, HWHPT-92A, HWMPC-105A
	25. Master Wall Rollershield
	26. Parex WeatherSeal Spray & Roll-On
	27. 3M 3015 VP
SI: 1 in. = 25.4 mm	
	ay be used for attachment of the polyisocyanurate (polyiso) insulation:
	iscontinuously at a rate of 3/6" x 3" dabs, 16" o.c.: LM 800 XL or BarriBond or BarriBond XL
b. Aerosol adhesive a	t the application rate as per mfg. instructions: CAV-Grip™ or Low VOC Travel-Tack

- D. Aerosol adhesive at the application rate as per mtg. instructions: CAV-Grip™ or Low VOC Travel-Tack The following may be used as gap filler between insulation panels: FOMO HandiFoam FireBlock and TVM FireBlock.
- 3. These CCW detailing materials may be used over the base wall assembly. The detailing materials can be used alone or with any approved WRB for the construction.
 - c. Board Joint Treatments:

2.

- iii. 2" x 40 mil ribbon of BarriBond or BarriBond XL
- iv. 4" DCH Reinforcing Rabric embedded in Fire-Resist Barritech VP/NP/NP LT or embedded in Fire Resist Barrithane VP
- v. 4" Foil-GRIP 1402 (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
- vi. 4" AlumaGRIP 701 (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)



Table 18. NFPA 285 Allowable WRB Materials

	Wall	Com	ponent	Materials
	man			
	d.		nination Mastic iBond XL	for Flashing/Membrane: 1" x 40 mil ribbon or tooled 3/8" bead of SURE-SEAL Lap Sealant, CCW-704, LM 800 XL, BarriBond, or
	e.	Deta	ail Flashing, 3" o	on each side, at Openings, Terminations, Penetrations, Transitions and Angle Changes.
		i.		T, CCW-705 TWF/XLT, or Fire Resist 705 FR-A/XLT (all with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 2 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
		ii.		P/S Elastoform or SURE-SEAL P/S Cover Strip (both with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, 3, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
		iii.	LiquiFiber or I	DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Barritech VP/NP/NP LT
		iv.	40 mil applica	ation of BarriBond, BarriBond XL, or Barrithane VP
4.	Thes	e CCV	V detailing mate	erials may be used over the polyiso insulation and can be use alone or with any approved WRB for the assembly.
	f.	Boa	rd Joint Treatm	ents:
		۷.	2" x 40 mil rib	bon of BarriBond or BarriBond XL
		vi.	4" DCH Reinf	orcing Rabric embedded in Fire-Resist Barritech VP/NP/NP LT or embedded in Fire Resist Barrithane VP
		vii.		1402 (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel- rip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
		viii.		P 701 (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel- rip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
	g.	Terr	nination Mastic	for Flashing/Membrane: 1" x 40 mil ribbon or tooled 3/8" bead of SURE-SEAL Lap Sealant, LM 800 XL, BarriBond, or BarriBond XL
	h.	Deta	ail Flashing, 3" o	on each side, at Openings, Terminations, Penetrations, Transitions and Angle Changes.
		ix.	Fire Resist 70 Travel-Tack, 0	05 FR-A/XLT (with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
		Х.		P/S Elastoform or SURE-SEAL P/S Cover Strip (both with surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, 3, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-Grip, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
		xi.	LiquiFiber or I	DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Barritech VP/NP/NP LT
		xii.	40 mil applica	tion of BarriBond, BarriBond XL, or Barrithane VP
5.	perm	nitted fo e exter	or use in wall as	ning for fenestration, including through-wall flashing (TWF), are not considered part of the WRB (ref: 2015 IBC Section 1405.4). TWF is ssemblies clad with masonry or stone at the base of wall, head of wall, relieving angle, window head, windowsill and at other interruptions shall be applied a maximum of 8" onto the back-up wall and terminate at daylight or onto a drip edge. The following TWF products may
	a.			th surface preparation as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet)
	b.	Pre-	Kleened EPDN	1 TWF loose-laid or adhered with SURE-SEAL 90-8-30A bonding Adhesive or SURE-SEAL Low VOC Bonding Adhesive
	C.	Met	al TWF by othe	rs
6.				d over Fire-Resist 705 RS at membrane splices, terminations, and penetrations. Fire-Resist 705 RS and the substrate may be treated LV, CCW-702 WB, or Low VOC Travel-Tack to promote adhesion of BRT-801.
7.	Fire-	Resist	705 RS may be	e used in the following applications:
	a.	Ove	r the exterior in	sulation, while another approved WRB is used over the base wall assembly.
	b.			base wall assembly while no exterior insulation is used. Use only WRBs listed below:
		i.	CC Fire Resis	st 705 FR-A
		ii.	Other WRBs t	that produce no ignition when tested per ASTM E1354 at a heat flux of 50 kW/m ² .
8.	Insul	ating c	oating applied o	over noncombustible substrate can be used for mitigating thermal bridging at wall assembly terminations and penetrations. Coating

Insulating coating applied over noncombustible substrate can be used for mitigating thermal bridging at wall assembly terminations and penetrations. Coating applied in these conditions cover a small percentage of the total wall surface area. The following products are allowed:

- a. Aerolon 945 tape with primer by Tnemec
- b. Aerolon 971 coating with primer by Tnemec





Table 19. Table Notes

Note 1:	The following adhesives may be used to attach the polyisocyanurate (polyiso) insulation.	
	 Adhesive applied discontinuously at a rate of ³/₈" x 3" dabs, 16" OC: LM 800 XL or BarriBond or BarriBond XL 	
	 Aerosol adhesive at the application rate as per mfg. instructions: CAV-GRIP™ or Low VOC Travel-Tack 	
Note 2:	The following may be used as a gap-filler between insulation panels: FOMO HandiFoam Fireblock or TVM Fireblock	

Note 3: These CCW detailing materials may be used over the base wall assembly and alone or with any approved WRB for the construction.

- 1) Board Joint Treatments:
 - a. 2" x 40 mil ribbon of BarriBond or BarriBond XL
 - b. 4" DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Fire-Resist Barritech VP/NP/NP LT or embedded in Fire Resist Barrithane VP
 - c. 4" Foil-GRIP 1402*
 - d. 4" AlumaGRIP 701*
- 2) Termination Mastic for Flashing/Membrane: 1" X 40 mil ribbon or tooled ³/₈" bead of SURE-SEAL Lap Sealant, CCW-704, LM 800 XL, BarriBond or BarriBond XL
- 3) Detail Flashing, 3" on each side, at Openings, Terminations, Penetrations, Transitions and Angle Changes.
 - a. CCW-705/XLT*, CCW-705 TWF/XLT* or Fire Resist 705 FR-A/XLT*
 - b. SURE-SEAL P/S Elastoform* or SURE-SEAL P/S Cover Strip*
 - c. LiquiFiber or DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Barritech VP/NP/NP LT
 - d. 40 mil application of BarriBond, BarriBond XL, or Barrithane VP
- Prepare the surface as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-GRIP, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet.

Note 4: These CCW detailing materials may be used over the polyiso insulation and alone or with any approved WRB for the assembly.

- 1) Board Joint Treatments:
 - a. 2" x 40 mil ribbon of BarriBond or BarriBond XL
 - b. 4" DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Fire-Resist Barritech VP/NP/NP LT or embedded in Fire Resist Barrithane VP
 - c. 4" Foil-GRIP 1402*
 - d. 4" AlumaGRIP 701*
- 2) Termination Mastic for Flashing/Membrane: 1" X 40 mil ribbon or tooled ³/₈" bead of SURE-SEAL Lap Sealant, LM 800 XL, BarriBond or BarriBond XL
- 3) Detail Flashing, 3" on each side at Openings, Terminations, Penetrations, Transitions and Angle Changes
 - e. Fire Resist 705 FR-A/XLT*
 - f. SURE-SEAL P/S Elastoform* or SURE-SEAL P/S Cover Strip*
 - g. LiquiFiber or DCH Reinforcing Fabric embedded in Barritech VP/NP/NP LT
 - h. 40 mil application of BarriBond, BarriBond XL, or Barrithane VP
- * Prepare the surface as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-GRIP, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet.





- *Note 5:* In the NFPA 285 test, flashings for fenestration, including Through-Wall Flashing (TWF), are not considered part of the WRB (Ref: <u>2015 IBC Section 1403.5</u>). Therefore, suitable combustible or noncombustible flashings are permitted in wall assemblies as required in Building Code (Ref: <u>2015</u> <u>IBC Section 1405.4</u>). TWF is allowed for use in wall assemblies clad with masonry or stone at the base of wall, head of wall, relieving angle, window head, windowsill and at other interruptions in the exterior cavity. TWF shall be applied a maximum of 8" onto the back-up wall and terminate at daylight or onto a drip edge. The following TWF products may be used:
 - 1) CCW-705 TWF/XLT*
 - 2) Pre-Kleened EPDM TWF loose-laid or adhered with SURE-SEAL 90-8-30A bonding Adhesive or SURE-SEAL Low VOC Bonding Adhesive
 - 3) Metal TWF by others
- *Note 6:* BRT-801 tape may be used over Fire-Resist 705 RS at membrane splices, terminations, and penetrations. Fire-Resist 705 RS and the substrate may be treated with CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, or Low VOC Travel-Tack to promote adhesion of BRT-801.
- *Note 7:* Fire-Resist 705 RS may be used in the following applications:
 - 1) Over the exterior insulation, while another approved WRB is used over the base wall assembly.
 - Over a WRB on the base wall assembly while no exterior insulation is used. Use only WRBs listed below:
 - c. CC Fire Resist 705 FR-A
 - d. Other WRBs that produce no ignition when tested per ASTM E1354 at a heat flux of 50 $kW/m^2.$
- *Note 8:* Insulating coating over a noncombustible substrate can mitigate thermal bridging at wall assembly terminations and penetrations. Coating in these conditions covers a small percentage of the total wall surface area. The following products are allowed:
 - 1) Aerolon 945 tape with primer by Tnemec
 - 2) Aerolon 971 coating with primer by Tnemec
- Prepare the surface as recommended by CCW using CCW-702, CCW-702 LV, CCW-702 WB, CCW-715, Low VOC Travel-Tack, CAV-GRIP, HP 250 Primer, or Low VOC EPDM Primer per instructions on Product Data Sheet.



Notes

- ¹ For more information, visit dricertification.org or call us at 608-310-6748.
- ² https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1702
- ³ Alternative Materials, Design and Methods of Construction and Equipment: The provisions of any regulation code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by a regulation. Please review <u>https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission and https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.11</u>
- 4 <u>https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706:~:text=the%20design%20strengths%20and%20permissible%20stresses%20shall%20be%20established%20by%20tests%20as</u>
- ⁵ The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice. <u>https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-</u>
- tests#1706:~:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-
- tests#1707.1:~:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies
- 7 https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4.2
- 8 <u>https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved_agency</u>
- 9 https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved_source
- https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832 (b) Any organization that commits any offense described in subsection (a) shall be fined not more than the greater of \$5,000,000 or 3 times the value of the stolen trade secret to the organization, including expenses for research and design and other costs of reproducing the trade secret that the organization has thereby avoided. The <u>federal government</u> and each state have a <u>public records act</u>. To follow DTSA and comply state public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification bodies or approved sources. For more information, please review this website: <u>Intellectual Property and Trade Secrets</u>.
- 11 <u>https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional AND https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineeringboards-in-each-state-archive/</u>
- 12 https://www.cbitest.com/accreditation/
- ¹³ https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104:~:text=to%20enforce%20the%20provisions%20of%20this%20code
- 14 https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-

administration#104.11:~:text=Where%20the%20alternative%20material%2C%20design%20or%20method%20of%20construction%20is%20not%20approved%2C%20the%20buildi ng%20official%20shall%20respond%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20why%20the%20alternative%20was%20not%20approved https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-andadministration#105.3.1:~:text=If%20the%20application%20or%20the%20construction%20documents%20do%20not%20conform%20to%20the%20the%20eptrinen t%20laws%2C%20the%20building%20official%20shall%20reject%20such%20application%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20therefore

- https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-andtests#1707.1:~:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies%20in%20respect%20to%20the%20 guality%20and%20manner%20of%20use%20of%20new%20materials%20or%20assemblies%20as%20provided%20for%20in%20Section%20104.11
- https://iaf.nu/en/about-iafmla/#:~:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessmen t%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope
- ¹⁷ True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- 18 https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law AND https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission
- ¹⁹ Unless otherwise noted, all references in this Listing are from the 2021 version of the codes and the standards referenced therein. This material, product, design, service and/or method of construction also complies with the 2000-2021 versions of the referenced codes and the standards referenced therein.
- 20 <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#p-3280.2(Listed%20or%20certified); https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#listed AND <u>https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#labeled</u></u>
- 21 2018 IECC Section C402.5.1.2.2
- ²² 2015 IBC Section 1404.2
- ²³ WRB is not required for detached accessory buildings.
- ²⁴ 2015 IBC Section 1405.16
- 25 2015 IBC Section 1405.16.1
- ²⁶ <u>2015 IBC Section 1405.16.2</u>
- 27 2015 IBC Section 803.1.2
- 27 2015 IBC Section 803.1.2
 28 2015 IBC Section 803.1.2
- 28 2015 IBC Section 803.1.2
- ²⁹ <u>https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4</u>
- 30 <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-</u>

3280#:~:text=All%20construction%20methods%20shall%20be%20in%20conformance%20with%20accepted%20engineering%20practices%20to%20insure%20durable%2C%20liv able%2C%20and%20safe%20housing%20and%20shall%20demonstrate%20acceptable%20workmanship%20reflecting%20journeyman%20quality%20of%20work%20of%20the% 20various%20trades

Report Number: 2403-06 Defend-R CI Foil (Class A), Defend-R CI Foil (Class A) PLUS, Defend-R CI Foil (286), Defend-R CI Coated Glass (Class A) and Defend-R CI Ply (Class A) Air Barrier Water-Resistive Barrier and Fire Performance in Exterior and Interior Walls of Buildings of Type I-V Construction Confidential Intellectual Property Is protected by Defend Trade Secrets Act 2016, ©DrJ Engineering, LLC





³¹ <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-</u>

- 3280#:~:text=The%20strength%20and%20rigidity%20of%20the%20component%20parts%20and/or%20the%20integrated%20structure%20shall%20be%20determined%20by%20 engineering%20analysis%20or%20by%20suitable%20load%20tests%20to%20simulate%20the%20actual%20loads%20and%20conditions%20of%20application%20that%20occur
- ³² Qualification is performed by a legislatively defined <u>Accreditation Body</u>. <u>ANSI National Accreditation Board (ANAB)</u> is the largest independent accreditation body in North America and provides services in more than 75 countries. <u>DrJ</u> is an ANAB accredited <u>product certification body</u>.
- ³³ See Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) <u>Title 24 Subtitle B Chapter XX Part 3280</u> for definition.
- ³⁴ 2018 IFC Section 104.9
- ³⁵ Approved is an adjective that modifies the noun after it. For example, Approved Agency means that the Agency is accepted officially as being suitable in a particular situation. This example conforms to IBC/IRC/IFC Section 201.4 where the building code authorizes sentences to have an ordinarily accepted meaning such as the context implies.
- ³⁶ https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1
- 37 Multilateral approval is true for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- ³⁸ 2018 IBC Section 110.3.9, 2015 IBC Section 110.3.8
- ³⁹ <u>2018 IBC Section 110.3.10, 2015 IBC Section 110.3.9</u>
- ⁴⁰ <u>http://www.drjengineering.org/AppendixC</u> AND <u>https://www.drjcertification.org/cornell-2016-protection-trade-secrets</u>
- 41 https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=imprisoned%20not%20more%20than%2010%20years
- 42 https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=Any%20organization%20that,has%20thereby%20avoided
- 43 https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706.2
- ⁴⁴ IBC 2021, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards
- 45 IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General
- ⁴⁶ See Section 11 for the distilled building code definition of **Approved**
- ⁴⁷ Los Angeles Municipal Code, SEC. 98.0503. TESTING AGENCIES
- 48 https://up.codes/viewer/california/ca-building-code-2022/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1
- ⁴⁹ New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies
- ⁵⁰ New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies
- 51 https://up.codes/viewer/new_jersey/ibc-2018/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1
- 52 https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/codes/codreg/ucc.html
- 53 https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3282/subpart-A/section-3282.14
- 54 https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280
- ⁵⁵ IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, 1706.2 New Materials, Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.2.
- ⁵⁶ IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General. Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1707.1.
- 57 <u>https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional AND https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineeringboards-in-each-state-archive/</u>
- ⁵⁸ IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.1.
- 59 https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-

mla/#:~:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessmen t%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope

- ⁶⁰ True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- ⁶¹ <u>https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law</u> AND <u>https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission</u>