



Listing and Technical Evaluation Report™

A Duly Authenticated Report from an Approved Agency

Report No: 2309-04



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EnergyShield® and ThermalStar® Extended Plate Wall Systems

Trade Secret Report Holder:

Atlas Roofing Corporation

Phone: 800-388-6134

Website: www.atlasmoldedproducts.com or www.atlasrwi.com

CSI Designations:

DIVISION: 06 00 00 - WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES

Section: 06 10 00 - Rough Carpentry

Section: 06 12 00 - Structural Panels

DIVISION: 07 00 00 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

Section: 07 20 00 - Thermal Protection

Section: 07 21 00 - Thermal Insulation

Section: 07 27 00 - Air Barriers

1 Innovative Products Evaluated¹

1.1 EnergyShield and ThermalStar FPIS Products:

1.1.1 ThermalStar Products (ASTM C578 Type II):²

- 1.1.1.1 ThermalStar GPS
- 1.1.1.2 ThermalStar Laminated Wall Insulation (LWI)
- 1.1.1.3 ThermalStar Wall Insulation Board (WIB)
- 1.1.1.4 ThermalStar Tongue & Groove (T&G) Insulation

1.1.2 EnergyShield Products:

- 1.1.2.1 EnergyShield
- 1.1.2.2 EnergyShield CGF
- 1.1.2.3 EnergyShield CGF Pro

2 Product Description and Materials

2.1 The innovative products evaluated in this report are shown in **Figure 1**.

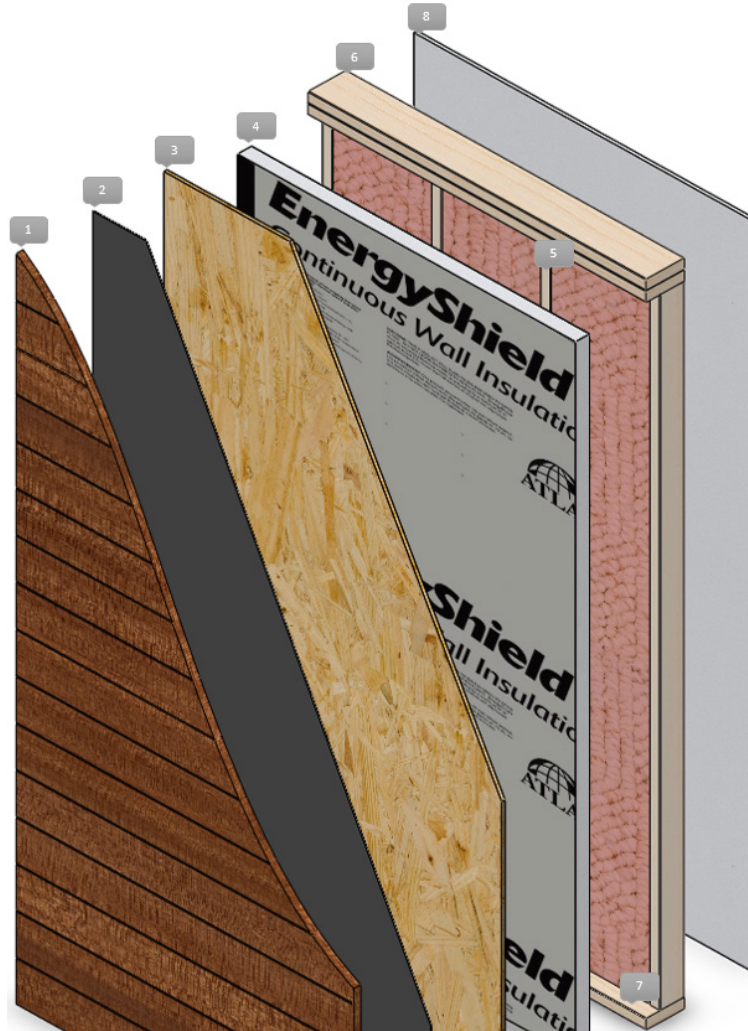


Figure 1. EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System

2.2 The EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System are composed of the following listed from interior to exterior (See **Figure 1**):

2.2.1 Interior Gypsum Wallboard (GWB)

2.2.2 Nominal 2x studs, with top and bottom plate one dimension larger than the studs

2.2.2.1 This configuration provides a 2" pocket for a rigid insulation to be applied continuously across the studs.

2.2.3 2" EnergyShield or ThermalStar rigid foam insulation products listed in **Section 1.1**.

2.2.3.1 Wood structural panel

2.2.3.2 Water resistive barrier

2.2.3.3 Exterior wall covering



2.3 This configuration provides more than ninety five percent (95%) of the wall area free of thermal bridging.

2.3.1 Common methods and materials for framing, air sealing, insulation, drainage plane and siding attachment are used.

2.3.2 Double rim board (beam) that is also a header and is inset to provide space for a thermal break.

Table 1. Product Information

Product	Description ¹	Facers	Length and Width (in)	Thickness (in)
ThermalStar SWi	Molded closed-cell Expanded Polystyrene (EPS) foam plastic insulation sheathing complying with ASTM C578 Type II requirements.	a) Film facer (serves as a water-resistive barrier, WRB, when properly flashed and taped) b) 0.108" fiberboard facer	Standard Width: 48" Standard Lengths: 96", 108" or 120"	1¾" or 2"
ThermalStar LWI		Film Facer		
ThermalStar WIB				
ThermalStar T&G Insulation				
ThermalStar GPS	Neopor Graphite Polystyrene (GPS) rigid foam plastic insulation sheathing complying with ASTM C578 Type II requirements.	None		
EnergyShield	Closed cell Polyisocyanurate (polyiso) foam plastic insulation sheathing complying with ASTM C1289	Tri-laminate foil on both faces (ASTM C1289 Type I, Class 1)		
EnergyShield CGF		Non-reflective, coated glass-mat facer on both faces (ASTM C1289 Type II, Class 2)		
EnergyShield CGF Pro		High performance coated glass facer on both faces (ASTM C1289 Type II, Class 2)		

1. Foam must have a minimum compressive strength of 15 psi.

2.4 For material properties of EnergyShield products, see Report Number [2209-01](#), Report Number [2202-01](#) and Report Number [1306-03](#).

2.5 For material properties of ThermalStar products, see Report Number [1905-02](#).

2.6 The sizes of the EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System are as follows:

2.6.1 2 x 4 studs with 2 x 6 plates and 2" EnergyShield Polyiso or ThermalStar EPS/GPS products.

2.6.2 2 x 6 studs with 2 x 7.5 plates³ and 2" EnergyShield Polyiso or ThermalStar EPS/GPS products.

2.6.3 2 x 6 studs with 2 x 8 plates and 1³/₄" of EnergyShield Polyiso or ThermalStar EPS/GPS products.⁴

2.7 As needed, review material properties for design in **Section 6** and to regulatory evaluation in **Section 8**.



3 Definitions

- 3.1 New Materials⁵ are defined as building materials, equipment, appliances, systems or methods of construction not provided for by prescriptive and/or legislatively adopted regulations, known as alternative materials.⁶ The design strengths and permissible stresses shall be established by tests⁷ and/or engineering analysis.⁸
- 3.2 Duly authenticated reports⁹ and research reports¹⁰ are test reports and related engineering evaluations, which are written by an approved agency¹¹ and/or an approved source.¹²
- 3.2.1 These reports contain intellectual property and/or trade secrets, which are protected by the Defend Trade Secrets Act (DTSA).¹³
- 3.3 An approved agency is “approved” when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is listed in the ANAB directory.
- 3.4 An approved source is “approved” when a professional engineer (i.e., Registered Design Professional) is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the state legislature via its professional engineering regulations.¹⁴
- 3.5 Testing and/or inspections conducted for this duly authenticated report were performed by an ISO/IEC 17025 accredited testing laboratory, an ISO/IEC 17020 accredited inspection body and/or a licensed Registered Design Professional (RDP).
- 3.5.1 The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) is ANAB¹⁵ ISO/IEC 17025 and ISO/IEC 17020 accredited.
- 3.6 The regulatory authority shall enforce¹⁶ the specific provisions of each legislatively adopted regulation. If there is a non-conformance, the specific regulatory section and language of the non-conformance shall be provided in writing¹⁷ stating the nonconformance and the path to its cure.
- 3.7 The regulatory authority shall accept duly authenticated reports from an approved agency and/or an approved source with respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in regulations regarding the use of alternative materials, designs, or methods of construction.¹⁸
- 3.8 ANAB is an International Accreditation Forum (IAF) Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (MLA) signatory where recognition of certificates, validation and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.¹⁹ Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 duly authenticated reports are approval equivalent.²⁰
- 3.9 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.²¹

4 Applicable Standards for the Listing; Regulations for the Regulatory Evaluation²²

- 4.1 *Standards*
- 4.1.1 *ASTM E72: Standard Test Methods of Conducting Strength Tests of Panels for Building Construction*
- 4.1.2 *ASTM E564: Standard Practice for Static Load Test for Shear Resistance of Framed Walls for Buildings*
- 4.1.3 *DOE/EE-1730 Extended Plate and Beam Construction Guide*
- 4.1.4 *DOE/EE-1785 Extended plate and Beam Wall System*
- 4.2 Structural performance for shear wall assemblies used as lateral force resisting systems in Seismic Design Categories A through F, have been tested and evaluated in accordance with the following standards:
- 4.2.1 *ASCE/SEI 7: Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures*
- 4.2.2 *ASTM D7989: Standard Practice for Demonstrating Equivalent In-Plane Lateral Seismic Performance to Wood-Frame Shear Walls Sheathed with Wood Structural Panels*
- 4.2.2.1 ASTM D7989 is accepted engineering practice used to establish Seismic Design Coefficients (SDCs).



- 4.2.2.2 Test data generated by ISO/IEC 17025 approved agencies and/or professional engineers, which use ASTM D7989 as their basis, are defined as intellectual property and/or trade secrets.
- 4.2.2.3 All professional engineering evaluations are defined as an independent design review (i.e., Listings, certified reports, duly authenticated reports, from approved agencies, and/or research reports are independently prepared by approved agencies and/or approved sources) when signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer pursuant to registration law.

4.2.3 *ASTM E564: Standard Practice for Static Load Test for Shear Resistance of Framed Walls for Buildings*

4.2.4 *ASTM E2126: Standard Test Methods for Cyclic (Reversed) Load Test for Shear Resistance of Vertical Elements of the Lateral Force Resisting Systems for Buildings*

4.3 Regulations

- 4.3.1 *IBC – 15, 18, 21: International Building Code®*
- 4.3.2 *IRC – 15, 18, 21: International Residential Code®*
- 4.3.3 *IECC – 15, 18, 21: International Energy Conservation Code®*

5 Listed²³

- 5.1 Equipment, materials, products or services included in a List published by a nationally recognized testing laboratory (i.e., CBI), approved agency (i.e., CBI and DrJ), and/or approved source (i.e., DrJ) or other organization concerned with product evaluation (i.e., DrJ) that maintains periodic inspection (i.e., CBI) of production of listed equipment or materials, and whose listing states either that the equipment or material meets nationally recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for use in a specified manner.

6 Tabulated Properties Generated from Nationally Recognized Standards

6.1 Prescriptive IRC Bracing Applications

- 6.1.1 The EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System may be used on braced wall lines as an equivalent alternative to IRC Method WSP and CS-WSP when installed in accordance with IRC Section R602.10 and this report.
- 6.1.2 Required braced wall panel lengths for the EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System shall be in accordance with IRC Section R602.10.3.

6.2 Prescriptive IBC Conventional Light-Frame Wood Construction

- 6.2.1 The EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System may be used to brace exterior walls of buildings as an equivalent alternative to IBC Section 2301.2, Method 3. Bracing shall be in accordance with the conventional light-frame construction method of IBC Section 2308.6 and this report.

- 6.3 The minimum aspect ratio shall be x:x or minimum panel width shall be xx", whichever is greater.

6.4 Performance Based Wood-Frame Construction

- 6.4.1 The EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System are designed as shear walls and are permitted to be designed in accordance with the methodology used in SDPWS for WSP using the capacities shown in **Table 2**.
- 6.4.2 EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System shear walls are permitted to resist horizontal wind load forces using the allowable shear loads (in pounds per linear foot) set forth in **Table 2**.

**Table 2.** Allowable Stress Design (ASD) Capacity – Wind

Product	Joint Condition	Fastener ¹	Fastener Spacing (edge:field) (in)	Maximum Stud Spacing (in)	Gypsum Wallboard (GWB)	Allowable Unit Shear Capacity ² (plf)
EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System	Butted	0.131" x 3.5" nails	3:6	16 o.c.	None	255
ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System						

SI: 1" = 25.4 mm, 1 lb/ft = 0.0146 kN/m

1. See **Table 5** for a full connection schedule.

2. Solid sawn lumber used as wall studs and plates shall have a minimum oven-dry specific gravity of 0.42.

6.5 Thermal Performance

6.5.1 R-values for the EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System are provided in **Table 3**.

6.5.2 R-values for the ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System are provided in **Table 4**.

Table 3. Thermal Performance of EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System

EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System Assembly	Maximum Stud Spacing (in)	R-Value (F°·ft ² ·hr/Btu)	
		Nominal ¹	Assembly ²
2 x 4 studs with 2 x 6 plates and 2" of EnergyShield	16 o.c.	13+13.1	24.51
		15+13.1	25.84
2 x 6 studs with 2 x 7.5 plates ³ and 2" of EnergyShield	24 o.c.	19+13.1	29.88
		21+13.1	30.84
2 x 6 studs with 2 x 8 plates and 1 3/4" of EnergyShield	24 o.c.	19+11.4	28.12
		21+11.4	28.97
2 x 4 studs with 2 x 6 plates and 2" of EnergyShield CGF/CGF Pro	16 o.c.	13+12.1	23.90
		15+12.1	25.16
2 x 6 studs with 2 x 7.5 plates ³ and 2" of EnergyShield CGF/CGF Pro	24 o.c.	19+12.1	28.97
		21+12.1	29.88
2 x 6 studs with 2 x 8 plates and 1 3/4" of EnergyShield CGF/CGF Pro	24 o.c.	19+10.5	27.31
		21+10.5	28.12

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 F·ft²·h/Btu = 0.1761 K·m²/W

1. The first value is cavity insulation and the second value is continuous insulation (i.e., "15+13.1" means R-15 cavity insulation plus R-13.1 continuous insulation).

2. The calculated assembly value assumes typical wall materials of gypsum drywall, SPF lumber, fiberglass batt insulation, EnergyShield products, OSB structural sheathing, WRB and vinyl siding.

a. 16" o.c. framing assumes 75%/20.6%/4.4% thermal path ratios (cavity/framing/cantilevered plates)

b. 24" o.c. framing assumes 78%/17.6%/4.4% thermal path ratios (cavity/framing/cantilevered plates)

3. Plate dimension is actual dimension achieved by ripping down 2x10s.



Table 4. Thermal Performance of ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System

ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System Assembly	Maximum Stud Spacing (in)	R-Value (F°·ft²·hr /Btu)	
		Nominal ¹	Assembly ²
2x4 studs with 2x6 plates and 2" of ThermalStar SWi	16 o.c.	13+8.8	20.34
		15+8.8	21.73
2x4 studs with 2x6 plates and 2" of ThermalStar LWI/WIB/T&G	16 o.c.	13+8.4	19.91
		15+8.4	21.24
2x6 studs with 2x7.5 plates ³ and 2" of ThermalStar LWI/WIB/T&G	24 o.c.	19+8.4	25.16
		21+8.4	25.84
2x6 studs with 2x8 plates and 1¾" of ThermalStar LWI/WIB/T&G	24 o.c.	19+7.4	23.90
		21+7.4	25.16
2x4 studs with 2x6 plates and 2" of ThermalStar GPS	16 o.c.	13+9.4	21.24
		15+9.4	22.24
2x6 studs with 2x7.5 plates ³ and 2" of ThermalStar GPS	24 o.c.	19+9.4	25.84
		21+9.4	27.31
2x6 studs with 2x8 plates and 1¾" of ThermalStar GPS	24 o.c.	19+8.2	24.51
		21+8.2	25.84

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 F·ft²·h/Btu = 0.1761 K·m²/W

- The first value is cavity insulation and the second value is continuous insulation (i.e., "13+10" means R-13 cavity insulation plus R-10 continuous insulation).
- The calculated assembly value assumes typical wall materials of gypsum drywall, SPF lumber, fiberglass batt insulation, of ThermalStar products, OSB structural sheathing, WRB and vinyl siding.
 - 16" o.c. framing assumes 75%/20.6%/4.4% thermal path ratios (cavity/framing/cantilevered plates)
 - 24" o.c. framing assumes 85%/10.6%/4.4% thermal path ratios (cavity/framing/cantilevered plates)
- Plate dimension is actual dimension achieved by ripping down 2x10s.

- 6.6 Where the application falls outside of the performance evaluation, conditions of use and/or installation requirements set forth herein, alternative techniques shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering practice and experience. This includes but is not limited to the following areas of engineering: mechanics or materials, structural, building science and fire science.

7 Certified Performance²⁴

- 7.1 All construction methods shall conform to accepted engineering practices to ensure durable, livable, and safe construction and shall demonstrate acceptable workmanship reflecting journeyman quality of work of the various trades.²⁵
- 7.2 The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.²⁶



8 Regulatory Evaluation and Accepted Engineering Practice

- 8.1 EnergyShield and ThermalStar FPIS Products were evaluated for use in the exterior cavity of an Extended Plate Wall assembly called an EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System or ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System. The EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System are methods of construction, utilizing EnergyShield or ThermalStar Brand Products, respectively, along with specific construction detailing to provide enhanced wall performance. The following performance attributes were evaluated:
- 8.1.1 Structural performance under lateral load conditions for use as an alternative to the IRC intermittent wall bracing provisions of [IRC Section R602.10](#) Method WSP (Wood Structural Panel) and the IRC continuous wall bracing provisions of [IRC Section R602.10.4](#) Methods CS-WSP (Continuously Sheathed Wood Structural Panel).
 - 8.1.2 Structural performance under lateral load conditions for use with the IBC performance based provisions, [IBC Section 2306.1](#) and [IBC Section 2306.3](#), for light-frame wood wall assemblies.
 - 8.1.3 Structural performance under lateral load conditions for use as an alternative to SDPWS Section 4.3 Wood Frame Shear Walls.
 - 8.1.4 Thermal performance in accordance with [IECC Section C402.1](#) and [IECC Section R402.1](#).
- 8.2 Use in a Continuously Sheathed Portal Frame (CS-PF) is outside the scope of this report.
- 8.3 Any building code, regulation and/or accepted engineering evaluations (i.e., research reports, [duly authenticated reports](#), etc.) that are conducted for this Listing were performed by DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ), an [ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification body](#) and a professional engineering company operated by [RDP/approved sources](#). DrJ is qualified²⁷ to practice product and regulatory compliance services within its scope of accreditation and engineering expertise, respectively.
- 8.4 Engineering evaluations are conducted with DrJ's ANAB [accredited ICS code scope](#) of expertise, which are also its areas of professional engineering competence.
- 8.5 Any regulation specific issues not addressed in this section are outside the scope of this report.

9 Installation

- 9.1 Installation shall comply with the approved construction documents, the manufacturer installation instructions, this report and the applicable building code.
- 9.2 In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer installation instructions and this report, the more restrictive shall govern.
- 9.3 For more information, see the reports and resources for builders from Home Innovation Research Labs™ on [Extended Plate Wall \(EPW\) Systems](#).
- 9.4 *Installation Procedure*
- 9.4.1 Installation shall be in accordance with the US Department of Energy's Build America Program Document, Extended Plate Construction Guide, [DOE/EE-1730](#).
 - 9.4.2 Double rim joists can be installed flush to exterior face of wall or inset by 1" for installation of 1" Atlas Roofing FPIS products.
 - 9.4.3 Single rim joist must be inset 1".
 - 9.4.3.1 Single rim joist shall not be used as a header.
 - 9.4.4 Rim joist(s) may be inset up to 2" only if the WSP sheathing spans from the top plate all the way to the sill plate and is fastened to the sill plate at 3" o.c. with scheduled nails.
 - 9.4.4.1 The aspect ratio for braced wall panels in this case shall be based on the entire length of the WSP sheathing from the top plate to the sill.
 - 9.4.4.2 Double rim joists are permitted to be designed as a header by an [RDP](#).

9.4.5 If the end bearing length for the floor joists is not adequate, the joists must be supported with metal hangers in accordance with IRC Section R502.6.

9.4.5.1 Joist hangers must be used for all floor joists over window and door openings when rim joist(s) are used in place of header or abut into the face of the header.

9.4.6 Fastening shall be in accordance with **Table 5**.

9.4.6.1 Exterior cladding is permitted to be fastened directly to OSB, per IRC Section R703.3.3.

Table 5. Connection Schedule^{1,2}

Connection	Nails	Schedule
Perimeter (Edge) of Wood Sheathing	0.131" x 3.5"	3" o.c.
Field of Wood Sheathing	0.131" x 3.5"	6" o.c.
Corner Studs in Contact with Each Other	0.131" x 3"	12" o.c.
Corners: WSP from Both Intersection Walls to a Common 2x Framing Member	0.131" x 2.5"	6" o.c.
Corner Studs Separated by Up to 2" of ThermalStar or EnergyShield	0.131" x 5"	6" o.c.
	0.190" x 6" SIP Screws	12" o.c.

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm

1. Use IRC Table R602.3(1) for all other connections.

2. Staples are not an acceptable substitute for nails.

9.4.7 Roof Detail:

9.4.7.1 Proper installation of the EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System at the roofline is shown in **Figure 2**.

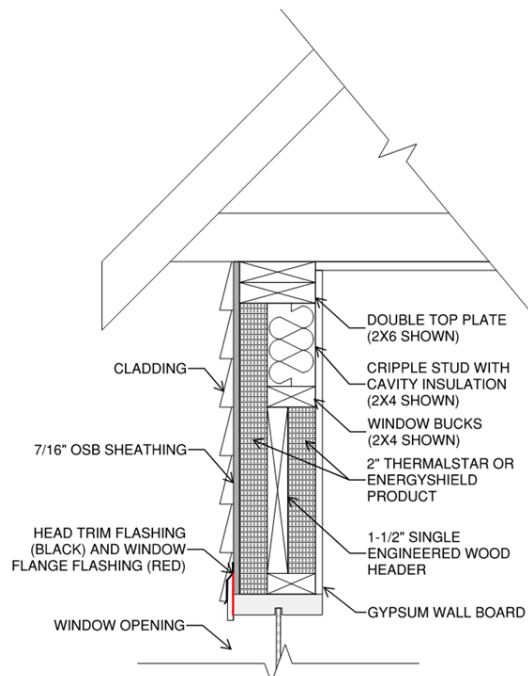


Figure 2. EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System Roofline Detail

9.4.8 Floor Line:

- 9.4.8.1 Proper installation of the EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System at the floor line is shown in **Figure 3**.

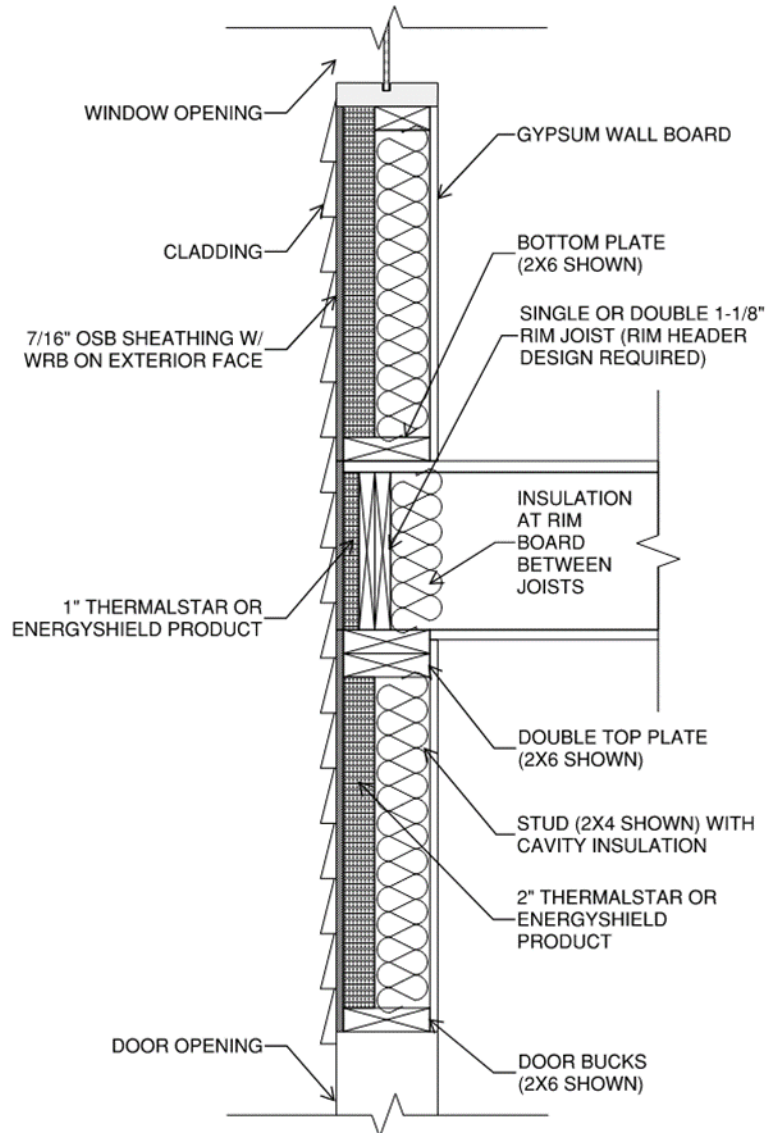


Figure 3. EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System Floor Line Detail

9.4.9 Foundation Line:

- 9.4.9.1 Proper installation of the EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System at the foundation is shown in **Figure 4**.

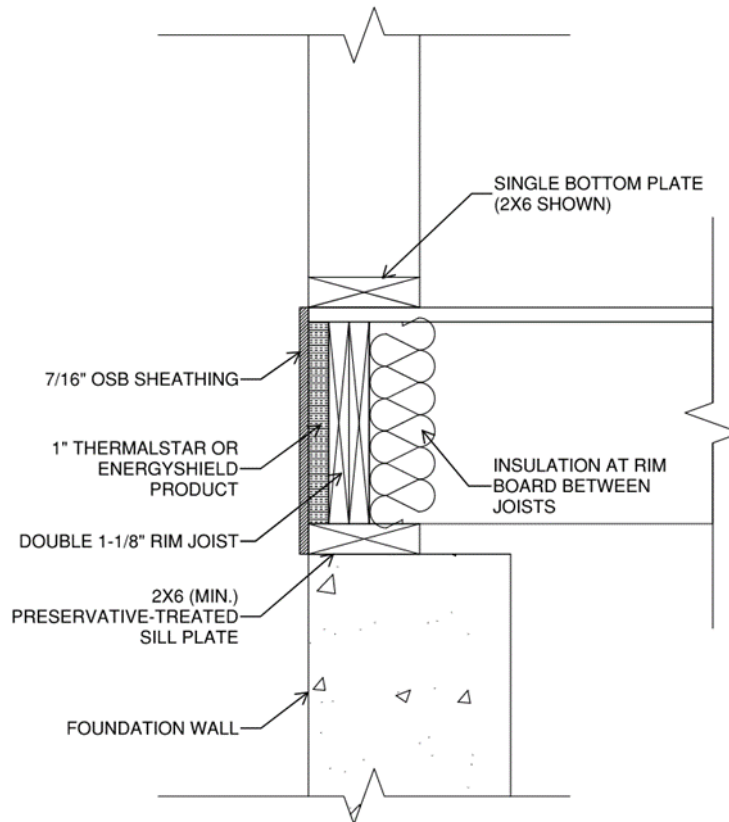


Figure 4. EnergyShield Extended Plate Wall System and ThermalStar Extended Plate Wall System Foundation Line Detail

10 Substantiating Data

- 10.1 Testing has been performed under the supervision of a professional engineer and/or under the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 as follows:
 - 10.1.1 Lateral load testing in accordance with ASTM E564 and ASTM E72
- 10.2 DOE/EE-1785 Extended Plate Wall System.
- 10.3 Information contained herein may include the result of testing and/or data analysis by sources that are approved agencies, approved sources and/or RDPs. Accuracy of external test data and resulting analysis is relied upon.
- 10.4 Where applicable, testing and/or engineering analysis are based upon provisions that have been codified into law through state or local adoption of regulations and standards. The developers of these regulations and standards are responsible for the reliability of published content. DrJ's engineering practice may use a regulation-adopted provision as the control. A regulation-endorsed control versus a simulation of the conditions of application to occur establishes a new material as being equivalent to the regulatory provision in terms of quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety.



- 10.5 The accuracy of the provisions provided herein may be reliant upon the published properties of raw materials, which are defined by the grade mark, grade stamp, mill certificate or duly authenticated reports from approved agencies and/or approved sources provided by the supplier. These are presumed to be minimum properties and relied upon to be accurate. The reliability of DrJ's engineering practice, as contained in this duly authenticated report, may be dependent upon published design properties by others.
- 10.6 Testing and engineering analysis: The strength, rigidity, and/or general performance of component parts and/or the integrated structure are determined by suitable tests that simulate the actual conditions of application that occur and/or by accepted engineering practice and experience.²⁸
- 10.7 Where additional condition of use and/or regulatory compliance information is required, please search for EnergyShield and ThermalStar FPIS Products on the DrJ Certification website.

11 Findings

- 11.1 As outlined in **Section 6**, EnergyShield and ThermalStar FPIS Products have performance characteristics that were tested and/or meet applicable regulations and are suitable for use pursuant to its specified purpose.
- 11.2 When used and installed in accordance with this duly authenticated report and the manufacturer installation instructions, EnergyShield and ThermalStar FPIS Products shall be approved for the following applications:
- 11.2.1 Use to resist lateral loads due to wind loads carried by shear walls.
- 11.2.2 Use as thermal resistance of the exterior wall assembly.
- 11.3 These products have been evaluated in the context of the codes listed in **Section 4** and are compliant with all known state and local building codes. Where there are known variations in state or local codes applicable to this report, they are listed here:
- 11.3.1 No known variations.
- 11.4 Unless exempt by state statute, when EnergyShield and ThermalStar FPIS Products are to be used as a structural and/or building envelope component in the design of a specific building, the design shall be performed by an RDP.
- 11.5 Any application specific issues not addressed herein can be engineered by an RDP. Assistance with engineering is available from Atlas Roofing Corporation.
- 11.6 IBC Section 104.11 (IRC Section R104.11 and IFC Section 104.10²⁹ are similar) in pertinent part states:

104.11 Alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code. Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons the alternative was not approved.

- 11.7 **Approved:**³⁰ Building regulations require that the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports.³¹
- 11.7.1 An approved agency is "approved" when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited.
- 11.7.2 An approved source is "approved" when an RDP is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce.
- 11.7.3 Federal law, Title 18 US Code Section 242, requires that where the alternative product, material, service, design, assembly and/or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved. Denial without written reason deprives a protected right to free and fair competition in the marketplace.



- 11.8 DrJ is a licensed engineering company, employs licensed RDPs and is an ANAB-Accredited Product Certification Body – Accreditation #1131.
- 11.9 Through the IAF Multilateral Agreements (MLA), this duly authenticated report can be used to obtain product approval in any jurisdiction or country because all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 duly authenticated reports are equivalent.³²

12 Conditions of Use

- 12.1 Material properties shall not fall outside the boundaries defined in **Section 6**.
- 12.2 As defined in **Section 6**, where material and/or engineering mechanics properties are created for load resisting design purposes, the resistance to the applied load shall not exceed the ability of the defined properties to resist those loads using the principles of accepted engineering practice.
- 12.3 As listed herein, EnergyShield and ThermalStar FPIS Products shall not be used:
- 12.3.1 As a nail base for cladding, trim, windows or doors.
- 12.4 Fastening to the WSP or to the framing is acceptable.
- 12.5 Allowable shear loads shall not exceed the value provided in **Table 2** for wind.
- 12.6 When required by adopted legislation and enforced by the building official, also known as the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) in which the project is to be constructed:
- 12.6.1 Any calculations incorporated into the construction documents shall conform to accepted engineering practice and, when prepared by an approved source, shall be approved when signed and sealed.
- 12.6.2 This report and the installation instructions shall be submitted at the time of permit application.
- 12.6.3 These innovative products have an internal quality control program and a third-party quality assurance program.
- 12.6.4 At a minimum, these innovative products shall be installed per **Section 9** of this report.
- 12.6.5 The review of this report by the AHJ shall comply with IBC Section 104 and IBC Section 105.4.
- 12.6.6 These innovative products have an internal quality control program and a third party quality assurance program in accordance with IBC Section 104.4, IBC Section 110.4, IBC Section 1703, IRC Section R104.4 and IRC Section R109.2.
- 12.6.7 The application of these innovative products in the context of this report is dependent upon the accuracy of the construction documents, implementation of installation instructions, inspection as required by IBC Section 110.3, IRC Section R109.2 and any other regulatory requirements that may apply.
- 12.7 The approval of this report by the AHJ shall comply with IBC Section 1707.1, where legislation states in part, *“the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports from approved agencies in respect to the quality and manner of use of new material or assemblies as provided for in Section 104.11,”* all of IBC Section 104, and IBC Section 105.4.
- 12.8 Design loads shall be determined in accordance with the regulations adopted by the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed and/or by the building designer (i.e., owner or RDP).
- 12.9 The actual design, suitability, and use of this report for any particular building, is the responsibility of the owner or the authorized agent of the owner.



13 Identification

- 13.1 The innovative products listed in **Section 1.1** are identified by a label on the board or packaging material bearing the manufacturer name, product name, this report number and other information to confirm code compliance.
- 13.2 Additional technical information can be found at www.atlasmoldedproducts.com or www.atlasrwi.com.

14 Review Schedule

- 14.1 This report is subject to periodic review and revision. For the latest version, visit drjcertification.org.
- 14.2 For information on the status of this report, please contact [DrJ Certification](#).

15 Approved for Use Pursuant to U.S. and International Legislation Defined in Appendix A

- 15.1 EnergyShield and ThermalStar FPIS Products are included in this report published by an approved agency that is concerned with evaluation of products or services, maintains periodic inspection of the production of listed materials or periodic evaluation of services. This report states either that the material, product or service meets recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose. This report meets the legislative intent and definition of being acceptable to the AHJ.



Appendix A

1 Legislation that Authorizes AHJ Approval

- 1.1 **Fair Competition:** State legislatures have adopted Federal regulations for the examination and approval of building code referenced and alternative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies and/or methods of construction that:
 - 1.1.1 Advance innovation
 - 1.1.2 Promote competition so all businesses have the opportunity to compete on price and quality in an open market on a level playing field unhampered by anticompetitive constraints
 - 1.1.3 Benefit consumers through lower prices, better quality, and greater choice
- 1.2 **Adopted Legislation:** The following local, state and federal regulations affirmatively authorize these innovative products to be approved by AHJs, delegates of building departments and/or delegates of an agency of the federal government:
 - 1.2.1 Interstate commerce is governed by the Federal Department of Justice to encourage the use of innovative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction. The goal is to “*protect economic freedom and opportunity by promoting free and fair competition in the marketplace.*”
 - 1.2.2 Title 18 US Code Section 242 affirms and regulates the right of individuals and businesses to freely and fairly have new products, materials, designs, services, assemblies and/or methods of construction approved for use in commerce. Disapproval of alternatives shall be based upon non-conformance with respect to specific provisions of adopted legislation and shall be provided in writing stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved, with reference to the specific legislation violated.
 - 1.2.3 The federal government and each state have a public records act. In addition, each state also has legislation that mimics the federal Defend Trade Secrets Act 2016 (DTSA),³³ where providing test reports, engineering analysis and/or other related IP/TS is subject to prison of not more than ten years³⁴ and/or a \$5,000,000 fine or 3 times the value of³⁵ the Intellectual Property (IP) and Trade Secrets (TS).
 - 1.2.3.1 Compliance with public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through the use of Listings, certified reports, Technical Evaluation Reports, duly authenticated reports and/or research reports prepared by approved agencies and/or approved sources.
 - 1.2.4 For new materials³⁶ that are not specifically provided for in any regulation, the design strengths and permissible stresses shall be established by tests, where suitable load tests simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.
 - 1.2.5 The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material shall conform to the specifications and methods of design using accepted engineering practice.³⁷
 - 1.2.6 The commerce of approved sources (i.e., registered PEs) is regulated by professional engineering legislation. Professional engineering commerce shall always be approved by AHJs, except where there is evidence provided in writing, that specific legislation have been violated by an individual registered PE.
 - 1.2.7 The AHJ shall accept duly authenticated reports from approved agencies in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in IBC Section 104.11.³⁸



- 1.3 **Approved³⁹ by Los Angeles:** The Los Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC) states in pertinent part that the provisions of LAMC are not intended to prevent the use of any material, device or method of construction not specifically prescribed by LAMC. The Department shall use Part III, Recognized Standards in addition to Part II, Uniform Building Code Standards of Division 35, Article 1, Chapter IX of the LAMC in evaluation of products for approval where such standard exists for the product or the material and may use other approved standards that apply. Whenever tests or certificates of any material or fabricated assembly are required by Chapter IX of the LAMC, such tests or certification shall be made by a testing agency approved by the Superintendent of Building to conduct such tests or provide such certifications. The testing agency shall publish the scope and limitation(s) of the listed material or fabricated assembly.⁴⁰ The Superintendent of Building Approved Testing Agency Roster is provided by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS). The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) Certificate of Approval License is TA24945. Tests and certifications found in a DrJ Listing are LAMC approved. In addition, the Superintendent of Building shall accept duly authenticated reports from approved agencies in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the California Building Code (CBC) Section 1707.1.⁴¹
- 1.4 **Approved by Chicago:** The Municipal Code of Chicago (MCC) states in pertinent part that an Approved Agency is a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) acting within its recognized scope and/or a certification body accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) acting within its accredited scope. Construction materials and test procedures shall conform to the applicable standards listed in the MCC. Sufficient technical data shall be submitted to the building official to substantiate the proposed use of any product, material, service, design, assembly and/or method of construction not specifically provided for in the MCC. This technical data shall consist of research reports from approved sources (i.e., MCC defined Approved Agencies).
- 1.5 **Approved by New York City:** The 2022 NYC Building Code (NYCBC) states in part that an approved agency shall be deemed⁴² an approved testing agency via ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation, an approved inspection agency via ISO/IEC 17020 accreditation, and an approved product evaluation agency via ISO/IEC 17065 accreditation. Accrediting agencies, other than federal agencies, must be members of an internationally recognized cooperation of laboratory and inspection accreditation bodies subject to a mutual recognition agreement⁴³ (i.e., ANAB, International Accreditation Forum also known as IAF, etc.).
- 1.6 **Approved by Florida:** Statewide approval of products, methods or systems of construction shall be approved, without further evaluation by:
- 1.6.1 A certification mark or listing of an approved certification agency,
 - 1.6.2 A test report from an approved testing laboratory,
 - 1.6.3 A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity, or
 - 1.6.4 A product evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in Florida.
 - 1.6.5 For local product approval, products or systems of construction shall demonstrate compliance with the structural wind load requirements of the Florida Building Code (FBC) through one of the following methods:
 - 1.6.5.1 A certification mark, listing or label from a commission-approved certification agency indicating that the product complies with the code,
 - 1.6.5.2 A test report from a commission-approved testing laboratory indicating that the product tested complies with the code,
 - 1.6.5.3 A product-evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from a commission-approved product evaluation entity which indicates that the product evaluated complies with the code,



- 1.6.5.4 A product-evaluation report or certification based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a Florida professional engineer or Florida registered architect, which indicates that the product complies with the code, or
- 1.6.5.5 A statewide product approval issued by the Florida Building Commission.
- 1.6.6 The [Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation \(DBPR\)](#) website provides a listing of companies certified as a [Product Evaluation Agency](#) (i.e., EVLMiami 13692), a [Product Certification Agency](#) (i.e., CER10642), and as a [Florida Registered Engineer](#) (i.e., ANE13741).
- 1.7 **Approved by Miami-Dade County (i.e., Notice of Acceptance [NOA]):** A Florida statewide approval is an NOA. An NOA is a Florida local product approval. By Florida law, Miami-Dade County shall accept the statewide and local Florida Product Approval as provided for in Florida legislation [553.842](#) and [553.8425](#).
- 1.8 **Approved by New Jersey:** Pursuant to the 2018 Building Code of New Jersey in [IBC Section 1707.1 General](#),⁴⁴ it states: “*In the absence of approved rules or other approved standards, the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports from [approved agencies](#) in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the administrative provisions of the Uniform Construction Code (N.J.A.C. 5:23)*”.⁴⁵ Furthermore N.J.A.C 5:23-3.7 states: “*Municipal approvals of alternative materials, equipment, or methods of construction.*”
 - 1.8.1 **Approvals:** Alternative materials, equipment or methods of construction shall be approved by the appropriate subcode official provided the proposed design is satisfactory and that the materials, equipment or methods of construction are suitable for the intended use and are at least the equivalent in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety of those conforming with the requirements of the regulations.
 - 1.8.1.1 A field evaluation label and report or letter issued by a nationally recognized testing laboratory verifying that the specific material, equipment or method of construction meets the identified standards or has been tested and found to be suitable for the intended use, shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
 - 1.8.1.2 Reports of engineering findings issued by nationally recognized evaluation service programs such as but not limited to, the Building Officials and Code Administrators (BOCA), the International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO), the Southern Building Code Congress International (SBCCI), the International Code Council (ICC), and the National Evaluation Service, Inc., shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
 - 1.8.2 The [New Jersey Department of Community Affairs](#) has confirmed that technical evaluation reports, from any accredited entity listed by [ANAB](#), meets the requirements of item the previous paragraph, given that the listed entities are no longer in existence and/or do not provide “*reports of engineering findings.*”
- 1.9 **Approved by the Code of Federal Regulations Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards:** Pursuant to Title 24, Subtitle B, Chapter XX, [Part 3282.14](#)⁴⁶ and [Part 3280](#),⁴⁷ the Department encourages innovation and the use of new technology in manufactured homes. The design and construction of a manufactured home shall conform to the provisions of Part 3282 and Part 3280 where key approval provisions in mandatory language follow:
 - 1.9.1 “*All construction methods shall be in conformance with accepted engineering practices.*”
 - 1.9.2 “*The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.*”
 - 1.9.3 “*The design stresses of all materials shall conform to accepted engineering practice.*”



- 1.10 **Approval by US, Local and State Jurisdictions in General:** In all other local and state jurisdictions, the adopted building code legislation states in pertinent part that:
- 1.10.1 For new materials that are not specifically provided for in this code, the design strengths and permissible stresses shall be established by tests.⁴⁸
 - 1.10.2 For innovative alternatives and/or methods of construction, the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports from approved agencies with respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies.⁴⁹
 - 1.10.2.1 An approved agency is “*approved*” when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is in the ANAB directory.
 - 1.10.2.2 An approved source is “*approved*” when an RDP is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the state legislature via its professional engineering regulations.⁵⁰
 - 1.10.3 The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material...shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice performed by an approved source.⁵¹
- 1.11 **Approval by International Jurisdictions:** The USMCA and GATT agreements provide for approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction through the Agreement on Technical Barriers to Trade and the IAF Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (MLA), where these agreements:
- 1.11.1 State that conformity assessment procedures (i.e., ISO/IEC 17020, 17025, 17065, etc.) are prepared, adopted, and applied so as to grant access for suppliers of like products originating in the territories of other Members under conditions no less favourable than those accorded to suppliers of like products of national origin or originating in any other country, in a comparable situation.
 - 1.11.2 **Approved:** The purpose of the MLA is to ensure mutual recognition of accredited certification and validation/verification statements between signatories to the MLA and subsequently, acceptance of accredited certification and validation/verification statements in many markets based on one accreditation for the timely approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction.
 - 1.11.3 ANAB is an IAF-MLA signatory where recognition of certificates, validation, and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA, with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.⁵²
 - 1.11.4 Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 duly authenticated reports are approval equivalent.⁵³
- 1.12 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.⁵⁴



Notes

- 1 For more information, visit djrcertification.org or call us at 608-310-6748.
- 2 Made in all of the listee locations except Anthony, Texas.
- 3 Plate dimension is actual dimension achieved by ripping down 2x10s.
- 4 Typically two layers with staggered joints.
- 5 <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1702>
- 6 Alternative Materials, Design and Methods of Construction and Equipment: The provisions of any regulation code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by a regulation. Please review <https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission> and <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.11>
- 7 <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706>:-:text=the%20design%20strengths%20and%20permissible%20stresses%20shall%20be%20established%20by%20tests%20as
- 8 The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice. <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706>:-:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice
- 9 <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>:-:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies
- 10 <https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4.2>
- 11 https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved_agency
- 12 https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved_source
- 13 <https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832> (b) Any organization that commits any offense described in subsection (a) shall be fined not more than the greater of \$5,000,000 or 3 times the value of the stolen trade secret to the organization, including expenses for research and design and other costs of reproducing the trade secret that the organization has thereby avoided. The federal government and each state have a public records act. To follow DTSA and comply state public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification bodies or approved sources. For more information, please review this website: Intellectual Property and Trade Secrets.
- 14 <https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional> AND <https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineering-boards-in-each-state-archive/>
- 15 <https://www.cbiteest.com/accreditation/>
- 16 <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104>:-:text=to%20enforce%20the%20provisions%20of%20this%20code
- 17 <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.11>:-:text=Where%20the%20alternative%20material%2C%20design%20or%20method%20of%20construction%20is%20not%20approved%2C%20the%20building%20official%20shall%20respond%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20why%20the%20alternative%20was%20not%20approved AND <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#105.3.1>:-:text=If%20the%20application%20or%20the%20construction%20documents%20do%20not%20conform%20to%20the%20requirements%20of%20pertinent%20laws%2C%20the%20building%20official%20shall%20reject%20such%20application%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20therefore
- 18 <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>:-:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies%20in%20respect%20to%20the%20quality%20and%20manner%20of%20use%20of%20new%20materials%20or%20assemblies%20as%20provided%20for%20in%20Section%20104.11
- 19 <https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-mia/#>:-:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessment%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope
- 20 True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- 21 <https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law> AND <https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission>
- 22 Unless otherwise noted, all references in this Listing are from the 2021 version of the codes and the standards referenced therein. This material, product, design, service and/or method of construction also complies with the 2000-2021 versions of the referenced codes and the standards referenced therein.
- 23 <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#p-3280.2>(Listed%20or%20certified); <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#labeled> AND <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#labeled>
- 24 <https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4>
- 25 <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#>:-:text=All%20construction%20methods%20shall%20be%20in%20conformance%20with%20accepted%20engineering%20practices%20to%20insure%20durable%2C%20livable%2C%20and%20safe%20housing%20and%20shall%20demonstrate%20acceptable%20workmanship%20reflecting%20journeyman%20quality%20of%20work%20of%20the%20various%20trades
- 26 <https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#>:-:text=The%20strength%20and%20rigidity%20of%20the%20component%20parts%20and/or%20the%20integrated%20structure%20shall%20be%20determined%20by%20engineering%20analysis%20or%20by%20suitable%20load%20tests%20to%20simulate%20the%20actual%20loads%20and%20conditions%20of%20application%20that%20occur
- 27 Qualification is performed by a legislatively defined Accreditation Body. ANSI National Accreditation Board (ANAB) is the largest independent accreditation body in North America and provides services in more than 75 countries. DrJ is an ANAB accredited product certification body.
- 28 See Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 24 Subtitle B Chapter XX Part 3280 for definition.
- 29 2018 IRC Section 104.9
- 30 Approved is an adjective that modifies the noun after it. For example, Approved Agency means that the Agency is accepted officially as being suitable in a particular situation. This example conforms to IBC/IRC/IFC Section 201.4 where the building code authorizes sentences to have an ordinarily accepted meaning such as the context implies.



<https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>

Multilateral approval is true for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.

<http://www.drjengineering.org/AppendixC> AND <https://www.drjcertification.org/cornell-2016-protection-trade-secrets>

<https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=imprisoned%20not%20more%20than%2010%20years>

<https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=Any%20organization%20that,has%20thereby%20avoided>

<https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706.2>

IBC 2021, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards

IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General

See **Section 11** for the distilled building code definition of **Approved**

Los Angeles Municipal Code, SEC. 98.0503. TESTING AGENCIES

<https://up.codes/viewer/california/ca-building-code-2022/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>

New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies

New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies

<https://up.codes/viewer/new-jersey/ibc-2018/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1>

<https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/codes/codreg/ucc.html>

<https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3282/subpart-A/section-3282.14>

<https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280>

IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, 1706.2 New Materials. Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.2.

IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General. Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1707.1.

<https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional> AND <https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineering-boards-in-each-state-archive/>

IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.1.

<https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-mla/#:~:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessment%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope>

True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.

<https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law> AND <https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission>