



Listing and Technical Evaluation Report™

A Duly Authenticated Report from an Approved Agency

Report No: 2304-02



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DRYline® TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing

Trade Secret Report Holder:

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CSI Designations:

DIVISION: 06 00 00 - WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES

Section: 06 12 00 - Structural Panels Section: 06 12 19 - Shear Wall Panels

Section: 06 16 00 - Sheathing

DIVISION: 07 00 00 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION

Section: 07 25 00 - Water-Resistive Barriers/Weather Barriers

Section: 07 27 00 - Air Barriers

1 Innovative Product Evaluated¹

1.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing

2 Product Description and Materials

2.1 The innovative product evaluated in this report is shown in **Figure 1**.



Figure 1. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing





- 2.2 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is a proprietary wall sheathing consisting of a proprietary fibrous sheathing board laminated with a water-resistant adhesive to facers on one or both sides. Facers may consist of aluminum foil, polyolefin film, aluminized polyolefin, or kraft paper.
- 2.3 Material Availability
 - 2.3.1 Thickness:
 - 2.3.1.1 0.078" (2.0 mm)
 - 2.3.2 Standard Product Width:
 - 2.3.2.1 48" (1,219 mm)
 - 2.3.2.2 48³/₄" (1,238 mm)
 - 2.3.3 Standard Lengths:
 - 2.3.3.1 96" (2,438 mm)
 - 2.3.3.2 108" (2,743 mm)
 - 2.3.3.3 120" (3,048 mm)
 - 2.3.4 Other sizes are available by request.
- 2.4 As needed, review material properties for design in **Section 6** and the regulatory evaluation in **Section 8**.

3 Definitions²

- 3.1 New Materials³ are defined as building materials, equipment, appliances, systems, or methods of construction, not provided for by prescriptive and/or legislatively adopted regulations, known as alternative materials.⁴ The design strength and permissible stresses shall be established by tests⁵ and/or engineering analysis.⁶
- 3.2 <u>Duly authenticated reports</u>⁷ and <u>research reports</u>⁸ are test reports and related engineering evaluations that are written by an <u>approved agency</u>⁹ and/or an <u>approved source</u>. ¹⁰
 - 3.2.1 These reports utilize intellectual property and/or trade secrets to create public domain material properties for commercial end-use.
 - 3.2.1.1 This report protects confidential Intellectual Property and trade secretes under the regulation, 18.US.Code.90, also known as Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 (DTSA).¹¹
- 3.3 An approved agency is "approved" when it is <u>ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited</u>. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is accredited and listed in the ANAB directory.
- 3.4 An <u>approved source</u> is "approved" when a professional engineer (i.e., <u>Registered Design Professional</u>, hereinafter <u>RDP</u>) is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the <u>state legislature</u> via its professional engineering regulations.¹²
- 3.5 Testing and/or inspections conducted for this <u>duly authenticated report</u> were performed by an <u>ISO/IEC 17025</u> accredited testing laboratory, an ISO/IEC 17020 accredited inspection body, and/or a licensed RDP.
 - 3.5.1 The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) is ANAB 13 ISO/IEC 17025 and ISO/IEC 17020 accredited.
- 3.6 The regulatory authority shall enforce ¹⁴ the specific provisions of each legislatively adopted regulation. If there is a non-conformance, the specific regulatory section and language of the non-conformance shall be provided in writing ¹⁵ stating the nonconformance and the path to its cure.
- 3.7 The regulatory authority shall accept <u>duly authenticated reports</u> from an <u>approved agency</u> and/or an <u>approved source</u> with respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in regulations regarding the use of alternative materials, designs, or methods of construction.¹⁶





- 3.8 ANAB is an International Accreditation Forum (IAF) Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (MLA) signatory. Therefore, recognition of certificates and validation statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA with the appropriate scope shall be approved. 17 Thus, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 duly authenticated reports are approval equivalent, 18 and can be used in any country that is an MLA signatory found at this link: https://iaf.nu/en/recognised-abs/
- 3.9 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle. 19

4 Applicable Local, State, and Federal Approvals; Standards; Regulations²⁰

- 4.1 Local, State, and Federal
 - 4.1.1 Approved in all local jurisdictions pursuant to ISO/IEC 17065 <u>duly authenticated report</u> use, which includes the following featured local jurisdictions and is not limited to: Austin, Baltimore, Broward County, Chicago, Clark County, Dade County, Dallas, Detroit, Denver, DuPage County, Fort Worth, Houston, Kansas City, King County, Knoxville, Las Vegas, Los Angeles City, Los Angeles County, Miami, Nashville, New York City, Omaha, Philadelphia, Phoenix, Portland, San Antonio, San Diego, San Jose, San Francisco, Seattle, Sioux Falls, South Holland, Texas Department of Insurance, and Wichita.²¹
 - 4.1.2 Approved in all state jurisdictions pursuant to ISO/IEC 17065 <u>duly authenticated report</u> use, which includes the following featured states, and is not limited to: California, Florida, New Jersey, Oregon, New York, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin.²²
 - 4.1.3 Approved by the Code of Federal Regulations Manufactured Home Construction: Pursuant to Title 24, Subtitle B, Chapter XX, Part 3282.14²³ and Part 3280²⁴ pursuant to the use of ISO/IEC 17065 duly authenticated reports.
 - 4.1.4 Approved means complying with the requirements of local, state, or federal legislation.

4.2 Standards

- 4.2.1 ANSI/AWC SDPWS: Special Design Provisions for Wind and Seismic
- 4.2.2 ASCE/SEI 7: Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures
- 4.2.3 ASTM D7989: Standard Practice for Demonstrating Equivalent In-Plane Lateral Seismic Performance to Wood-Frame Shear Walls Sheathed with Wood Structural Panels
- 4.2.4 ASTM E96: Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
- 4.2.5 ASTM E330: Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference
- 4.2.6 ASTM E2126: Standard Test Methods for Cyclic (Reversed) Load Test for Shear Resistance of Vertical Elements of the Lateral Force Resisting Systems for Buildings
- 4.2.7 ASTM E2178: Standard Test Method for Air Permeance of Building Materials
- 4.3 Structural performance for shear wall assemblies used as lateral force resisting systems in Seismic Design Categories A through F have been tested and evaluated in accordance with the following standards:
 - 4.3.1 ASCE/SEI 7: Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures
 - 4.3.2 ASTM D7989: Standard Practice for Demonstrating Equivalent In-Plane Lateral Seismic Performance to Wood-Frame Shear Walls Sheathed with Wood Structural Panels
 - 4.3.2.1 ASTM D7989 is accepted engineering practice used to establish Seismic Design Coefficients (SDC).
 - 4.3.2.2 Tested data generated by ISO/IEC 17025 approved agencies and/or professional engineers, which use ASTM D7989 as their basis, are defined as intellectual property and/or trade secrets.





- 4.3.2.3 All professional engineering evaluations are defined as an independent design review (i.e., <u>listings</u>, <u>certified reports</u>, <u>duly authenticated reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u>, and/or <u>research reports</u>, are prepared independently by <u>approved agencies</u> and/or <u>approved sources</u>, when signed and sealed by licensed professional engineer pursuant to registration law.
- 4.3.3 ASTM E564: Standard Practice for Static Load Test for Shear Resistance of Framed Walls for Buildings
- 4.3.4 ASTM E2126: Standard Test Methods for Cyclic (Reversed) Load Test for Shear Resistance of Vertical Elements of the Lateral Force Resisting Systems for Buildings

4.4 Regulations

- 4.4.1 IBC 15, 18, 21, 24: International Building Code®
- 4.4.2 IRC 15, 18, 21, 24: International Residential Code®
- 4.4.3 IECC 15, 18, 21, 24: International Energy Conservation Code®
- 4.4.4 FBC-B—20, 23: Florida Building Code²⁵ Building
- 4.4.5 FBC-R—20, 23: Florida Building Code²⁵ Residential

5 Listed²⁶

5.1 Equipment, materials, products, or services included in a List published by a <u>nationally recognized testing laboratory</u> (i.e., CBI), an <u>approved agency</u> (i.e., CBI and DrJ), and/or and <u>approved source</u> (i.e., DrJ), or other organization(s) concerned with product evaluation (i.e., DrJ), that maintains periodic inspection (i.e., CBI) of production of listed equipment or materials, and whose listing states either that the equipment or material meets nationally recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for use in a specified manner.

6 Tabulated Properties Generated from Nationally Recognized Standards

- 6.1 General
 - 6.1.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is used as wall sheathing in buildings constructed in accordance with the IBC and IRC for light-frame wood construction.
 - 6.1.2 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is used as structural wall sheathing to provide lateral load resistance (wind and seismic) for braced wall panels used in light-frame wood construction.
 - 6.1.3 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing panels are permitted to be used as wall sheathing in buildings constructed in accordance with the IBC requirements for Type V light-frame construction.
 - 6.1.4 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing panels are used as structural wall sheathing to provide resistance to transverse loads for wall assemblies used in light-frame wood construction.
 - 6.1.5 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is also used as sheathing applied as in-fill to portions of walls that are not designed as braced wall panels or shear walls.
 - 6.1.6 When DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is installed consistent with **Section 6.3** and **Section 9**, it is an approved alternative WRB in accordance with <u>IBC Section 1403.2</u>²⁷ and <u>IRC Section R703.2</u>.
 - 6.1.7 When DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is installed according to **Section 6.4** and **Section 9**, it is an approved air barrier material.





6.2 Structural Applications

6.2.1 General Provisions:

- 6.2.1.1 Except as otherwise described in this report, DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be installed in accordance with the applicable building codes listed in **Section 4** using the provisions set forth herein for the design and installation of Wood Structural Panels (WSP).
 - 6.2.1.1.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is permitted to be designed in accordance with ANSI/AWC SDPWS for the design of shear walls using the methods set forth therein, including the perforated shear wall methodology, and subject to the ANSI/AWC SDPWS boundary conditions, except as specifically allowed in this report.
- 6.2.1.2 Anchorage for in-plane shear shall be provided to transfer the induced shear force into and out of each shear wall.
 - 6.2.1.2.1 For wind design, anchor bolt spacing shall not exceed 6' o.c. (1,829 mm).
 - 6.2.1.2.2 For seismic design, anchor bolt spacing shall not exceed 4' o.c. (1,219 mm).
- 6.2.1.3 The maximum aspect ratio for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be 4:1.
- 6.2.1.4 The minimum full height panel width shall be 24" (610 mm).
- 6.2.1.5 All panel edges shall be supported with a minimum 2" (51 mm) nominal lumber.
- 6.2.1.6 Staples shall be a minimum 16-gauge, ¹⁵/₁₆" crown and penetrate a minimum of 1" into the stud.
- 6.2.1.7 Installation is permitted for single top plate (<u>advanced framing method</u>)²⁸ or double top plate applications.
- 6.2.1.8 Where the sheathing from an upper story extends over the rim joist and overlaps a lower story, the sheathing shall be fastened along the sole plate of the story above at 3" o.c. In addition, one row of fasteners spaced 12" o.c. shall be located along the bottom third of the rim joist. The sheathing from the story above shall overlap the sheathing on the story below by a minimum of 2". Fastening along the bottom edge of the sheathing from the story above is not required.
- 6.2.1.9 When an I-Joist is used as the rim joist and where the sheathing from an upper story extends over the rim joist and overlaps a lower story, the sheathing shall be fastened along the sole plate of the story above at 3" o.c. Further, one row of fasteners spaced 12" o.c. shall be located along the bottom flange of the rim joist or along the top plate of the lower story. The sheathing from the story above shall overlap the sheathing on the story below by a minimum of 2".

6.2.2 Prescriptive IRC Bracing Applications:

- 6.2.2.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing may be used on braced wall lines as an equivalent alternative to Method WSP of the IRC, when installed in accordance with IRC Section R602.10 and this report.
- 6.2.2.2 For wind design, required braced wall panel lengths for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be as shown in **Table 1**, and shall be used in conjunction with <u>IRC Table R602.10.3(2)</u>, which provides the required adjustments.
- 6.2.2.3 For seismic design, required braced wall panel lengths for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be as shown in **Table 2**, and shall be used in conjunction with <u>IRC Table R602.10.3(4)</u>, which provides the required adjustments.
- 6.2.2.4 Use of DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing with Method PFH (Portal Frame with Hold-down) is also permitted in accordance with **Section 6.2.3**, in lieu of WSP specified in accordance with <u>IRC Section R602.10.6.4</u>.
- 6.2.2.5 Where a building, or portion thereof, does not comply with one or more of the bracing requirements within the prescriptive section of the IRC, those portions shall be designed and constructed in accordance with IRC Section R301.1.





Table 1. Required Bracing Lengths for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Installed with 1/2" Gypsum Wallboard at 24" o.c. Stud Spacing – Wind (Vult)1,2,3,4,5

| | | | Length of Wall Line to be Braced (ft) | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Braced | | | S | taples 3" o | .c. Edges | and 3" o.c. | in the Fie | ld | | |
| Condition | Wall Line Spacing | DRYII | | reen Struc hittent She | ctural Shea athing | athing | DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Continuous Sheathing | | | | |
| | , , | ≤ 110 mph | ≤ 115 mph | ≤ 120 mph | ≤ 130 mph | ≤ 140 mph | ≤ 110 mph | ≤ 115 mph | ≤ 120 mph | ≤ 130 mph | ≤ 140 mph |
| | 10 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| | 20 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 5.2 |
| One Story or the Top of Two | 30 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 7.3 |
| or Three Stories | 40 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 10.9 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 7.8 | 9.4 |
| Clonics | 50 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 9.9 | 11.4 | 13.5 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 9.9 | 11.4 |
| | 60 | 9.9 | 10.9 | 12.0 | 13.5 | 15.6 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 9.9 | 11.4 | 13.5 |
| | 10 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 5.2 |
| First Story of | 20 | 6.8 | 7.8 | 8.3 | 9.9 | 11.4 | 5.7 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 8.3 | 9.4 |
| Two Stories or | 30 | 9.9 | 10.9 | 12.0 | 14.0 | 16.1 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 9.9 | 12.0 | 13.5 |
| Second Story of Three | 40 | 13.0 | 14.0 | 15.6 | 18.2 | 20.8 | 10.9 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 15.6 | 17.7 |
| Stories | 50 | 16.1 | 17.2 | 18.7 | 22.4 | 25.5 | 13.5 | 14.6 | 16.1 | 18.7 | 21.8 |
| | 60 | 18.7 | 20.8 | 22.4 | 26.0 | 30.2 | 16.1 | 17.7 | 19.2 | 22.4 | 26.0 |
| | 10 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 7.8 | 8.8 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 6.8 | 7.8 |
| | 20 | 10.4 | 11.4 | 12.0 | 14.0 | 16.6 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 14.0 |
| First Story of | 30 | 14.6 | 16.1 | 17.7 | 20.3 | 23.9 | 12.5 | 13.5 | 15.1 | 17.7 | 20.3 |
| Three Stories | 40 | 19.2 | 20.8 | 22.9 | 26.5 | 30.7 | 16.1 | 17.7 | 19.2 | 22.9 | 26.0 |
| | 50 | 23.4 | 25.5 | 28.1 | 32.8 | 38.0 | 19.8 | 21.8 | 23.9 | 27.6 | 32.2 |
| | 60 | 27.6 | 30.2 | 33.3 | 39.0 | 44.7 | 23.9 | 26.0 | 28.1 | 32.8 | 38.0 |

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 mph = 1.61 km/h

- 1. Demonstrates equivalency to IRC Table R602.10.3(1). All adjustment factors from IRC Table R602.10.3(2) shall be applied. A minimum of 1/2" gypsum sheathing shall be applied to the interior side of the wall assembly and fastened with a minimum 5d cooler nails or 11/4" #6 types W or S screws spaced 8" o.c. at panel edges and 8" o.c. in the field of the panels.
- 2. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be installed with minimum 0.120" x 11/4" galvanized roofing nail or minimum 15/16" crown x 11/4" leg 16-gauge galvanized staples.
- 3. This table assumes DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing panels are installed with lapped joints at vertical panel edges. Where panel joints are not lapped, bracing lengths shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.1.
- 4. Linear interpolation is permitted.
- Wind speeds shown are V_{ult} in accordance with ASCE 7. Allowable stress design wind speed shall be determined in accordance with IBC Section 1609.3.1: $V_{asd} = V_{ult} \sqrt{0.6}$





Table 2. Required Bracing for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Installed with ¹/₂" Gypsum Wallboard at 24" o.c. Stud Spacing – Seismic^{1,2,3,4,5,6}

| | | | Minimum Length of Braced Wall Panels Requ | | | | | Vall Line (ft) | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|---|--------|--------|---|--------|----------------|--------|--|--|
| | Braced Wall | Staples 3" o.c. Edges and 3" o.c. in the Field | | | | | | | | | |
| Condition | Line Length (ft) | DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Intermittent Sheathing | | | | DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Continuous Sheathing | | | | | |
| | (, | SDC C7 | SDC D0 | SDC D1 | SDC D2 | SDC C7 | SDC D0 | SDC D1 | SDC D2 | | |
| | 10 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.2 | | |
| One Story or | 20 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 4.5 | | |
| the Top of Two or Three | 30 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 7.8 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 6.6 | | |
| Stories | 40 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 8.3 | 10.4 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 7.1 | 8.8 | | |
| | 50 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 10.4 | 13.0 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 11.0 | | |
| | 10 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.9 | | |
| First Story of Two Stories or | 20 | 6.2 | 7.8 | 9.3 | 11.4 | 5.3 | 6.6 | 8.0 | 9.8 | | |
| Second Story | 30 | 9.3 | 11.8 | 14.0 | 17.1 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 12.0 | 14.6 | | |
| of Three Stories | 40 | 12.5 | 15.6 | 18.7 | 22.9 | 10.6 | 13.3 | 15.9 | 19.4 | | |
| | 50 | 15.6 | 19.6 | 23.4 | 28.6 | 13.3 | 16.7 | 19.8 | 24.3 | | |
| | 10 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 6.2 | NP | 3.9 | 4.7 | 5.3 | NP | | |
| | 20 | 9.3 | 10.9 | 12.5 | NP | 8.0 | 9.3 | 10.6 | NP | | |
| First Story of Three Stories | 30 | 14.0 | 16.4 | 18.7 | NP | 12.0 | 14.0 | 15.9 | NP | | |
| | 40 | 18.7 | 21.8 | 25.0 | NP | 15.9 | 18.6 | 21.2 | NP | | |
| | 50 | 23.4 | 27.3 | 31.2 | NP | 19.8 | 23.2 | 26.5 | NP | | |

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N, 1 lb/ft = 0.0146 kN/m, 1 psf = 0.0479 kN/m², 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa, 1 mph = 1.61 km/h

- Demonstrates equivalency to <u>IRC Table R602.10.3(3)</u>. All adjustment factors from <u>IRC Table R602.10.3(4)</u> shall be applied. A minimum of 1/2" gypsum sheathing shall be applied to the interior side of the wall assembly and fastened with a minimum 5d cooler nails or 1¹/₄" #6 types W or S screws spaced 8" o.c. at panel edges and 8" o.c. in the field of the panels.
- 2. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be installed with minimum 0.120" x 11/4" galvanized roofing nail or minimum 15/16" crown x 11/4" leg 16-gauge galvanized staples.
- 3. This table assumes DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing panels are installed with lapped joints at vertical panel edges. Where panel joints are not lapped, bracing lengths shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.1.
- 4. Tabulated bracing lengths are based on the following:
 - a. Soil Class D
 - b. Wall height= 10'
 - c. 10 psf floor dead load
 - d. 15 psf roof/ceiling dead load
 - e. Braced wall line spacing $\leq 25'$
- 5. Linear interpolation is permitted.
- 6. Where gypsum wallboard is not applied to the interior side of the wall assembly, bracing lengths shall be multiplied by a factor of 2.0.
- 7. Townhouses only.





- 6.2.3 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Method PFH:
 - 6.2.3.1 In accordance with the <u>IRC Section R602.10.6.2</u>, the PFH referenced in the IRC is permitted to be an equivalent replacement for a 4' length of Method WSP bracing.
 - 6.2.3.2 Testing of DRYline TSX Structural Sheathing PFH assemblies was conducted and compared to testing of Method WSP braced wall panel assemblies using Oriented Strand Board (OSB) to determine whether equivalence could be achieved for the DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing PFH
 - 6.2.3.3 The portal frames were tested in accordance with ASTM E2126 testing procedures. Testing determined their lateral resistance within an identical braced wall line using Method WSP braced wall panels so that a direct performance comparison could be made between the two series of tests.
 - 6.2.3.4 A comparison of the WSP braced wall lines, and the DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing 12" PFH and 24" PFH, is shown in **Table 3**.

Table 3. Design Values for PFH Option 1 or Option 2^{1,2,3}

| Test Name | Sheathing Method | Option | Fastener Size and Spacing | Total Bracing Width (in) | Maximum Wall Height (ft) | ASD Allowable Design Value per Panel/Pier ^{4,5} (lbs) |
|----------------------|---|---------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| IBC/IRC Benchmark | ³ / ₈ " OSB, Isolated 4' x 8' Panels | N/A | 2 ³ / ₈ " x 0.113" Nails; 6:12 Spacing | 96 | Up to 10 | 700 |
| 12" PFH | DRYline TSX+ Green Structural | Option 1 | See Figure 2 | 12 | 8 | 1,280 |
| 12 1111 | Sheathing | Οριίστ τ | to Figure 5 | 12 | 10 | 960 |
| 12" PFH | DRYline TSX+ Green Structural | Ontion 2 | See Figure 6 | 10 | 8 | 1,410 |
| 12 РГП | Sheathing | Option 2 | to Figure 8 | | | 1,060 |
| 24" PFH | DRYline TSX+ Green Structural | Ontion 1 or 2 | See Figure 2 | 24 | 8 | 2,560 |
| Z4 PFH | Sheathing | Option 1 or 2 | to Figure 8 | 24 | 10 | 1,920 |

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb. = 4.45 N

- 3. For seismic design, reduce capacities by a factor of 1.4.
- 4. Interpolation between the wall heights and pier widths for the 12" PFH and 24" PFH is permitted.
- 5. 10' high wall design values are provided here that use a seventy-five percent (75%) factor to reduce the 8' high wall design values generated by test data.
 - 6.2.3.5 The test data and subsequent engineering analysis provides confirmation that the performance of the DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing 12" PFH and 24" PFH provide comparable equivalence to the Method WSP braced wall panels.
 - 6.2.3.6 As detailed in **Figure 2** through **Figure 8**, the maximum allowable compressive strength of the DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing 12" to 24" PFH is 11,156 lbs per pier. Additional compressive capacity may be engineered into each pier.

Capacity derived from multiple full-scale tests, showing the capacity of OSB sheathing in buildings constructed in accordance with the minimum requirements of the IRC.

^{2.} The PFH bracing type in the IRC/IBC is defined as equivalent to a 4' BWP using 3/8" WSP. Equivalent capacity is based on comparison testing of the PFH and 3/8" OSB as compared to the published capacities as defined in the IBC and SDPWS.





- 6.2.3.7 There are two construction options for the PFH with DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing:
 - 6.2.3.7.1 *PFH Assembly Option 1:*
 - 6.2.3.7.1.1 The DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Option 1 12" PFH and 24" PFH is constructed in accordance with **Figure 2** through **Figure 5**.
 - 6.2.3.7.1.2 In PFH Assembly Option 1, the piers are made up of $^{7}/_{16}$ " OSB sandwiched between nominal 2 x 4 studs installed flatwise with additional 2 x 4 studs framing the outside corner, see **Figure 5**.

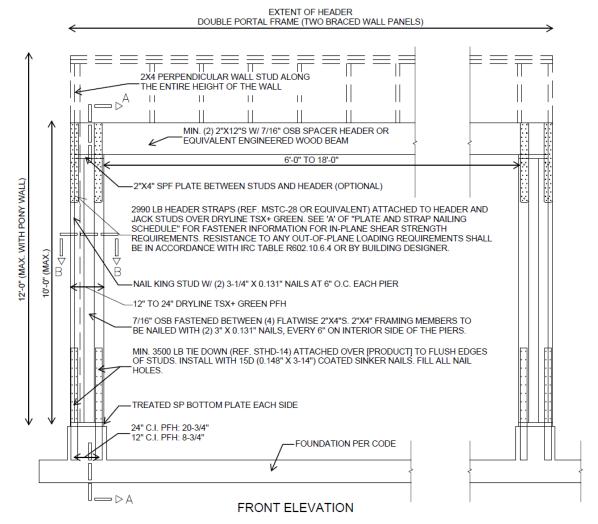


Figure 2. Construction Details of DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing 12" to 24" PFH - Option 1





STRAP NAILING SCHEDULE

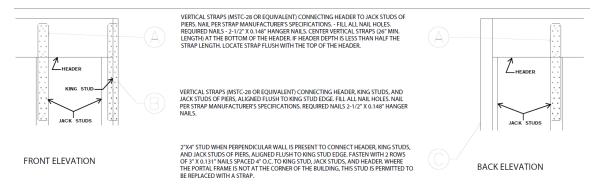


Figure 3. Header Connection Detail - Option 1

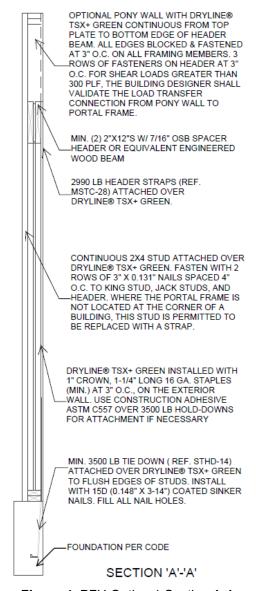
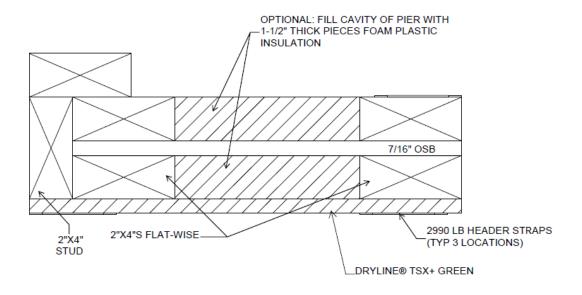
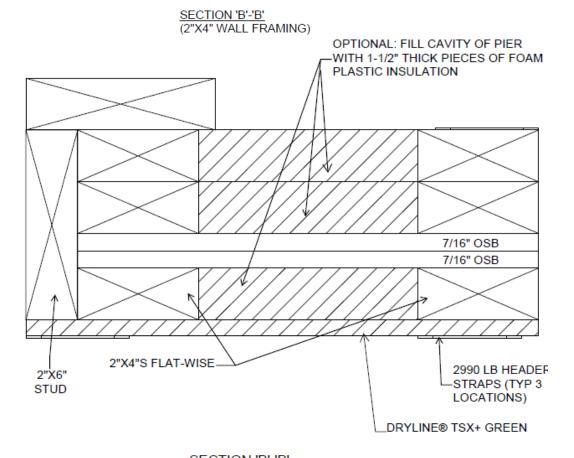


Figure 4. PFH Option 1 Section A-A









<u>SECTION 'B'-'B'</u> (2"X6" WALL FRAMING)

Figure 5. PFH Option 1 Section B-B





6.2.3.7.2 PFH Assembly Option 2:

6.2.3.7.2.1 The DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Option 2 12" PFH and 24" PFH is constructed in accordance with **Figure 6** through **Figure 8**.

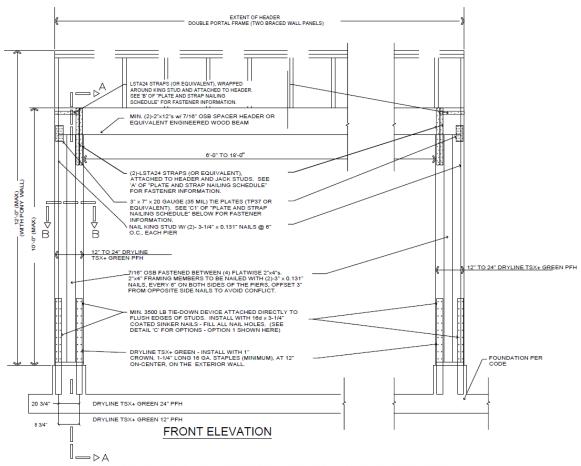


PLATE AND STRAP NAILING SCHEDULE

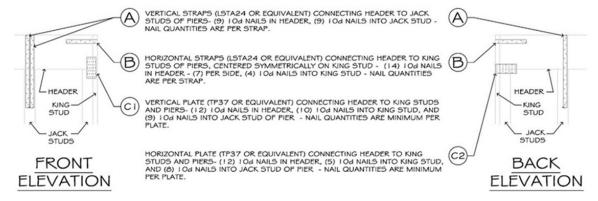


Figure 6. Construction Details of DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing 12" to 24" PFH - Option 2





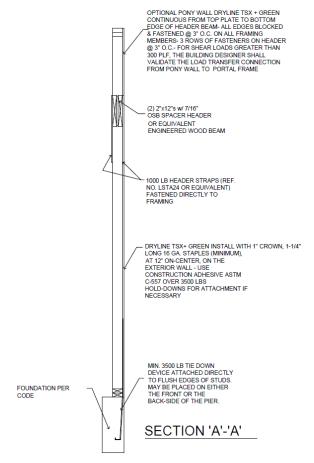
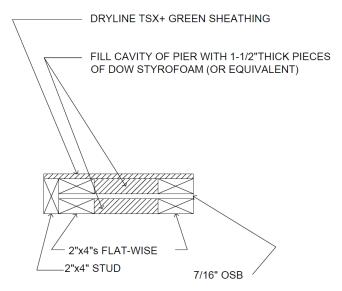


Figure 7. PFH Option 2 Section A-A



SECTION 'B'-'B'
OPTIONAL INSULATION
OF JOIST CAVITIES

Figure 8. PFH Option 2 Section B-B





- 6.2.4 Alternative Prescriptive IRC Bracing Applications:
 - 6.2.4.1 As an alternative to **Section 6.2.2**, the following provisions are permitted:
 - 6.2.4.1.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing may be used on braced wall lines as an equivalent alternative to Method WSP of the IRC, when installed in accordance with IRC Section R602.10 and this report.
 - 6.2.4.1.2 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing may be used to brace walls of buildings as an alternative to the Continuous Wall Bracing provisions of IRC Section R602.10.4.
 - 6.2.4.1.3 Required braced wall panel lengths for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be as determined by the equivalency factor shown in **Table 4** and <u>IRC Table R602.10.3(1)</u> and <u>IRC Table R602.10.3(2)</u>, including all footnotes.
 - 6.2.4.1.3.1 Bracing lengths in these tables for Method WSP or CS-WSP (Continuously Sheathed Wood Structural Panel) shall be multiplied by the equivalency factor listed in **Table 4**.

Table 4. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Braced Wall Line Length Equivalency Factors Based on Equivalency Testing for Use with the IRC^{1,2,5}

| Structural Sheathing | Joint Treatment | Maximum Stud Spacing (in) | Fastener ³ | Fastener Spacing (edge:field) (in) | Wind SPF Framing Equivalency Factors ⁴ to IRC WSP or CS-WSP |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|--|
| DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing | Lapped | 24 o.c. | 15/16" Crown x 11/4" Leg, 16-gauge Galvanized Staples or 0.120" x 11/4" Galvanized Roofing Nail | 3:3 o.c. | 1.04 |

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm

- 1. Where gypsum wallboard is not applied to the interior side of the wall assembly, bracing lengths shall be multiplied by a factor of 2.0.
- 2. Factors are based on SPF framing materials.
- 3. Fastener heads shall be installed flush to the surface of the sheathing. Staples shall be a minimum 16-gauge.
- 4. Multiply the bracing lengths in IRC Table R602.10.3(1) and IRC Table R602.10.3(2) Method WSP or CS-WSP (Continuous Sheathing) as applicable, including all footnotes, by the factors shown here to establish the required bracing length.
- 5. Valid for single top plate (advanced framing method) wall installations or double top plate wall installations.
 - These braced wall line length equivalency factors are based on equivalency testing and are used to comply with Method WSP and CS-WSP of the IRC.
 - 6.2.4.1.3.3 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing tested equivalency factors in **Table 4** allow the user to determine the length of bracing required, by multiplying the factor from **Table 4** by the length shown in the WSP or CS columns in IRC Table R602.10.3(1), as modified by all applicable factors in IRC Table R602.10.3(2).
 - 6.2.4.1.4 All IRC prescriptive bracing minimums, spacing requirements, and rules must also be met.
- 6.2.5 Prescriptive IBC Conventional Light-Frame Wood Construction:
 - 6.2.5.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing may be used to brace exterior walls of buildings as an equivalent alternative to Method WSP of the IBC when installed with ¹/₂" (13 mm) gypsum fastened with a minimum 5d cooler nail or #6 Type W or S screw spaced a maximum of 8" o.c. (203 mm) at panel edges and 8" o.c. in the field. Bracing shall be in accordance with the conventional light-frame construction method of IBC Section 2308.10²⁹ and this report.







- 6.2.6 Performance-Based Wood-Framed Construction:
 - 6.2.6.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing panels used in wall assemblies designed as shear walls are permitted to be designed in accordance with the methodology used in SDPWS for WSP using the capacities shown in Table 5, Table 6, and Table 7.
 - 6.2.6.2 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shear walls are permitted to resist horizontal wind load forces using the allowable shear loads (in pounds per linear foot) set forth in Table 5.
 - 6.2.6.3 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shear walls that require seismic design in accordance with IBC Section 1613 shall use the seismic allowable unit shear capacities set forth in Table 6.
 - The response modification coefficient, R, system overstrength factor, Ω_0 , and deflection 6.2.6.3.1 amplification factor, C_d, indicated in **Table 6** shall be used to determine the base shear, element design forces, and design story drift in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7 Chapter 12 and Section 14.5.
 - 6.2.6.4 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing panels are permitted to resist transverse wind load forces using the allowable transverse loads (in pounds per linear foot) set forth in Table 7 and the wind speeds shown in Table 8.

Table 5. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Allowable Stress Design (ASD) Capacity - Wind

| Structural Sheathing | Fastener ¹ | Joint Treament ³ | Maximum Stud Spacing (in) | Gypsum Wallboard ² (GWB) | GWB Fastener Spacing ⁴ (edge:field) (in) | Allowable Unit Shear Capacity (plf) |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| DRYline TSX+ Green Structural | 15/ ₁₆ " Crown x 11/ ₄ " Leg 16-gauge Galvanized | Lannad | 24.0.0 | ¹ / ₂ " GWB | 8:8 | 290 |
| Sheathing | Staples or 0.120" x 1 ¹ / ₄ " Galvanized Roofing Nail | Lapped | 24 o.c. | None | - | 200 |

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm. 1 lb/ft = 0.0146 kN/m

- 1. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing attached with a minimum 16-gauge, 15/16" crown x 11/4" leg staples or 0.120" x 11/4" roofing nails, unless noted otherwise above. In all cases, fasteners are to be spaced a maximum of 3" o.c. at the edges and 3" o.c. in the field with a minimum edge distance of 3/8".
- 2. Gypsum attached with minimum 5d cooler nail or #6 type W or S screws 11/4" long. Fastener spacing shall be as required above.
- 3. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing joints shall be lapped 3/4" at vertical framing members with a single row of fasteners along each vertical or horizontal framing member.
- Linear interpolation between fastening patterns is permitted.





Table 6. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Allowable Stress Design (ASD) Capacity and Seismic Design Coefficients - Seismic¹

| Seismic Force- Resisting System | Joint Treatment | Maximum Stud Spacing (in) | GWB | Seismic Allowable Unit Shear Capacity ³ | Apparent Shear Stiffness, Ga | Response Modifi- cation Factor, | System Over- strength Factor, | Deflection Amplifi- cation coefficient, | Limi | Structural System Limitations and Building Height Limit ⁷ (ft) SDC | | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|------|---|----|----|----|
| o you ou | | () | | (plf) | (kips/in) | R ⁴ | Ω_0^5 | C _d ⁶ | В | С | D | E | F |
| Light- Frame (Wood) Walls Sheathed with DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing | Lapped | 24 o.c. | No GWB | 125 | 4.0 | 6.5 | 3 | 4 | NL | NL | 65 | 65 | 65 |

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb/ft = 0.0146 kN/m

- 1. All seismic design coefficients follow the equivalency procedures as defined in **Section 8** of this report.
- 2. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing joints shall be lapped 3/4" at vertical framing members with a single row of fasteners along each vertical or horizontal framing member.
- 3. Allowable Unit shear capacity is based on a safety factor of 2.5 in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7 Chapter 12.
- 4. Response modification coefficient, R, for use throughout ASCE/SEI 7. Note: R reduces forces to a strength level, not an allowable stress level.
- 5. The tabulated value of the overstrength factor, Ω₀, is permitted to be reduced by subtracting one-half (0.5) for structures with flexible diaphragms.
- 6. Deflection amplification factor, C_d, for use with ASCE/SEI 7 Sections 12.8.6, 12.8.7, and 12.9.2.
- 7. NL = Not Limited. Heights are measured from the base of the structure as defined in ASCE/SEI 7 Section 11.2.

Table 7. Nominal Uniform Load Capacities (psf) for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Resisting Out-of-Plane Wind Loads¹

| Structural | Transverse Wind Load Resistance | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Sheathing | Allowable Design Value (psf) | Maximum Stud Spacing (in) | Fastener Schedule | | | |
| DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing | 135 | 16 o.c. | 15/ ₁₆ " crown x 1¹/ ₄ " leg 16-gauge galvanized staples, 3" o.c. at the perimeter, 3" o.c. in the field. Staple crowns to be installed parallel to grain | | | |

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 psf = 0.0479 kN/m2

1. Design wind load shall be in accordance with <u>IBC Section 1609.1.1</u>.





Table 8. Basic Wind Speed (mph) for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Used in Exterior Wall Covering Assemblies¹

| Structural | Allowable Components and Cladding Basic Wind Speed V _{asd} (mph) | Allowable Components and Cladding Basic Wind Speed V _{ult} (mph) | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Sheathing | 16" o.c. Framing | 16" o.c. Framing | | |
| DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing | 155 | 200 | | |

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 mph = 1.61 km/h

6.3 Water-Resistive Barrier (WRB)

- 6.3.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing may be used as a WRB as prescribed in <u>IBC Section 1403.2</u>³⁰ and IRC Section R703.2, when installed on exterior walls as described in this section.
- 6.3.2 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be installed in the vertical or horizontal orientation with board joints placed directly over exterior framing (i.e., studs, plates, or blocking) spaced a maximum of 16" (406 mm) o.c. The fasteners used to attach the board shall be installed in accordance with **Section 9**.
- 6.3.3 All seams and joints between boards shall be overlapped ³/₄" (19 mm) or covered by minimum 1¹/₂" (38 mm) wide DRYline[®] Sheathing Tape or equivalent.
- 6.3.4 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing may be installed as a WRB in a non-structural capacity with the fasteners used to attach the board installed in accordance with **Section 6.5**. All butt joints between sheathing panels shall be sealed with minimum 1¹/₂" (38 mm) wide DRYline Sheathing Tape or equivalent.
- 6.3.5 Flashing must be installed at all sheathing penetrations and shall comply with all applicable code sections.
- 6.3.6 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing has water-resistance properties as shown in **Table 9**.

Table 9. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing Water-Resistance Properties

| Property | Test Method | Value | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------|--|--|
| Water Vapor Transmission | ASTM E96 | < 0.6 Perm | | |

6.4 Air Barrier

- 6.4.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is qualified an air barrier material as prescribed in <u>IRC Section N1102.5.1.1</u>,³¹ <u>IECC Section R402.5.1.1</u>,³² <u>IECC Section C402.6.1</u>,³³ and <u>IECC Section C402.6.2.3.1</u>³⁴ in accordance with ASTM E2178.
- 6.4.2 When used as part of a continuous air barrier assembly, DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be installed in accordance with **Section 9**. When installed as part of a continuous air barrier assembly in a non-structural application, the fasteners used to attach the board may be installed in accordance with **Section 6.5**.
 - 6.4.2.1 Additionally, all sheathing panel edges at the top and bottom of the wall assemblies, and all joints between sheathing panels shall be sealed in accordance with IRC Section N1102.5.1.1, 35 IECC Section R402.5.1.1, 36 and IECC Section C402.6.1. 37 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is qualified as an air barrier material as shown in **Table 10**.

Allowable wind speeds are based on the following: Mean roof height 30', Exposure B, 10 sq. ft. effective wind area. See the applicable building code for any
adjustment needed for specific building location and configuration.





6.4.3 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing has the air permeability as shown in **Table 10**.

Table 10. Air Barrier Material Properties

| Product | Air Permeability (L/s·m²) | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing | < 0.02 | | | |
| Tested in accordance with ASTM E2178. | | | | |

6.5 Non-Structural Applications

- 6.5.1 Where other means of wall bracing are provided or are not required, and an approved exterior wall covering capable of separately resisting loads perpendicular to the face of the walls is installed over the sheathing, DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing may be used.
- 6.5.2 The sheathing panels are applied to wall framing with minimum 0.120" x $1^{1}/_{4}$ " (3 mm x 32 mm) galvanized roofing nails or 16-gauge galvanized staples having a $^{15}/_{16}$ " (11 mm) crown and $1^{1}/_{4}$ " (32 mm) leg lengths.
- 6.5.3 Fastener spacing shall be a maximum of 6" (152 mm) at the edges and 12" (305 mm) on intermediate members.
- 6.5.4 Stud spacing shall be a maximum of 24" (610 mm) o.c.
- 6.5.5 Minimum fastener penetration into the framing members is ³/₄" (19 mm).
- 6.6 Where the application falls outside of the performance evaluation, conditions of use, and/or installation requirements set forth herein, alternative techniques shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering practice and experience. This includes but is not limited to the following areas of engineering: mechanics or materials, structural, building science, and fire science.

7 Certified Performance³⁸

- 7.1 All construction methods shall conform to accepted engineering practices to ensure durable, livable, and safe construction and shall demonstrate acceptable workmanship reflecting journeyman quality of work of the various trades.³⁹
- 7.2 The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.⁴⁰

8 Regulatory Evaluation and Accepted Engineering Practice

- 8.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing complies with the following legislatively adopted regulations and/or accepted engineering practice for the following reasons:
 - 8.1.1 Structural performance under lateral load conditions (wind and seismic) for use as an alternative to the IRC Intermittent Wall Bracing provisions of IRC Section R602.10 Method WSP (Wood Structural Panel).
 - 8.1.2 Structural performance under lateral load conditions for use as an alternative to the IRC Continuous Wall Bracing provisions of IRC Section R602.10.4 Method CS-WSP.
 - 8.1.3 Structural performance under lateral load conditions for use as an alternative to the IRC Continuous Wall Bracing provisions of IRC Section R602.10.6.2 Method PFH.
 - 8.1.4 Structural performance under lateral load conditions for use as an alternative to the IBC Conventional Wall Bracing provisions of <u>IBC Section 2308.10</u>⁴¹ Method WSP for Type V construction.





- 8.1.5 Structural performance under lateral load conditions for both wind and seismic loading for use with the IBC performance-based provisions of IBC Section 2306.1 and IBC Section 2306.3 for light-frame wood wall assemblies.
 - 8.1.5.1 The basis of the seismic evaluation performed as part of this report is based on ASTM D7989 and testing per ASTM E2126 to establish Seismic Design Coefficients (SDC) that conform to the requirements of ASCE/SEI 7 Section 12.2.1.1.
 - 8.1.5.2 **Table 6** provides SDC that conforms to the requirements in ASCE/SEI 7 Section 12.2.1 and Table 12.2-1 for design of wall assemblies in buildings that require seismic design in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7 (i.e., all seismic design categories).
 - 8.1.5.3 The basis for equivalency testing is outlined in Section 12.2.1.1 of ASCE/SEI 7:

Use of seismic force-resisting systems not contained in Table 12.2-1 shall be permitted contingent on submittal to and approval by the Authority Having Jurisdiction and independent structural design review of an accompanying set of design criteria and substantiating analytical and test data. The design criteria shall specify any limitations on system use, including Seismic Design Category and height; required procedures for designing the system's components and connections; required detailing; and the values of the response modification coefficient, R; overstrength factor Ω_0 ; and deflection amplification factor, C_d .

- 8.1.5.4 The SDC evaluation uses the approach found in documentation entitled "Establishing Seismic Equivalency for Proprietary Prefabricated Shear Panels" using code-defined accepted engineering procedures, experience, and good technical judgment.
- 8.1.6 Structural performance under lateral load conditions for use as an alternative to ANSI/AWC SDPWS Section 4.3 Wood Frame Shear Walls.
- 8.1.7 Resistance to transverse loads for wall assemblies used in light-frame wood construction in accordance with IBC Section 1609.1.1 and IRC Section R301.2.1.
- 8.1.8 Performance for use as a WRB in accordance with <u>IBC Section 1403.2</u>⁴² and <u>IRC Section R703.2</u>.
- 8.1.9 Performance for use as an air barrier material in accordance with <u>IRC Section N1102.5.1.1</u>,⁴³ <u>IECC Section R402.5.1.1</u>,⁴⁴ and <u>IECC Section C402.6.1.1</u>,⁴⁵
- 8.2 Use of DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing in a Continuously Sheathed Portal Frame (CS-PF) is outside the scope of this evaluation.
- 8.3 Use of DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing to resist uplift loads is outside the scope of this evaluation.
- 8.4 Any building code, regulation and/or accepted engineering evaluations (i.e., <u>research reports</u>, <u>duly authenticated reports</u>, etc.) that are conducted for this Listing were performed by DrJ, which is an <u>ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification body</u> and a professional engineering company operated by <u>RDP</u> or <u>approved sources</u>. DrJ is qualified⁴⁶ to practice product and regulatory compliance services within its <u>scope of accreditation and engineering expertise</u>, ⁴⁷ respectively.
- 8.5 Engineering evaluations are conducted with DrJ's ANAB <u>accredited ICS code scope</u> of expertise, which is also its areas of professional engineering competence.
- 8.6 Any regulation specific issues not addressed in this section are outside the scope of this report.





9 Installation

- 9.1 Installation shall comply with the approved construction documents, the manufacturer installation instructions, this report, and the applicable building code.
- 9.2 In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer installation instructions and this report, contact the manufacturer for counsel on the proper installation method.
- 9.3 Installation Procedure
 - 9.3.1 General:
 - 9.3.1.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer published installation instructions and this report (See **Figure 9**).
 - 9.3.1.2 A copy of the manufacturer published installation instructions shall be available at all times on the jobsite during installation.
 - 9.3.1.3 Where required, gypsum wallboard shall be a minimum ¹/₂" (12.7 mm) thickness.
 - 9.3.2 Orientation:
 - 9.3.2.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing must be installed vertically or horizontally with all panel edges supported by framing or blocking.
 - 9.3.2.2 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing must be installed over studs with framing that has a nominal thickness of not less than 2" (51 mm) and spaced a maximum of 16" (610 mm) o.c.
 - 9.3.3 Fastener Type:
 - 9.3.3.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing:
 - 9.3.3.1.1 Minimum $^{15}/_{16}$ " crown x $1^{1}/_{4}$ " leg, 16-gauge galvanized staples installed with the underside of the crown flush with the surface of the sheathing.
 - 9.3.3.1.2 Minimum 0.120" x 1¹/₄" (3 mm x 32 mm) galvanized roofing nail installed with the underside of the head flush with the surface of the sheathing.
 - 9.3.3.2 Gypsum Wallboard:
 - 9.3.3.2.1 Where required, gypsum wallboard shall be installed with a minimum:
 - 9.3.3.2.1.1 #6 x $1^{1}/_{4}$ " (32 mm) Type W or S screws
 - 9.3.3.2.1.2 5d cooler nails
 - 9.3.4 Fastener Spacing:
 - 9.3.4.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing:
 - 9.3.4.1.1 Maximum of 3" o.c. (76 mm) along the edge and 3" o.c. in the field.
 - 9.3.4.2 Gypsum Wallboard:
 - 9.3.4.2.1 For IRC and IBC prescriptive applications, gypsum fasteners shall be spaced 8" (203 mm) o.c. at panel edges and 8" o.c. at intermediated framing. For engineered design, see **Table 5**.
 - 9.3.5 Fastener Edge Distance:
 - 9.3.5.1 Fastener edge distance is a minimum of ³/₈" (10 mm) for both DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing and gypsum.
 - 9.3.5.2 Staples shall be installed parallel to the framing member.





9.3.6 Treatment of Joints:

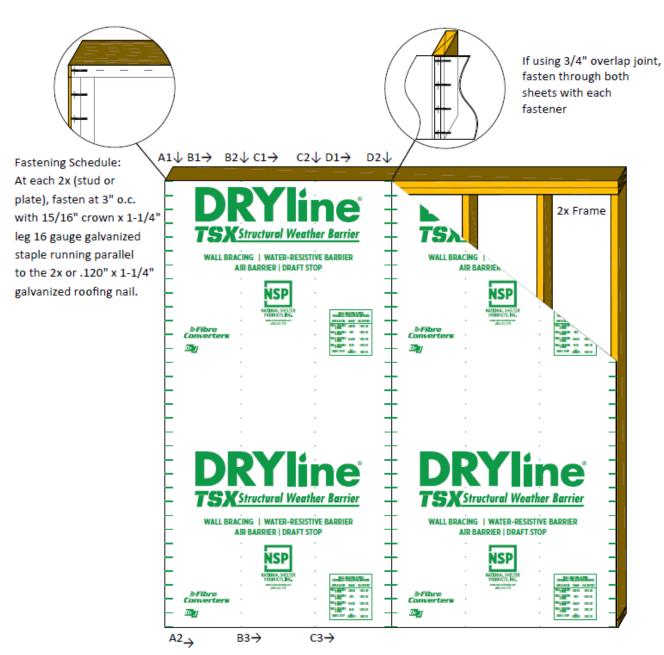
- 9.3.6.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing joints shall be lapped 3/4" (19 mm) with a single row of fasteners along each framing member.
 - 9.3.6.1.1 Alternately, joints may be butted at framing members, and a single row of fasteners must be applied to each panel edge into the stud below. DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall include a manufacturer-applied adhesive tape between the overlapped, mechanically fastened sheathing panels.
- 9.3.6.2 Do not tack DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing to framing, but fasten each panel completely once fastening begins.

9.3.7 Window Treatments:

- 9.3.7.1 If windows are made to accommodate traditional ¹/₂" (13 mm) sheathing materials, order windows with adjustable nailing fins from the supplier. Door brick moldings may be planed or routed ³/₈" (10 mm), in order to accommodate the different sheathing thickness, either at the jobsite or by the millwork supplier.
- 9.3.7.2 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing must be installed with appropriate flashing and counter flashing in conformance with accepted building standards and in compliance with local building codes and the flashing manufacturer installation instructions.







Fastening Schedule:

Step A – (A1) starting in the top left corner, fasten down the left side of the sheet and then (A2) across the bottom stopping at the next vertical 2x.

Step B – (B1) starting in the top left corner, fasten across the top of the sheet stopping at the next vertical 2x, then (B2) down that 2x starting at the top, and then (B3) across the bottom stopping at the next vertical 2x. Step C – Repeat step B.

Step D – (D1) starting at the previous vertical 2x, fasten across the top of the sheet stopping at the next vertical 2x. If the last sheet or a butt joint, (D2) fasten starting at the top of the last 2x. If installing another sheet with an overlapping joint, overlap the next sheet and repeat starting with Step A, fastening through both sheets with each fastener.

Figure 9. DRYline TSX Installation Instructions





10 Substantiating Data

- 10.1 Testing has been performed under the supervision of a professional engineer and/or under the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 as follows:
 - 10.1.1 Lateral load testing in accordance with ASTM E2126 and analysis per ASTM D7989
 - 10.1.2 Transverse load testing in accordance with ASTM E330
 - 10.1.3 Water-resistive barrier testing in accordance with ASTM E331
 - 10.1.4 Water vapor transmission testing in accordance with ASTM E96
 - 10.1.5 Air barrier material testing in accordance with ASTM E2178
- 10.2 Information contained herein may include the result of testing and/or data analysis by sources that are approved agencies, approved sources, and/or an RDP. Accuracy of external test data and resulting analysis is relied upon.
- 10.3 Where applicable, testing and/or engineering analysis are based upon provisions that have been codified into law through state or local adoption of regulations and standards. The developers of these regulations and standards are responsible for the reliability of published content. DrJ's engineering practice may use a regulation-adopted provision as the control. A regulation-endorsed control versus a simulation of the conditions of application to occur establishes a new material as <u>being equivalent</u> to the regulatory provision in terms of quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability, and safety.
- 10.4 The accuracy of the provisions provided herein may be reliant upon the published properties of raw materials, which are defined by the grade mark, grade stamp, mill certificate, or <u>duly authenticated reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> and/or <u>approved sources</u> provided by the supplier. These are presumed to be minimum properties and relied upon to be accurate. The reliability of DrJ's engineering practice, as contained in this <u>duly</u> authenticated report, may be dependent upon published design properties by others.
- 10.5 Testing and Engineering Analysis:
 - 10.5.1 The strength, rigidity, and/or general performance of component parts and/or the integrated structure are determined by suitable tests that simulate the actual conditions of application that occur and/or by accepted engineering practice and experience.⁴⁸
- 10.6 Where additional condition of use and/or regulatory compliance information is required, please search for DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing on the <u>DrJ Certification website</u>.

11 Findings

- 11.1 As outlined in **Section 6**, DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing has performance characteristics that were tested and/or meet applicable regulations. In addition, they are suitable for use pursuant to its specified purpose.
- 11.2 When used and installed in accordance with this <u>duly authenticated report</u> and the manufacturer installation instructions, DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall be approved for the following applications:
 - 11.2.1 Lateral load resistance due to wind and seismic loads carried by shear walls
 - 11.2.2 Use as an equivalent alternative to Method PFH as described in IRC Section R602.10.6.2
 - 11.2.3 Transverse load resistance due to components and cladding pressures on building surface
 - 11.2.4 Performance for use as a WRB in accordance with IBC Section 1403.2⁴⁹ and IRC Section R703.2
 - 11.2.5 Performance for use as an air barrier material in accordance with <u>IRC Section N1102.5.1.1</u>,⁵⁰ <u>IECC Section R402.5.1.1</u>,⁵¹ <u>IECC Section C402.6.1</u>,⁵² and <u>IECC Section C402.6.2.3.1</u>⁵³
- 11.3 Unless exempt by state statute, when DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing is to be used as a structural and/or building envelope component in the design of a specific building, the design shall be performed by an RDP.





- 11.4 Any application specific issues not addressed herein can be engineered by an <u>RDP</u>. Assistance with engineering is available from Fibre Converters, Inc.
- 11.5 IBC Section 104.2.3⁵⁴ (IRC Section R104.2.2⁵⁵ and IFC Section 104.2.3⁵⁶ are similar) in pertinent part state:
 - **104.2.3 Alternative Materials, Design and Methods of Construction and Equipment.** The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code, provided that any such alternative is not specifically prohibited by this code and has been approved.
- 11.6 Approved: 57 Building regulations require that the <u>building official</u> shall accept <u>duly authenticated reports.</u> 58
 - 11.6.1 An approved agency is "approved" when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited.
 - 11.6.2 An <u>approved source</u> is "approved" when an <u>RDP</u> is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce.
 - 11.6.3 Federal law, <u>Title 18 US Code Section 242</u>, requires that, where the alternative product, material, service, design, assembly, and/or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved. Denial without written reason deprives a protected right to free and fair competition in the marketplace.
- 11.7 DrJ is a licensed engineering company, employs licensed <u>RDP</u>s and is an <u>ANAB Accredited Product</u> Certification Body Accreditation #1131.
- 11.8 Through the <u>IAF Multilateral Arrangement</u> (MLA), this <u>duly authenticated report</u> can be used to obtain product approval in any <u>jurisdiction</u> or <u>country</u> because all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 <u>duly authenticated reports</u> are equivalent.⁵⁹

12 Conditions of Use

- 12.1 Material properties shall not fall outside the boundaries defined in **Section 6**.
- 12.2 As defined in **Section 6**, where material and/or engineering mechanics properties are created for load resisting design purposes, the resistance to the applied load shall not exceed the ability of the defined properties to resist those loads using the principles of accepted engineering practice.
- 12.3 As listed herein, DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing shall not be used:
 - 12.3.1 As a nailing base
 - 12.3.2 To resist horizontal loads from concrete and masonry walls
- 12.4 When required by adopted legislation and enforced by the <u>building official</u>, also known as the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) in which the project is to be constructed:
 - 12.4.1 Any calculations incorporated into the construction documents shall conform to accepted engineering practice and, when prepared by an approved source, shall be approved when signed and sealed.
 - 12.4.2 This report and the installation instructions shall be submitted at the time of <u>permit</u> application.
 - 12.4.3 This innovative product has an internal quality control program and a third-party quality assurance program.
 - 12.4.4 At a minimum, this innovative product shall be installed per **Section 9**.
 - 12.4.5 The review of this report by the AHJ shall comply with IBC Section 104.2.3.2 and IBC Section 105.3.1.
 - 12.4.6 This innovative product has an internal quality control program and a third party quality assurance program in accordance with <u>IBC Section 104.7.2</u>, <u>IBC Section 110.4</u>, <u>IBC Section 1703</u>, <u>IRC Section R104.7.2</u>, and IRC Section R109.2.
 - 12.4.7 The application of this innovative product in the context of this report is dependent upon the accuracy of the construction documents, implementation of installation instructions, inspection as required by <u>IBC</u>

 <u>Section 110.3, IRC Section R109.2,</u> and any other regulatory requirements that may apply.





- 12.5 The approval of this report by the AHJ shall comply with <u>IBC Section 1707.1</u>, where legislation states in part, "the <u>building official</u> shall make, or cause to be made, the necessary tests and investigations; or the <u>building official</u> shall accept duly authenticated reports from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in <u>Section 104.2.3</u>", all of <u>IBC Section 104</u>, and <u>IBC Section 105.3</u>.
- 12.6 <u>Design loads</u> shall be determined in accordance with the regulations adopted by the <u>jurisdiction</u> in which the project is to be constructed and/or by the building designer (i.e., owner or RDP).
- 12.7 The actual design, suitability, and use of this report for any particular building, is the responsibility of the owner or the authorized agent of the owner.

13 Identification

- 13.1 The innovative product listed in **Section 1.1** is identified by a label on the board or packaging material bearing the manufacturer name, product name, this report number, and other information to confirm code compliance.
- 13.2 Additional technical information can be found at www.fibreconverters.com or nationalshelter.com.

14 Review Schedule

- 14.1 This report is subject to periodic review and revision. For the latest version, visit www.drjcertification.org.
- 14.2 For information on the status of this report, please contact <u>DrJ Certification</u>.





Issue Date: April 7, 2023

Subject to Renewal: July 1, 2026

FBC Supplement to Report Number 2304-02

REPORT HOLDER: Fibre Converters, Inc.

1 Evaluation Subject

1.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing

2 Purpose and Scope

- 2.1 Purpose
 - 2.1.1 The purpose of this Report Supplement is to show DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing, recognized in Report Number 2304-02, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes listed below as adopted by the Florida Building Commission.
- 2.2 Applicable Code Editions
 - 2.2.1 FBC-B—20, 23: Florida Building Code Building
 - 2.2.2 FBC-R—20, 23: Florida Building Code Residential

3 Conclusions

- 3.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing, described in Report Number 2304-02, complies with the FBC-B and FBC-R and is subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.
- 3.2 Where there are variations between the IBC and IRC and the FBC-B and FBC-R applicable to this report, they are listed here:
 - 3.2.1 FBC-B Section 104 is reserved.
 - 3.2.2 FBC-B Section 110.4 is reserved and replaces IBC Section 110.4.
 - 3.2.3 FBC-B Section 104.6 is reserved and replaces IBC Section 104.4.
 - 3.2.4 FBC-B Section 104.11 replaces IBC Section 104.2.3 and Section 104.2.3.2.
 - 3.2.5 FBC-B Section 105.3 replaces IBC Section 105.3.
 - 3.2.6 FBC-B Section 105.3.1 replaces IBC Section 105.3.1.
 - 3.2.7 FBC-B Section 110.3 replaces IBC Section 110.3.
 - 3.2.8 FBC-B Section 1404.2 replaces IBC Section 1403.2.
 - 3.2.9 FBC-B Section 1609.1.1 replaces IBC Section 1609.1.1.
 - 3.2.10 FBC-B Section 1609.3.1 replaces IBC Section 1609.3.1.
 - 3.2.11 FBC-B Section 1613 is reserved and replaces IBC Section 1613.
 - 3.2.12 FBC-B Section 1707.1 replaces IBC Section 1707.1.
 - 3.2.13 FBC-B Section 2306.1 replaces IBC Section 2306.1.
 - 3.2.14 FBC-B Section 2306.3 replaces IBC Section 2306.3.
 - 3.2.15 FBC-B Section 2308 is reserved and replaces IBC Section 2308.10.
 - 3.2.16 FBC-R Section N1101.1 replaces IRC Section N1102.5.1.1.





- 3.2.17 FBC-R Section R104 and Section R109 are reserved.
- 3.2.18 FBC-R Section R301.1 replaces IRC Section R301.1.
- 3.2.19 FBC-R Section R301.2.1 replaces IRC Section R301.2.1.
- 3.2.20 FBC-R Section R602.10 is reserved and replaces IRC Section R602.10.
- 3.2.21 FBC-R Table R602.10.3(1), FBC-R Table R602.10.3(2), FBC-R Table R602.10.3(3), and FBC-R Table R602.10.3(4) are reserved and replace IRC Table R602.10.3(1), IRC Table R602.10.3(2), IRC Table R602.10.3(3), and IRC Table R602.10.3(4).
- 3.2.22 FBC-R Section R602.10.4 is reserved and replaces IRC Section R602.10.4.
- 3.2.23 FBC-R Section R602.10.6.2 is reserved and replaces IRC Section R602.10.6.2.
- 3.2.24 FBC-R Section R602.10.6.4 is reserved and replaces IRC Section R602.10.6.4.
- 3.2.25 FBC-R Section R703.2 replaces IRC Section R703.2.

4 Conditions of Use

- 4.1 DRYline TSX+ Green Structural Sheathing, described in Report Number 2304-02, must comply with all of the following conditions:
 - 4.1.1 All applicable sections in Report Number 2304-02.
 - 4.1.2 The design, installation, and inspections are in accordance with additional requirements of FBC-B Chapter 16 and Chapter 17, as applicable.





Notes

- For more information, visit <u>dricertification.org</u> or call us at 608-310-6748.
- ² Capitalized terms and responsibilities are defined pursuant to the applicable building code, applicable reference standards, the latest edition of <u>TPI1</u>, the <u>NDS</u>, <u>AISI S202</u>, <u>US</u> professional engineering law, <u>Canadian building code</u>, <u>Canada professional engineering law</u>, <u>Qualtim External Appendix A</u>: <u>Definitions/Commentary</u>, <u>Qualtim External Appendix B</u>: <u>Project/Deliverables</u>, <u>Qualtim External Appendix C</u>: <u>Intellectual Property and Trade Secrets</u>, definitions created within Design Drawings and/or definitions within Reference Sheets. Beyond this, terms not defined shall have ordinarily accepted meanings as the context implies. Words used in the present tense include the future; words stated in the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter; the singular number includes the plural and the plural, the singular.
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1702
- Alternative Materials, Design and Methods of Construction and Equipment: The provisions of any regulation code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by a regulation. Please review https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission and http
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706.2:~:text=the%20design%20strengths%20and%20permissible%20stresses%20shall%20be%20established%20by%20tests
- The <u>design strengths</u> and permissible stresses of any structural material shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice. <a href="https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706.1:~:text=Conformance%20to%20Standards-,The%20design%20strengths%20and%20permissible%20stresses,-of%20any%20structural
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1:~:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20make%2C%20or%20cause%20to%20be%20made%2C%20the%20necessary%20tests%20and%20investigations%3B%20or%20the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies%20in%20respect%20to%20the%20quality%20and%20manner%20of%20use%20or%20new%20materials%20or%20assemblies%20as%20provided%20for%20in%20section%20104.2.3.
- 8 https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4.2
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/2/definitions#approved_agency
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/2/definitions#approved_source
- https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832 (b) Any organization that commits any offense described in subsection (a) shall be fined not more than the greater of \$5,000,000 or 3 times the value of the stolen trade secret to the organization, including expenses for research and design and other costs of reproducing the trade secret that the organization has thereby avoided. The federal government and each state have a public records act. To follow DTSA and comply state public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification bodies or approved sources. For more information, please review this website: Intellectual Property and Trade Secrets.
- https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional AND https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineering-boards-in-each-state-archive/
- 13 https://www.cbitest.com/accreditation/
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.1:~:text=directed%20to%20enforce%20the%20provisions%20of%20this%20code
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.2.3 AND https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#105.3.1
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1
- 17 <u>https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-</u>
 - mla/#:~:text=Once%20an%20accreditation%20body%20is%20a%20signatory%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20 and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessment%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope
- 18 True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- 19 https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law AND https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission
- Unless otherwise noted, the links referenced herein use un-amended versions of the 2024 International Code Council (ICC) 2024 International Code Council (ICC) model codes as foundation references. Mississippi versions of the IBC 2024 and the IRC 2024 are un-amended. This material, product, design, service and/or method of construction also complies with the 2000-2012 versions of the referenced codes and the standards referenced therein. As pertinent to this technical and code compliance evaluation, CBI and/or DrJ staff have reviewed any state or local regulatory amendments to assure this report is in compliance.
- 21 See Adoptions by Publisher for the latest adoption of a non-amended or amended model code by the local jurisdiction. https://up.codes/codes/general
- 22 See Adoptions by Publisher for the latest adoption of a non-amended or amended model code by state. https://up.codes/codes/general
- https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3282/subpart-A/section-3282.14
- https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280
- ²⁵ All references to the FBC-B and FBC-R are the same as the 2024 IBC and 2024 IRC unless otherwise noted in the Florida Supplement at the end of this report.
- https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#p-3280.2(Listed%20or%20certified); https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/2/definitions#listedAND https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/2/definitions#labeled
- 27 <u>2015 IBC Section 1404.2</u>
- 28 2024 IBC Section 2308.9.3.2 and 2021 IBC Section 2308.5.3.2
- 29 <u>2021 IBC Section 2308.6</u>
- 30 2015 IBC Section 1404.2
- 31 2021 IRC Section N1102.4.1.1
- 32 <u>2021 IECC Section R402.4.1.1</u>
- 2021 IECC Section C402.5.1





- 34 <u>2021 IECC Section C402.5.1.3</u> and <u>2018 IECC Section C402.5.1.2.1</u>
- 35 <u>2021 IRC Section N1102.4.1.1</u>
- 36 <u>2021 IECC Section R402.4.1.1</u>
- 37 2021 IECC Section C402.5.1
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4
- 39 https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#:~:text=All%20construction%20methods%20shall%20be%20in%20conformance%20with%20accepted%20engineering%20practices%20to%20insure%20durable%2C%20liv able%2C%20and%20safe%20housing%20and%20shall%20demonstrate%20acceptable%20workmanship%20reflecting%20journeyman%20quality%20of%20work%20of%20the%20various%20trades
- https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#:~:text=The%20strength%20and%20rigidity%20of%20the%20component%20parts%20and/or%20the%20integrated%20structure%20shall%20be%20determined%20by%20 engineering%20analysis%20or%20by%20suitable%20load%20tests%20to%20simulate%20the%20actual%20loads%20and%20conditions%20of%20application%20that%20occur
- 41 2021 IBC Section 2308.6
- 42 2015 IBC Section 1404.2
- 43 2021 IRC Section N1102.4.1.1
- 44 2021 IECC Section R402.4.1.1
- 45 2021 IECC Section C402.5.1.1
- 46 Qualification is performed by a legislatively defined <u>Accreditation Body</u>. <u>ANSI National Accreditation Board (ANAB)</u> is the largest independent accreditation body in North America and provides services in more than 75 countries. <u>DrJ</u> is an ANAB accredited <u>product certification body</u>.
- 47 https://anabpd.ansi.org/Accreditation/product-certification/AllDirectoryDetails?prgID=1&orgID=2125&statusID=4#:~:text=Bill%20Payment%20Date-,Accredited%20Scopes,-13%20ENVIRONMENT.%20HEALTH
- 48 See Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 24 Subtitle B Chapter XX Part 3280 for definition: https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280
- 49 <u>2015 IBC Section 1404.2</u>
- 50 2021 IRC Section N1102.4.1.1
- 51 2021 IECC Section R402.4.1.1
- 52 2021 IECC Section C402.5.1
- 53 2021 IECC Section C402.5.1.3
- ⁵⁴ 2021 IBC Section 104.11
- 55 2021 IRC Section R104.11
- ⁵⁶ 2018: https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ifc-2018/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.9 AND 2021: https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.11
- Approved is an adjective that modifies the noun after it. For example, Approved Agency means that the Agency is accepted officially as being suitable in a particular situation. This example conforms to IBC/IRC/IFC Section 201.4 (https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/2/definitions#201.4) where the building code authorizes sentences to have an ordinarily accepted meaning such as the context implies.
- https://up.codes/viewer/mississippi/ibc-2024/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1
- Multilateral approval is true for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.