



Listing and Technical Evaluation Report™

Report No: 2010-02



Issue Date: December 16, 2021 Revision Date: November 5, 2024 Subject to Renewal: January 1, 2026

SPAX® Construction Screw Properties

Trade Secret Report Holder:

Altenloh, Brinck & Company US Inc

Phone: 419-636-6715	Toll-Free: 800-443-9602	Website: <u>www.spax.us</u>
CSI Designations:		
DIVISION: 06 00 00 - WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES	Section: 06 00 90 - Wood and Plastic Fastenings	Section: 06 05 23 - Wood, Plastic, and Composite Fastenings

1 Innovative Products Evaluated¹

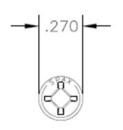
1.1 #6, #8, #9, #10 and #14 SPAX Construction Screws

2 Product Description and Materials

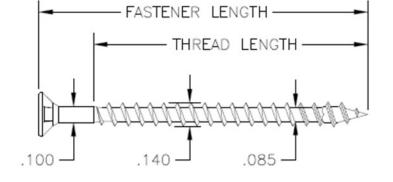
- 2.1 SPAX Construction Screws are made of hardened carbon steel conforming to ASTM A510 or DIN 1654. Select Construction Screws are made of 304 or 316 stainless steel conforming to ASTM A493 or DIN 17440.
- 2.2 The fasteners are available with a variety of coatings, including proprietary coating systems designated as zinc, yellow zinc, HCR®, HCR-X[™], and WIROX®.
- 2.3 SPAX Construction Screws are available in a variety of sizes with different diameters, head types, and lengths.
 - 2.3.1 #6 SPAX Construction Screws are shown in **Figure 1** and specified in **Table 1**.
 - 2.3.2 #8 SPAX Construction Screws are shown in Figure 2 and specified in Table 2.
 - 2.3.3 #9 SPAX Construction Screws are shown in Figure 3 and specified in Table 3.
 - 2.3.4 #10 SPAX Construction Screws are shown in **Figure 4** and specified in **Table 4**.
 - 2.3.5 #14 SPAX Construction Screws are shown in Figure 5 and specified in Table 5.²

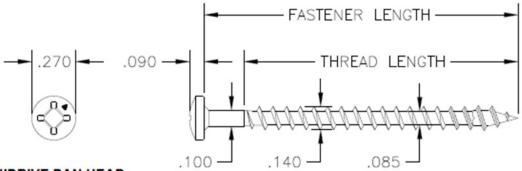






UNIDRIVE FLAT HEAD





UNIDRIVE PAN HEAD

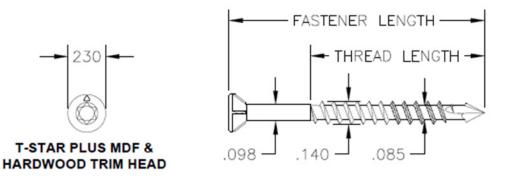


Figure 1. #6 SPAX Construction Screws



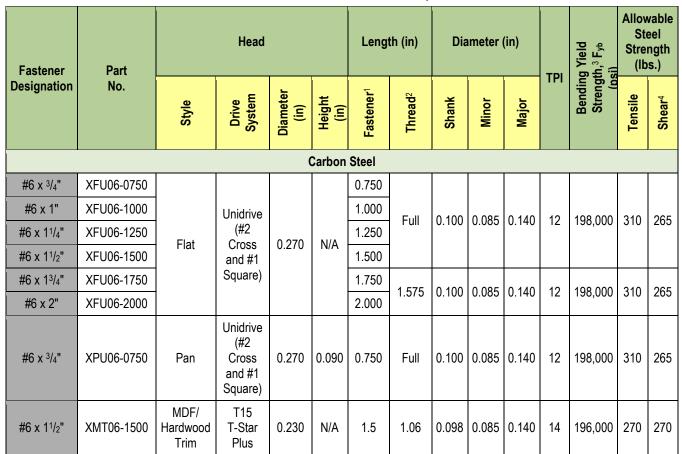


Table 1. #6 SPAX Construction Screws Specifications⁵

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa

1. Fastener length is measured from the topside of the head to the tip for flat and MDF/hardwood trim screws and from the underside of the head to the tip for the pan screws.

2. Thread length includes tapered tip (Figure 1).

3. Bending yield strength, F_{yb}, is determined in accordance with ASTM F1575 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

4. Shear strength is determined in accordance with AISI S904 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

5. Tabulated fastener dimensions are measured on uncoated fasteners. Finished dimensions are larger due to the proprietary coatings added.







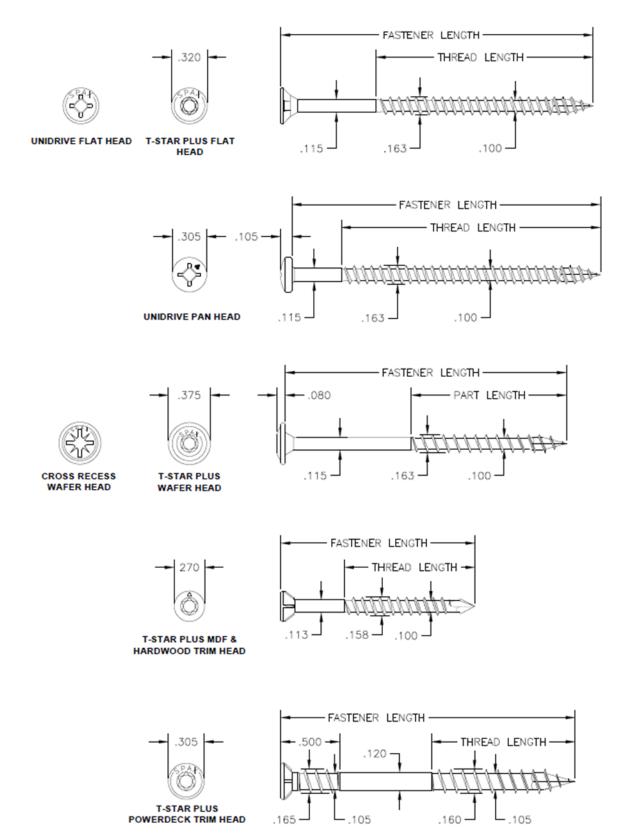


Figure 2. #8 SPAX Construction Screws



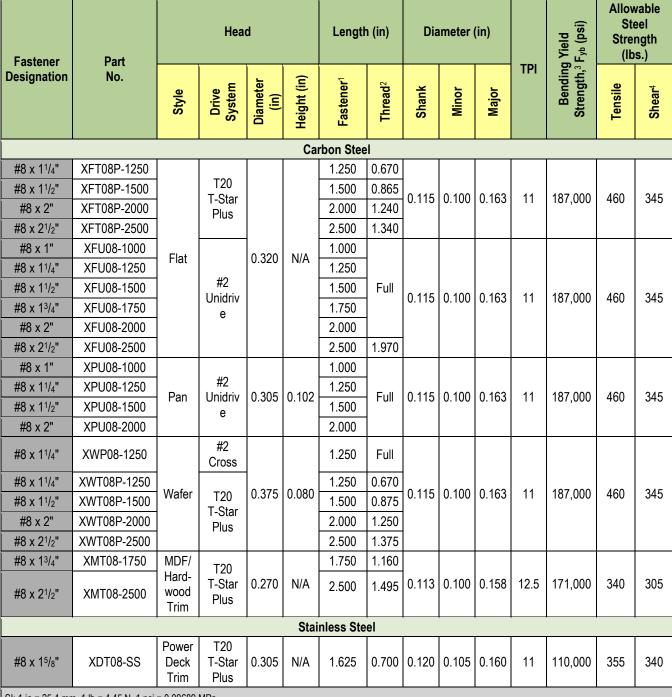


	Table 2. #8	SPAX Construction	Screws S	pecifications ⁵
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SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa

1. Fastener length is measured from the topside of the head to the tip for flat, MDF/hardwood trim, and PowerDeck® screws and from the underside of the head to the tip for the pan and wafer screws.

2. Thread length includes tapered tip (Figure 2).

3. Bending yield strength, Fyb, is determined in accordance with ASTM F1575 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

4. Shear strength is determined in accordance with AISI S904 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

5. Tabulated fastener dimensions are measured on uncoated fasteners. Finished dimensions are larger due to the proprietary coatings added.





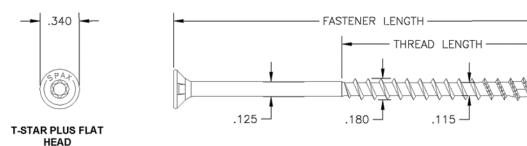


Figure 3. #9 SPAX Construction Screws

Table 3. #9 SPAX Co	Instruction Screw	s Specifications⁵	
			L 3

Fastener	Part		He	ead		Lengt	h (in)	Dia	Diameter (in)			l Strength,³ si)	Allow Ste Strer (Ibs	eel ngth
Designation	Number	Style	Drive System	Diameter (in)	Height (in)	Fastener	Thread ²	Shank	Minor	Major	TPI	Bending Yield Strength, ³ F _{yb} (psi)	Tensile	Shear⁴
Carbon Steel														
#9 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "	XFT09P-2500		T20	0.040		2.500	1.655	0.405	0.445	0.400	0.5	004.000	540	405
#9 x 3 ¹ /4"	XFT09P-3250	Flat	T-Star Plus	0.340	N/A	3.250	1.810	0.125	0.115	0.180	9.5	201,000	540	435
					ŝ	Stainless S	Steel							
#9 x 1 ¹ /2"	XFT09-1500		T20	0.046		1.500	1.000	0.405	0.445	0.400	0.5	100.000	005	
#9 x 2"	XFT09-2000	Flat	T-Star Plus	0.340	N/A	2.000	1.280	0.125	0.115	0.180	9.5	129,000	395	380
	n, 1 lb = 4.45 N, 1 ps			o hood to i	the tim									

Fastener length is measured from the topside of the head to the tip. 1.

2. Thread length includes tapered tip (Figure 3).

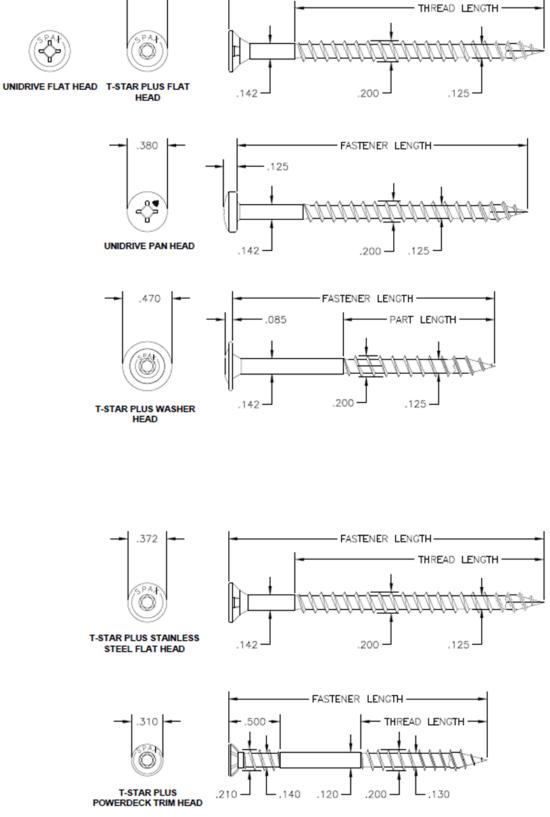
3. Bending yield strength, Fyb, is determined in accordance with ASTM F1575 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

4. Shear strength is determined in accordance with AISI S904 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

5. Tabulated fastener dimensions are measured on uncoated fasteners. Finished dimensions are larger due to the proprietary coatings added.



.390



FASTENER LENGTH

Figure 4. #10 SPAX Construction Screws







			4. #10 OF A											
Fastener	Part -		Length (in)		Dia	ameter	(in)		l Yield F _{yb} (psi)	Allowable Steel Strength (lbs.)				
Designation	No.	Style	Drive System	Diameter (in)	(in) Height (in) Fastener ¹ Thread ²		Shank	Minor	Major	TPI	Bending Yield Strength, ³ F _{yb} (psi)	Tensile	Shear⁴	
			<u> </u>	Ca	rbon St	eel				I				
#10 x 1 ¹ /2"	XFT10P-1250					1.500	1.000							
#10 x 2"	XFT10P-2000					2.000	1.250							
#10 x 2 ¹ /2"	XFT10P-2500		T20	0.390	N/A	2.500		0 1/2	0 125	0.200	8.5	187,000	690	545
#10 x 2 ³ /4"	XFT10P-2750		T-Star Plus	0.550	11/7	2.750	1.600	0.142	0.125	0.200	0.5	107,000	030	545
#10 x 3"	XFT10P-3000					3.000								
#10 x 3 ¹ /2"	XFT10P-3500					2.500	2.375							
#10 x 1"	XFU10-1000	Flat				1.000								
#10 x 1 ¹ /4"	XFU10-1250					1.250	Full							
#10 x 1 ¹ /2"	XFU10-1500					1.500	1 UII							
#10 x 2"	XFU10-2000		#2 Unidrive	0.390	N/A	2.000		0.142	0.125	0.200	8.5	187,000	690	545
#10 x 2 ¹ /2"	XFU10-2500					2.500	2.275							
#10 x 3"	XFU10-3000					3.000	2.375							
#10 x 3 ¹ / ₂ "	XFU10-3500					3.500	2.070							
#10 x ⁵ /8"	XPU10-0625	Pan	#2 Unidrive	0.380	0.125	0.625	Full	0.142	0.125	0.200	8.5	187,000	690	545
#10 x 1"	XPU10-1000	- un		0.000	0.120	1.000		0.1.12	0.120	0.200	0.0	101,000		0.0
#10 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "	XWT10-2500	Washer	T20	0.470	0.085	2.500	1.500	0.142	0.125	0.200	8.5	187,000	690	545
#10 x 3"	XWT10-3000		T-Star Plus			3.000	1.625					,		
				Stai	nless S		4 4 = =							
#10 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "	XFT10-2500-SS	Flat	T20	0.372	N/A	2.375	1.450	0.142	0.125	0.200	8.5	126,000	480	440
#10 x 3"	XFT10-3000-SS		T-Star Plus			3.000	1.600							
#10 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "	XDT10-2500-SS	Power-	T20			2.500	1.260	0 /	0.400	0.000	0 -	100.000	407	455
#10 x 3"	XDT10-3000-SS	Deck Trim	T-Star Plus	0.310	N/A	3.000	1.540	0.155	0.130	0.200	8.5	129,000	485	455
#10 x 3 ¹ / ₂ "	XDT10-3500-SS					3.500	1.610							

 Table 4. #10 SPAX Construction Screws Specifications⁵

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa

1. Fastener length is measured from the topside of the head to the tip for flat and PowerDeck screws and from the underside of the head to the tip for the pan and washer screws.

2. Thread length includes tapered tip (Figure 4).

3. Bending yield strength, Fyb, is determined in accordance with ASTM F1575 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

4. Shear strength is determined in accordance with AISI S904 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

5. Tabulated fastener dimensions are measured on uncoated fasteners. Finished dimensions are larger due to the proprietary coatings added.





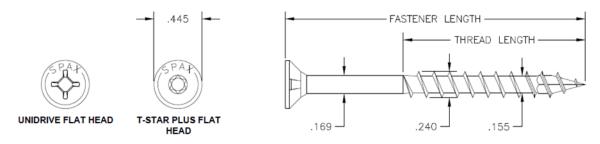


Figure 5. #14 SPAX Construction Screws

Table 5.	#14 SPAX	Construction	Screws	Specifications ⁵
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Fastener	Part	Head				Lengt	h (in)	Diameter (in)				l Strength,³ si)	Ste Stre	vable eel ngth s.)
Designation	No.	Style	Drive System Diameter (in) Height (in)		Fastener ¹	Thread ²	Shank	Minor	Major	TPI	Bending Yield Strength, ³ F _{yb} (psi)	Tensile	Shear⁴	
				C	arbon S	Steel								
#14 x 1 ¹ /4"	XFT14-1000					1.250	0.925							
#14 x 11/2"	XFT14-1500					1.500	1.240							
#14 x 2"	XFT14-2000		T20			2.000	1.675			0.040				
#14 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "	XFT14P-2500		T30 T-Star Plus	0.445		2.500	0.400	0 155	7		100.000	000	750	
#14 x 3"	XFT14P-3000	Flat	Or Unidrive	0.445	N/A	3.000	1.595	0.169	0.155	0.240	7	160,000	990	750
#14 x 3 ¹ /2"	XFT14P-3500		Unidrive	ve		3.500	0.005							
#14 x 4"	XFT14P-4000					4.000	2.385							
#14 x 4 ³ /4"	XFT14P-4750					4.750	2.660							
SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm	n, 1 lb = 4.45 N, 1 psi =			- <i>tin</i>				<u> </u>	1	I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

1. Fastener length is measured from the topside of the head to the tip.

2. Thread length includes tapered tip (Figure 5).

3. Bending yield strength, Fyb, is determined in accordance with ASTM F1575 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

4. Shear strength is determined in accordance with AISI S904 using minor thread diameter when fastener is tested in the threaded section.

5. Tabulated fastener dimensions are measured on uncoated fasteners. Finished dimensions are larger due to the proprietary coatings added.

2.4 Fastener Material

2.4.1 SPAX Construction Screws are made of hardened carbon steel grade 10B18 wire conforming to ASTM A510 or stainless steel Grade 316 wire.





- 2.5 Corrosion Resistance
 - 2.5.1 Interior Wood Applications:
 - 2.5.1.1 SPAX Construction Screws, having the proprietary coatings, are equivalent to the protection provided by code-approved hot-dipped galvanized coatings meeting ASTM A153, Class D (<u>IBC Section</u> 2304.10.6 and <u>IRC Section R317.3</u>), when recognized for use by the American Wood Protection Association in untreated wood and above ground contact pressure-treated wood for interior, dry/damp general construction applications (i.e., ABOVE GROUND AWPA UC1-UC2).
 - 2.5.2 Exterior Wood Applications:
 - 2.5.2.1 SPAX Construction Screws, having the proprietary coatings, are equivalent to the protection provided by code-approved hot-dipped galvanized coatings meeting ASTM A153, Class D (<u>IBC Section</u> 2304.10.6 and <u>IRC Section R317.3</u>), when recognized for use by the American Wood Protection Association in untreated wood and above ground contact pressure-treated wood for exterior, freshwater, general construction applications (i.e., GROUND CONTACT AWPA UC1 UC4A).
 - 2.5.3 Stainless Steel Wood Applications:
 - 2.5.3.1 Stainless steel SPAX Construction Screws meet the material requirements in ASTM F1667 per <u>IBC</u> <u>Section 2304.10.6</u> and <u>IRC Section R317.3</u>, and are recognized for use in untreated, preservative treated and fire-retardant-treated wood in interior and exterior applications.
 - 2.5.4 Fire Retardant Treated (FRT) Wood Applications:
 - 2.5.4.1 SPAX Construction Screws proprietary coating systems designated as zinc, yellow zinc, HCR, HCR-X, and WIROX are recognized for use in FRT lumber provided the conditions set forth by the FRT lumber manufacturer be met, including appropriate strength reductions.
- 2.6 Wood Material
 - 2.6.1 Wood main and side members must be solid-sawn lumber or OSB or plywood boards having an assigned specific gravity as given in the respective tables of this report. Assigned specific gravity must be determined in accordance with NDS Table 12.3.3A.
- 2.7 As needed, review material properties for design in **Section 6** and to regulatory evaluation in **Section 8**.

3 Definitions

- 3.1 <u>New Materials</u>³ are defined as building materials, equipment, appliances, systems or methods of construction not provided for by prescriptive and/or legislatively adopted regulations, known as alternative materials.⁴ The <u>design strengths</u> and permissible stresses shall be established by tests⁵ and/or engineering analysis.⁶
- 3.2 <u>Duly authenticated reports</u>⁷ and <u>research reports</u>⁸ are test reports and related engineering evaluations, which are written by an <u>approved agency</u>⁹ and/or an <u>approved source</u>.¹⁰
 - 3.2.1 These reports contain intellectual property and/or trade secrets, which are protected by the <u>Defend Trade</u> <u>Secrets Act</u> (DTSA).¹¹
- 3.3 An <u>approved agency</u> is *"approved"* when it is <u>ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited</u>. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is listed in the <u>ANAB directory</u>.
- 3.4 An <u>approved source</u> is *"approved"* when a professional engineer (i.e., <u>Registered Design Professional</u>) is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the <u>state legislature</u> via its professional engineering regulations.¹²
- 3.5 Testing and/or inspections conducted for this <u>duly authenticated report</u> were performed by an <u>ISO/IEC 17025</u> <u>accredited testing laboratory</u>, an <u>ISO/IEC 17020 accredited inspection body</u> and/or a licensed <u>Registered</u> <u>Design Professional</u> (RDP).
 - 3.5.1 The <u>Center for Building Innovation</u> (CBI) is <u>ANAB¹³ ISO/IEC 17025</u> and <u>ISO/IEC 17020</u> accredited.





- 3.6 The regulatory authority shall <u>enforce</u>¹⁴ the specific provisions of each legislatively adopted regulation. If there is a non-conformance, the specific regulatory section and language of the non-conformance shall be provided in <u>writing</u>¹⁵ stating the nonconformance and the path to its cure.
- 3.7 The regulatory authority shall accept <u>duly authenticated reports</u> from an <u>approved agency</u> and/or an <u>approved</u> <u>source</u> with respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in regulations regarding the use of alternative materials, designs, or methods of construction.¹⁶
- 3.8 ANAB is an <u>International Accreditation Forum</u> (IAF) <u>Multilateral Recognition Arrangement</u> (MLA) signatory where recognition of certificates, validation and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.¹⁷ Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 <u>duly authenticated reports</u> are approval equivalent.¹⁸
- 3.9 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.¹⁹

4 Applicable Standards for the Listing; Regulations for the Regulatory Evaluation²⁰

- 4.1 Standards
 - 4.1.1 AISI S904: Standard Test Methods for Determining the Tensile and Shear Strengths of Screws
 - 4.1.2 ANSI/AWC NDS: National Design Specification (NDS) for Wood Construction
 - 4.1.3 ASTM A153: Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware
 - 4.1.4 ASTM A510: Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel, and Alloy Steel
 - 4.1.5 ASTM B117: Standard Practice for Operating Salt Spray (Fog) Apparatus
 - 4.1.6 ASTM D1761: Standard Test Methods for Mechanical Fasteners in Wood
 - 4.1.7 ASTM F1575: Standard Test Method for Determining Bending Yield Moment of Nails
 - 4.1.8 ASTM G85: Standard Practice for Modified Salt Spray (Fog) Testing
 - 4.1.9 DIN (Deutsches Institut fur Normung E.V.) 1654: Cold Heading & Cold Extruding Steels; Technical Delivery Conditions for Stainless Steels
 - 4.1.10 DIN 17440: Technical Delivery Conditions for Stainless Steel Plate, Hot Rolled Strip and bars for Pressure Purposes, Drawn Wire and Forgings

4.2 Regulations

- 4.2.1 IBC 15, 18, 21: International Building Code®
- 4.2.2 IRC 15, 18, 21: International Residential Code®
- 4.2.3 FBC-B—20, 23: Florida Building Code Building²¹ (FL 40711)
- 4.2.4 FBC-R—20, 23: Florida Building Code Residential²¹ (FL 40711)

5 Listed²²

5.1 Equipment, materials, products or services included in a List published by a <u>nationally recognized testing</u> <u>laboratory</u> (i.e., CBI), <u>approved agency</u> (i.e., CBI and DrJ), and/or <u>approved source</u> (i.e., DrJ) or other organization concerned with product evaluation (i.e., DrJ) that maintains periodic inspection (i.e., CBI) of production of listed equipment or materials, and whose listing states either that the equipment or material meets nationally recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for use in a specified manner.





6 Tabulated Properties Generated from Nationally Recognized Standards

- 6.1 SPAX Construction Screws are used to attach wood framing members in conventional light-frame construction and provide resistance against head pull-through, withdrawal, and shear loads.
- 6.2 Where the application exceeds the limitations set forth herein, design shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering procedures, experience, and technical judgment.

6.3 Design

- 6.3.1 Design of SPAX Construction Screws is governed by the applicable code and the provisions for dowel type fasteners in NDS.
- 6.3.2 Unless otherwise noted, adjustment of the design stresses for duration of load shall be in accordance with the applicable code.

6.4 Head Pull-Through Design Values

- 6.4.1 Reference design values for head pull-through for SPAX Construction Screws are specified in **Table 6** for OSB and plywood, and **Table 7** for sawn lumber.
- 6.4.2 Reference design values for head pull-through for XFT14P-4000 fasteners are specified in **Table 8**.

Table 6. Reference Pull-Through Design Values (P) for SPAX Construction Screws – OSB and Plywood

Reference Pull-Through Design Value, 1,2,3 P (lbf) Plywood Thickness (Specific Gravity) **OSB Thickness (Specific Gravity)** Fastener Head Style Series 1/8" 1/4" 11/32" 15/32" 19/32" 23/32" ⁷/16" 15/32" 19/32" 23/32" (0.33)(0.39)(0.39)(0.50)(0.50)(0.50)(0.50)(0.39)(0.39)(0.50)**Carbon Steel** MDF/Hardwood Trim 17 52 52 57 45 #6 63 114 34 40 45 Flat 21 50 7/ 120 120 212 65 68 78 110 131

	Flat	21	59	74	120	120	212	60	00	/0	
#8	Wafer	28	76	88	146	190	319	62	86	110	
	MDF/Hardwood Trim	17	58	58	77	80	139	39	53	53	
#9	Flat	22	59	78	125	145	258	65	68	78	
#10	Flat	23	79	89	151	177	293	73	78	78	
#10	Washer	28	95	103	183	246	322	73	87	126	
				Stain	less Steel						Ī
#8	PowerDeck Trim	-	-	69	78	130	145	44	77	91	
#9	Flat	-	-	69	78	130	145	44	77	91	
#10	Flat	-	-	69	78	130	145	44	77	91	
#10	PowerDeck Trim	-	-	67	78	126	145	44	68	81	
SI: 1 in = 25.4	mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N										

1. Minimum wood member thickness as specified

2. Tabulated pull-through values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.

3. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.33 and 0.39, use the tabulated values for specific gravity (SG) of 0.33. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.39 and 0.50, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.39. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity greater than or equal to 0.50, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.50.





Table 7. Reference Pull-Through Design Values (P) for SPAX Construction Screws – Sawn Lumber

			Reference Pull-Through Design Value, ^{1,2,3} P (lbf)											
Fastener Series	Head Style	SPF (G = 0.42)					DF-L (G = 0.50)				SP (G = 0.55)			
		1/4"	^{3/8} "	^{3/} 4"	1"	1 ¹ /2"	^{3/8} "	³ /4"	1"	1 ¹ /2"	^{3/8} "	^{3/} 4"	1"	1 ¹ /2"
Carbon Steel														
#6	Flat	-	-	-	125	-	-	-	150	-	-	-	179	
#0	MDF/Hardwood Trim	33	48	48	-	-	51	48	-	-	58	82	-	
	Flat	54	79	79	-	123	95	104	-	157	95	138	-	157
#8	Wafer	59	85	201	-	268	118	201	-	297	118	250	-	335
	MDF/Hardwood Trim	39	48	64	-	149	77	79	-	161	77	83	-	240
#9	Flat	59	79	95	-	177	114	188	-	211	114	188	-	303
#10	Flat	63	90	130	-	177	121	188	-	238	121	228	-	315
#10	Washer	59	112	249	-	338	133	251	-	387	133	265	-	461
					Stai	nless St	eel							
#8	PowerDeck Trim	-	-	118	-	118	-	143	-	143	-	168	-	168
#9	Flat	-	-	118	-	118	-	143	-	143	-	168	-	168
#10	Flat	-	-	118	-	118	-	143	-	143	-	168	-	168
#10	PowerDeck Trim	-	-	129	145	153	-	144	165	165	-	185	190	231

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N

1. Minimum wood member thickness as specified

2. Tabulated pull-through values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.

3. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.42 and 0.50, use the tabulated values for SG of 0.42. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.50 and 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.50. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity greater than or equal to 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.55.

Member Type (Specific Gravity) ^{1,2}	Member Description ³	Head Pull-Through Value⁵ (lbs.)
SPF ² (0.42)	Dry	190
3FF ² (0.42)	Wet	135
	Dry	240
SP ² (0.55)	Wet	155
LVL (0.50) ⁴	Dry	350

Table 8 . Head Pull-Through Design Values for XFT14P-4000 Fastener

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N

1. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.42 and 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.42. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity greater than or equal to 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.55.

2. Minimum thickness is 1.5".

3. The dry service condition is defined as lumber with an in-service moisture content of less than or equal to nineteen percent (19%). The wet service condition is defined as lumber with an in-service moisture content of greater than nineteen percent (19%).

- 4. LVL member minimum thickness is 1.5". Listed specific gravity is an equivalent specific gravity.
- 5. Tabulated withdrawal values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.





6.5 Reference Withdrawal Design Values in Face Grain Applications

- 6.5.1 Reference withdrawal design values for SPAX Construction Screws are specified in **Table 9** for OSB and plywood, and **Table 10** for sawn lumber.
- 6.5.2 Reference withdrawal design values for XFT14P-4000 fasteners are specified in **Table 11**.

Table 9. Reference Withdrawal Design Values (W) for SPAX Construction Screws - OSB and Plywood

			Re	ference Withd	rawal Design	Values, ^{1,2} W (lbf)			
Fastener Series	Head Style	Plywood Th	ickness (Spec	cific Gravity)	OSB Thickness (Specific Gravity)					
		¹⁵ / ₃₂ " (0.39)	¹⁹ / ₃₂ " (0.39)	^{23/} 32" (0.50)	⁷ / ₁₆ " (0.50)	¹⁵ / ₃₂ " (0.50)	^{19/} 32" (0.50)	^{23/} 32" (0.50)		
			Car	bon Steel						
	Flat	51	83	134	26	29	36	52		
#6	Pan	51	05	134	20	29	50	52		
	MDF/Hardwood Trim	46	73	144	29	36	41	41		
	Flat									
#8	Pan	51	83	162	26	36	48	52		
#0	Wafer									
	MDF/Hardwood Trim	68	75	179	29	37	41	64		
#9	Flat	51	92	186	39	54	54	66		
	Flat									
#10	Pan	90	92	186	39	54	54	66		
	Washer									
			Stai	nless Steel						
#8	PowerDeck Trim	68	75	179	29	37	41	64		
#9	Flat	51	92	186	39	54	54	66		
#10	Flat	90	92	186	39	54	54	66		
#10	PowerDeck Trim	90	Ϋ́Ζ	100	29	94	54	00		

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N

1. Applies to withdrawal from face grain only where the screw has full thread penetration in the board.

2. Tabulated withdrawal values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.

3. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.39 and 0.50, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.39. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity greater than or equal to 0.50, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.50.





Table 10. Reference Withdrawal Design Values (W) for SPAX Construction Screws - Sawn Lumber

		Reference Withdrawal Design Values, ^{1,2} W (lbf/in)						
Fastener Series	Head Style	Wood Species (Specific Gravity) ³						
		SPF (0.42)	DF-L (0.50)	SP (0.55)				
		Carbon	Steel					
	Flat	105	133	140				
#6	Pan	105	100	140				
	MDF/Hardwood Trim	64	108	124				
	Flat							
#8	Pan	127	133	175				
#0	Wafer							
	MDF/Hardwood Trim	106	114	124				
#9	Flat	132	146	190				
	Flat							
#10	Pan	144	176	190				
	Washer							
	Stainless Steel							
#8	PowerDeck Trim	106	114	124				
#9	Flat	132	146	190				
#10	Flat	144	176	190				
#10	PowerDeck Trim	144	176					
			•					

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N

1. Applies to withdrawal from face grain only.

2. Tabulated withdrawal values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1. A minimum thread penetration of 1" (including the tip) is required to achieve the tabulated loads.

3. Full withdrawal strength is calculated by multiplying the length of thread embedded in the main member by the tabulated reference withdrawal values.

4. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.42 and 0.50, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.42. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.50 and 0.55, use the tabulated values for SG of 0.50. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity greater than or equal to 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.55.





Member Type (Specific Gravity) ^{1,2}	Member Service Condition	Penetration ⁴ into Member (in)	Reference Withdrawal Value (Ibs/in) ^{5,6}
SPF	Dry	1	130
(0.42)	Wet	1	95
	Der	1	205
SP	Dry	2	240
(0.55)		1	140
	Wet	2	170
LVL	Dev	1	180
(0.50) ³	Dry	2	225

Table 11. Reference Withdrawal Value for XFT14P-4000 Fastener in Face Grain

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N

1. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.42 and 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.42. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity greater than or equal to 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.55.

2. The dry service condition is defined as lumber with an in-service moisture content of less than or equal to nineteen percent (19%). The wet service condition is defined as lumber with an in-service moisture content of greater than nineteen percent (19%).

3. Listed specific gravity is an equivalent specific gravity.

4. Fastener penetration is the threaded length embedded in the wood member, including the tip.

5. The full design withdrawal value (W) in pounds is equal to: W = w1 + [w2 + (w2-w1)]*(LT-1); where w1 = reference withdrawal corresponding to 1" penetration, LT = embedded thread length (minimum 1"), and w2 = reference withdrawal corresponding to 2" penetration.

6. Tabulated withdrawal values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.

6.6 Lateral Design Values

6.6.1 Reference lateral design values for shear load parallel and perpendicular to grain for SPAX Construction Screws are specified in the following tables:

6.6.1.1 Solid Sawn Main Member with OSB or Plywood Side Member:

- 6.6.1.1.1 #6 SPAX Construction Screws: Table 12
- 6.6.1.1.2 #8 SPAX Construction Screws: Table 13
- 6.6.1.1.3 #9 SPAX Construction Screws: **Table 14**
- 6.6.1.1.4 #10 SPAX Construction Screws: Table 15
- 6.6.1.1.5 #14 SPAX Construction Screws: Table 16
- 6.6.1.2 Sawn Lumber Main and Side Members:
 - 6.6.1.2.1 See **Table 17**
- 6.6.2 See **Section 6.6.3** for lateral reference design values for the XFT14P-4000 fastener.





Table 12. #6 SPAX Construction Screws Lateral Design Values – OSB and Plywood Side Member

				5 ,		
Fastener	Head	Minimum Main Member Penetration ²	Minimum Side Member Thickness	Reference Lateral Shear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (lbf)		
Designation	Style	(in)	(in)	OSB⁵ (0.50)	Plywood⁵ (0.39)	
			Carbon Steel			
#0 41		9/ ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	28	-	
#6 x 1"		17/ ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	28	22	
		¹³ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	35	-	
#C 41/ II		25/ ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	35	29	
#6 x 1¹/4"		21/ ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	36	28	
		17/ ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	38	29	
		11/16	⁷ / ₁₆	41	-	
110 A41 II		11/32	¹⁵ / ₃₂	42	35	
#6 x 1 ¹ /2"		²⁹ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	42	35	
	Flat or Pan	25/ ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	43	34	
		1 ⁵ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	41	-	
		19/ ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	42	35	
#6 x 1 ³ /4"		15/32	¹⁹ / ₃₂	46	37	
		1 ¹ /32	²³ / ₃₂	50	40	
		19/ ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	41	-	
<i>//C</i> 0"		1 ¹⁷ / ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	42	35	
#6 x 2"		1 ¹³ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	46	37	
		1 ⁹ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	51	40	
		11/16	7/ ₁₆	41	-	
#C 44/ #	MDF/Hardwood	1 ¹ / ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	42	35	
#6 x 1 ¹ /2"	Trim	²⁹ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	42	35	
		25/ ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	43	34	

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N

1. Reference lateral design values apply to two-member single shear connections where the side member is OSB or plywood, the main member is SPF (Specific Gravity = 0.42), and the fastener is installed in the face of the member and oriented perpendicular to grain. The underside of the fastener head shall be installed flush with the surface of the side member.

2. Penetration depth includes the length of tapered tip.

3. Lateral design values apply to both perpendicular to grain (Z_{\perp}) and parallel to grain (Z_{\parallel}) orientations.

4. Tabulated lateral design values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.

5. OSB shall comply with DOC PS 2 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.50. Plywood shall comply with DOC PS 1 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.39.





Table 13. #8 SPAX Construction Screws Lateral Design Values – OSB and Plywood Side Member

Fastener Head Style		Minimum Main Member	Minimum Side Member	Reference Lateral Shear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (lbf)			
Designation	Head Style	Penetration ² (in)	Thickness (in)	OSB⁵ (0.50)	Plywood⁵ (0.39)		
Carbon Steel							
		¹³ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	40	-		
#8 x 1 ¹ /4"		25/ ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	40	33		
		²¹ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	42	32		
		11/16	⁷ / ₁₆	51	-		
#0 · · 41/ "		11/32	15/ ₃₂	50	44		
#8 x 1 ¹ /2"		²⁹ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	49	41		
		25/ ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	51	39		
	Flat, Pan or Wafer	1 ⁵ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	53	-		
#0 v 13/."		1º/ ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	54	46		
#8 x 1 ³ /4"		1 ⁵ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	59	48		
		11/32	²³ / ₃₂	58	48		
		1 ⁹ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	53	-		
#8 x 2"		1 ¹⁷ / ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	54	46		
#8 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "		1 ¹³ / ₃₂	¹⁹ / ₃₂	59	48		
		1 ⁹ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	64	51		
		1 ⁵ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	51	-		
#8 x 1 ³ /4"		1 ⁹ / ₃₂	¹⁵ / ₃₂	52	44		
#O X 1°/4		1 ⁵ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	57	46		
	MDF/Hardwood	11/32	²³ / ₃₂	59	48		
	Trim	21/16	7/ ₁₆	51	-		
#8 x 2 ¹ /2"		21/32	15/ ₃₂	52	44		
#0 X Z '12		1 ²⁹ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	57	46		
		1 ²⁵ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	63	49		
			Stainless Steel				
		1 ³ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	48	-		
#8 x 1 ⁵ /8"	PowerDeck	1 ⁵ / ₃₂	¹⁵ / ₃₂	49	40		
#U X 19/8	Trim	11/32	¹⁹ / ₃₂	55	43		
		²⁹ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	55	46		





Table 13. #8 SPAX Construction Screws Lateral Design Values – OSB and Plywood Side Member

Fastener	ener Head Style Minimum Main Member Minimum Side Member		Reference Lateral Shear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (
Designation	neau Style	Penetration ² (in)	Thickness (in)	OSB⁵ (0.50)	Plywood⁵ (0.39)		
 SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N Reference lateral design values apply to two-member single shear connections where the side member is OSB or plywood, the main member is SPF (specific gravity = 0.42), and the fastener is installed in the face of the member and oriented perpendicular to grain. The underside of the fastener head shall be installed flush with the surface of the side member. Penetration depth includes the length of tapered tip. Lateral design values apply to both perpendicular to grain (Z⊥) and parallel to grain (Z⊥) orientations. Tabulated lateral design values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1. OSB shall comply with DOC PS 2 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.50. Plywood shall comply with DOC PS 1 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.39. Table 14 . #9 SPAX Construction Screws Lateral Design Values – OSB and Plywood Side Member							
	14. #9 SPAX			OSB and Plywood S			
Table		Construction Screws L	ateral Design Values –	OSB and Plywood S	Side Member		
Table Fastener	14. #9 SPAX	Construction Screws L Minimum Main Member	ateral Design Values – Minimum Side Member	OSB and Plywood S Reference Lateral SI	Side Member hear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (lbf)		
Table Fastener	14. #9 SPAX	Construction Screws L Minimum Main Member	ateral Design Values – Minimum Side Member Thickness (in)	OSB and Plywood S Reference Lateral SI	Side Member hear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (lbf)		
Table Fastener	14. #9 SPAX Head Style	Construction Screws L Minimum Main Member Penetration ² (in)	ateral Design Values – Minimum Side Member Thickness (in) Carbon Steel	OSB and Plywood S Reference Lateral SI OSB⁵ (0.50)	Side Member hear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (lbf)		
Table Fastener Designation	14. #9 SPAX	Construction Screws L Minimum Main Member Penetration ² (in) 2 ¹ / ₁₆	ateral Design Values – Minimum Side Member Thickness (in) Carbon Steel 7/ ₁₆	OSB and Plywood S Reference Lateral SI OSB ⁵ (0.50) 71	Side Member hear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (Ibf) Plywood⁵ (0.39) -		

		1 / 32	132	01	00	
Stainless Steel						
		1 ¹ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	57	-	
#9 x 1 ¹/₂"		1 ¹ / ₃₂	¹⁵ / ₃₂	57	50	
F9 X 1 12		²⁹ / ₃₂	¹⁹ / ₃₂	56	46	
	25/ ₃₂	23/ ₃₂	59	45		
	Flat	1 ⁹ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	59	-	
#9 x 2"	1 ¹⁷ / ₃₂	¹⁵ / ₃₂	60	51		
#9 X Z		1 ¹³ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	66	53	

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N

#9

1. Reference lateral design values apply to two-member single shear connections where the side member is OSB or plywood, the main member is SPF (specific gravity = 0.42), and the fastener is installed in the face of the member and oriented perpendicular to grain. The underside of the fastener head shall be installed flush with the surface of the side member.

²³/₃₂

72

2. Penetration depth includes the length of tapered tip.

3. Lateral design values apply to both perpendicular to grain (Z_{\perp}) and parallel to grain (Z_{\parallel}) orientations.

4. Tabulated lateral design values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.

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5. OSB shall comply with DOC PS 2 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.50. Plywood shall comply with DOC PS 1 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.39.

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Table 15. #10 SPAX Construction Screws Lateral Design Values – OSB and Plywood Side Member

Fastener		Minimum Main Member	Minimum Side Member	Reference Lateral Shear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (lbf)		
Designation Head Style		Penetration ² (in)	Thickness (in)	OSB⁵ (0.50)	Plywood⁵ (0.39)	
			Carbon Steel			
#40 41/ #		¹³ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	48	-	
#10 x 1 ¹ /4"		25/ ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	48	40	
		1 ¹ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	61	-	
#10 ~ 11/ "		11/32	15/ ₃₂	60	53	
#10 x 1 ¹ /2"		²⁹ / ₃₂	^{19/} 32	60	49	
		²⁵ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	63	48	
	Flat, Pan or	1º/ ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	80	-	
#10 × 0"	Washer	117/32	^{15/} 32	81	70	
#10 x 2"		1 ¹³ / ₃₂	^{19/} 32	85	72	
		1 ⁹ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	83	71	
		2 ¹ / ₁₆	7/16	80	-	
#10 x 2 ¹ /2" #10 x 2 ³ /4"		117/32	^{15/} 32	81	70	
#10 x 3" #10 x 3 ¹ /2"		1 ²⁹ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	85	72	
#10 X 3 12		1 ²⁵ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	90	74	
		•	Stainless Steel			
		2 ¹ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	68	-	
#10 x 2 ¹ /2"	Flat	21/32	^{15/} 32	69	59	
#10 x 3"	Fial	1 ²⁹ / ₃₂	^{19/} 32	74	61	
		1 ²⁵ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	81	64	
		21/16	7/16	79	-	
#10 x 2 ¹ /2"	PowerDeck	21/32	15/ ₃₂	80	69	
#10 x 3" #10 x 3 ¹ / ₂ "	Trim	1 ²⁹ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	85	71	
		125/32	²³ / ₃₂	92	74	

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N

1. Reference lateral design values apply to two-member single shear connections where the side member is OSB or plywood, the main member is SPF (specific gravity = 0.42), and the fastener is installed in the face of the member and oriented perpendicular to grain. The underside of the fastener head shall be installed flush with the surface of the side member.

2. Penetration depth includes the length of tapered tip.

3. Lateral design values apply to both perpendicular to grain (Z \perp) and parallel to grain (Z \parallel) orientations.

4. Tabulated lateral design values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.

5. OSB shall comply with DOC PS 2 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.50. Plywood shall comply with DOC PS 1 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.39.





Fastener		Minimum Main Member	Minimum Side Member	Reference Lateral Shear Value, ^{1,3,4} Z (lbf)				
Designation	Head Style	Penetration ² (in)	Thickness (in)	OSB⁵ (0.50)	Plywood⁵ (0.39)			
	Carbon Steel							
#11 × 11/-"		1 ¹ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	73	-			
#14 x 1 ¹ /2"		1 ¹ / ₃₂	15/ ₃₂	72	63			
		1 ⁹ / ₁₆	7/ ₁₆	110	-			
#14 x 2"		117/32	15/ ₃₂	108	97			
#14 X Z	Flat	1 ¹³ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	103	91			
		1º/ ₃₂	23/ ₃₂	100	85			
#14 x 2 ¹ /2"		21/16	⁷ / ₁₆	112	-			
#14 x 3"		21/32	15/ ₃₂	113	97			
#14 x 3 ¹ /2" #14 x 4"		1 ²⁹ / ₃₂	19/ ₃₂	117	101			
#14 x 4 ¹ /2"		1 ²⁵ / ₃₂	²³ / ₃₂	123	103			

Table 16. #14 SPAX Construction Screws Lateral Design Values – OSB and Plywood Side Member

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N

1. Reference lateral design values apply to two-member single shear connections where the side member is OSB or plywood, the main member is SPF (specific gravity = 0.42), and the fastener is installed in the face of the member and oriented perpendicular to grain. The underside of the fastener head shall be installed flush with the surface of the side member.

2. Penetration depth includes the length of tapered tip.

3. Lateral design values apply to both perpendicular to grain (Z_{\perp}) and parallel to grain (Z_{\parallel}) orientations.

4. Tabulated lateral design values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.

5. OSB shall comply with DOC PS 2 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.50. Plywood shall comply with DOC PS 1 and have a minimum specific gravity of 0.39.

Table 17. SPAX Construction Screws Lateral Design Values - Sawn Lumber Side Member

		Minimum	Minimum Side	Reference Lateral Shear Value, ^{4,5,6} Z (lbf)			
Fastener Designation	Head Style	Main Member Penetration ¹	Member Thickness	Wood Species (Specific Gravity) ^{2,3}			
Ŭ		(in)	(in)	SPF/HF (0.42)	DF-L (0.50)	SP (0.55)	
	Carbon Steel						
#6 x 1 ¹ /2"		3/4	3/4	37	50	57	
#6 x 1 ³ /4" #6 x 2"	Flat	1	3/4	44	56	63	
#6 x 1 ¹ /2"	MDF/Hardwood Trim	3/4	3/4	37	50	57	
#8 x 1 ¹ /2"	Flat, Pan, Wafer	3/4	3/4	43	59	70	
#8 x 1 ³ /4"		1	3/4	50	69	80	
#8 x 2"		11/4	3/4	55	70	80	
#8 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "		1	1 ¹ / ₂	58	75	84	

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		Minimum	Minimum Side Member Thickness	Reference Lateral Shear Value,4,5,6 Z (lbf)		
Fastener Designation	Head Style	Main Member Penetration ¹		Wood Species (Specific Gravity) ^{2,3}		
		(in)	(in)	SPF/HF (0.42)	DF-L (0.50)	SP (0.55)
#8 x 1 ³ /4"	MDF/Hardwood Trim	1	3/4	51	69	79
#8 x 2 ¹ /2"		1	11/2	57	74	81
#9 x 2 ¹ /2"	Flat	1	11/2	73	92	105
#9 x 3 ¹ /4"	Fidt	1 ³ /4	11/2	90	106	116
#10 x 1 ¹ /2"		3/4	3/4	53	72	86
#10 x 2"		11/4	3/4	73	99	112
#10 x 2 ¹ /2"	Flat, Washer	1	11/2	81	101	115
#10 x 2 ³ / ₄ "		11/4	1 ¹ / ₂	91	117	132
#10 x 3" #10 x 3 ¹ /2"		11/2	11/2	103	121	132
#14 x 2"		1 ¹ /4	3/4	88	121	145
#14 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "		1	11/2	109	134	151
#14 x 3"	Flat	11/2	1 ¹ / ₂	133	171	187
#14 x 3 ¹ /2" #14 x 4" #14 x 4 ¹ /2"		2	11/2	146	172	187
			Stainless Ste	el		
#8 x 1 ⁵ /8"	PowerDeck Trim	7/ ₈	3/4	49	65	71
#9 x 1 ¹ /2"	Flat	3/4	3/4	49	67	78
#9 x 2"	Fidt	1 ¹ /4	3/4	62	79	91
#10 x 2 ¹ / ₂ "	Flat	1	1 ¹ / ₂	72	92	106
#10 x 3"	Fidt	1 ¹ /2	11/2	84	99	108
#10 x 2 ¹ /2"		1	11/2	82	103	118
#10 x 3" #10 x 3 ¹ /2"	PowerDeck Trim	1 ¹ /2	11/2	100	117	128

Table 17. SPAX Construction Screws Lateral Design Values – Sawn Lumber Side Member

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N

1. Penetration depth includes the length of tapered tip.

2. The species applies to both the main and side members. Where the members are different specific gravities, use the lower of the two.

3. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.42 and 0.50, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.42. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.50 and 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.50. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity greater than or equal to 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.55.

4. The fastener shall be oriented perpendicular to grain, and the underside of the fastener head shall be installed flush with the surface of the side member.

5. Lateral design values apply to both perpendicular to grain (Z_{\perp}) and parallel to grain (Z_{\parallel}) orientations.

6. Tabulated lateral design values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.





6.6.3 Reference Lateral Design Values for XFT14P-4000 Fasteners:

- 6.6.3.1 Reference lateral design values (lbs) for shear load perpendicular and parallel to the side member grain for XFT14P-4000 fasteners are specified in Table 18.
- 6.6.3.2 Reference lateral design values in **Table 18** apply to two-member single shear connections where:
 - 6.6.3.2.1 The main member has an assigned specific gravity equal to or greater than 0.55
 - 6.6.3.2.2 The main member is loaded parallel to grain
 - 6.6.3.2.3 The fastener is oriented perpendicular to grain
 - 6.6.3.2.4 The fastener penetrates the face of the side member and edge of the main member
 - 6.6.3.2.5 The minimum edge distance in the main member is nominally 3/4". Care shall be taken not to split the wood. See **Table 20** for other spacing, edge and end distance requirements.

Table 18. Lateral Design Va	lues For XFT14P-4000 Fastener ^{4,5,6}

Main Member Species	Side Member Species	Reference Lateral Shear Value, Z (Ibf)	
(Specific Gravity) ^{1,3}	(Specific Gravity) ^{2,3}	Z⊥	Zll
	SPF (0.42)	NT	180
SP (0.55)	SP (0.55)	285	205
	LVL (0.50)	410	290

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 lb = 4.45 N

1 Main member is loaded parallel to grain.

2. For side member wood species with an assigned specific gravity between 0.42 and 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.42. For wood species with an assigned specific gravity greater than or equal to 0.55, use the tabulated values for specific gravity of 0.55.

3. Main member and side member minimum thickness is 1.5".

Z[±] = Lateral Design Values Perpendicular to Side Member Grain, Z_I = Lateral Design Values Parallel to Side Member Grain (see Figure 6). 4.

- 5. Tabulated lateral design values shall be adjusted by all applicable adjustment factors per NDS Table 11.3.1.
- 6. NT = Not Tested

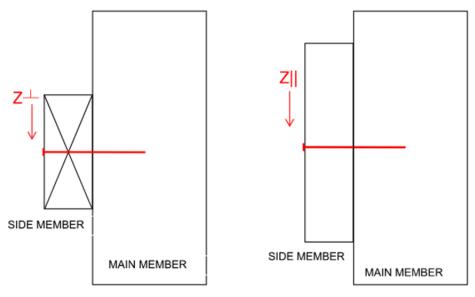


Figure 6. Lateral Load Directions





6.7 Where the application falls outside of the performance evaluation, conditions of use and/or installation requirements set forth herein, alternative techniques shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering practice and experience. This includes but is not limited to the following areas of engineering: mechanics or materials, structural, building science and fire science.

7 Certified Performance²³

- 7.1 All construction methods shall conform to accepted engineering practices to ensure durable, livable, and safe construction and shall demonstrate acceptable workmanship reflecting journeyman quality of work of the various trades.²⁴
- 7.2 The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.²⁵

8 Regulatory Evaluation and Accepted Engineering Practice

- 8.1 SPAX Construction Screws comply with the following legislatively adopted regulations and/or accepted engineering practice for the following reasons:
 - 8.1.1 Bending yield in accordance with ASTM F1575
 - 8.1.2 Tensile strength in accordance with AISI S904
 - 8.1.3 Shear strength in accordance with AISI S904
 - 8.1.4 Head pull-through in accordance with ASTM D1761
 - 8.1.5 Withdrawal strength in accordance with ASTM D1761
 - 8.1.6 Lateral resistance in accordance with NDS and ASTM D1761
 - 8.1.7 Corrosion resistance in accordance with ASTM B117 and ASTM G85
- 8.2 Any building code, regulation and/or accepted engineering evaluations (i.e., research reports, <u>duly</u> <u>authenticated reports</u>, etc.) that are conducted for this Listing were performed by DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ), an <u>ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification body</u> and a professional engineering company operated by <u>RDP/approved sources</u>. DrJ is qualified²⁶ to practice product and regulatory compliance services within its scope of accreditation and engineering expertise, respectively.
- 8.3 Engineering evaluations are conducted with DrJ's ANAB <u>accredited ICS code scope</u> of expertise, which are also its areas of professional engineering competence.
- 8.4 Any regulation specific issues not addressed in this section are outside the scope of this report.

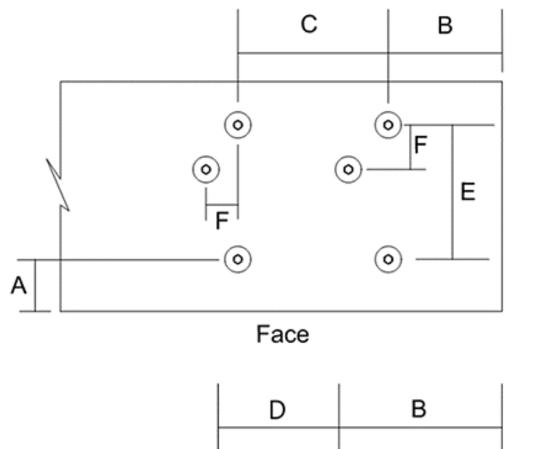
9 Installation

- 9.1 Installation shall comply with the approved construction documents, the manufacturer installation instructions, this report and the applicable building code.
- 9.2 In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer installation instructions and this report, the more restrictive shall govern.
- 9.3 SPAX Construction Screws shall be installed using the driver bits specified in Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 4 and Table 5, as applicable.
- 9.4 Fasteners shall not be struck with a hammer during installation.
- 9.5 Lead holes are not required for SPAX Construction Screws.
- 9.6 The fastener head must be installed flush to the surface of the wood side member being connected. The fastener must not be overdriven.
- 9.7 Minimum main member penetration is $1^{1}/_{2}$ " unless otherwise stated in this report.





- 9.8 Minimum requirements for fastener spacing, edge distance and end distance shall be in accordance with **Table 19**.
 - 9.8.1 Minimum requirements for XFT14P-4000 fastener spacing, edge distance and end distance are found in **Figure 7** and **Table 20**.



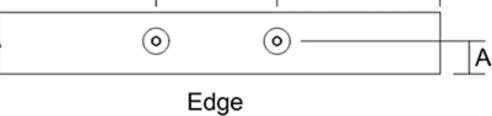


Figure 7. Fastener Spacing in Wood Reference Diagram





		Minimum Spacing/Distance ^{1,2} (in)					
Reference (from Figure 7)	Connection Geometry		#8 Flat/Pan/Wafer MDF/Hardwood Trim	#8 PowerDeck Trim, #9 Flat	#10 Flat/Pan/Washer	#10 PowerDeck Trim	#14 Pan
А	Edge Distance – Load in any direction	1/4	³ /8	3/ ₈	3/8	1/ ₂	1/ ₂
	End Distance – Load parallel to grain, towards end	1 ¹ /2	1 ³ /4	1 ⁷ /8	21/4	2 ³ /8	2 ⁵ /8
В	End Distance – Load parallel to grain, away from end	1	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ¹ /4	1 ¹ / ₂	1 ⁵ /8	1 ³ /4
	End Distance – Load perpendicular to grain	1	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ¹ / ₂	1 ⁵ /8	1 ³ /4
С	Spacing between Fasteners in a Row – Parallel to grain	1 ¹ /2	1 ³ /4	1 ⁷ /8	21/4	2 ³ /8	2 ⁵ /8
D	Spacing between Fasteners in a Row – Perpendicular to grain	1	1 ¹ / ₄	1 ¹ /4	1 ¹ / ₂	1 ⁵ /8	1 ³ /4
Е	Spacing between Rows of Fasteners – In-line	1/ ₂	5/8	5/ ₈	3/4	7/ ₈	7/ ₈
F	Spacing between Rows of Fasteners – Staggered	1/4	3/ ₈	3/ ₈	3/ ₈	1/ ₂	1/ ₂

Table 19. Minimum Spacing, Edge Distance and End Distance Requirements

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm

1. Edge distances, end distances and spacing of fasteners shall be sufficient to prevent splitting of the wood or as shown in this table, whichever is the more restrictive.

2. Values for "Spacing between Rows of Fasteners – Staggered" apply where the fasteners in adjacent rows are offset by one-half of the "Spacing between Fasteners"

in a Row".

Table 20.	Minimum Spacing,	Edge Distance	and End Distance	e Requirements -	– XFT14P-4000
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Reference (from Figure 7)	Connection Geometry ^{1,2}	Minimum Spacing/Distance ^{1,2} (in)
٨	Edge Distance – Load perpendicular to grain	11/2
A	Edge Distance – Load parallel to grain	3/4
	End Distance – Load parallel to grain, towards end	1³/4
В	End Distance – Load parallel to grain, away from end	3/4
	End Distance – Load perpendicular to grain	3/4
С	Spacing between Fasteners in a Row – Parallel to grain	13/4
D	Spacing between Fasteners in a Row – Perpendicular to grain	7/ ₈
E	Spacing between Rows of Fasteners – In-line	1/2
F	Spacing between Rows of Fasteners – Staggered	1/2

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm

1. Edge distances, end distances and spacing of fasteners shall be sufficient to prevent splitting of the wood or as shown in this table, whichever is the more restrictive.

2. Values for "Spacing between Rows of Fasteners-Staggered" apply where the fasteners in adjacent rows are offset by one-half of the "Spacing between Fasteners in a Row".





10 Substantiating Data

- 10.1 Testing has been performed under the supervision of a professional engineer and/or under the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 as follows:
 - 10.1.1 Bending yield testing in accordance with ASTM F1575
 - 10.1.2 Tensile strength testing in accordance with AISI S904
 - 10.1.3 Shear strength testing in accordance with AISI S904
 - 10.1.4 Head pull-through testing in accordance with ASTM D1761
 - 10.1.5 Withdrawal testing in accordance with ASTM D1761
 - 10.1.6 Lateral resistance testing in accordance with ASTM D1761
 - 10.1.7 Corrosion resistance testing in accordance with ASTM B117 and ASTM G85
- 10.2 Information contained herein may include the result of testing and/or data analysis by sources that are <u>approved agencies</u>, <u>approved sources</u> and/or <u>RDP</u>s. Accuracy of external test data and resulting analysis is relied upon.
- 10.3 Where applicable, testing and/or engineering analysis are based upon provisions that have been codified into law through state or local adoption of regulations and standards. The developers of these regulations and standards are responsible for the reliability of published content. DrJ's engineering practice may use a regulation-adopted provision as the control. A regulation-endorsed control versus a simulation of the conditions of application to occur establishes a new material as <u>being equivalent</u> to the regulatory provision in terms of quality, <u>strength</u>, effectiveness, <u>fire resistance</u>, durability and safety.
- 10.4 The accuracy of the provisions provided herein may be reliant upon the published properties of raw materials, which are defined by the grade mark, grade stamp, mill certificate or <u>duly authenticated reports</u> from <u>approved</u> <u>agencies</u> and/or <u>approved sources</u> provided by the supplier. These are presumed to be minimum properties and relied upon to be accurate. The reliability of DrJ's engineering practice, as contained in this <u>duly</u> <u>authenticated report</u>, may be dependent upon published design properties by others.
- 10.5 Testing and engineering analysis: The strength, rigidity, and/or general performance of component parts and/or the integrated structure are determined by suitable tests that simulate the actual conditions of application that occur and/or by accepted engineering practice and experience.²⁷
- 10.6 Where additional condition of use and/or regulatory compliance information is required, please search for SPAX Construction Screws on the DrJ Certification website.

11 Findings

- 11.1 As outlined in **Section 6**, SPAX Construction Screws have performance characteristics that were tested and/or meet applicable regulations and are suitable for use pursuant to its specified purpose.
- 11.2 When used and installed in accordance with this <u>duly authenticated report</u> and the manufacturer installation instructions, SPAX Construction Screws shall be approved for the following applications:
 - 11.2.1 To provide resistance to head pull-through loads as shown in Table 6, Table 7 and Table 8.
 - 11.2.2 To provide resistance to reference withdrawal loads as shown in Table 9, Table 10 and Table 11.
 - 11.2.3 To provide resistance to lateral loads applied to the fastener in a wood connection as shown in **Table 12**, **Table 13**, **Table 14**, **Table 15**, **Table 16**, **Table 17** and **Table 18**.
- 11.3 These products have been evaluated in the context of the codes listed in **Section 4** and is compliant with all known state and local building codes. Where there are known variations in state or local codes applicable to this report, they are listed here:
 - 11.3.1 No known variations





- 11.4 Any application specific issues not addressed herein can be engineered by an <u>RDP</u>. Assistance with engineering is available from Altenloh, Brinck & Company US Inc.
- 11.5 <u>IBC Section 104.11 (IRC Section R104.11</u> and <u>IFC Section 104.10</u>²⁸ are similar) in pertinent part states:

104.11 Alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code. Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons the alternative was not approved.

- 11.6 Approved:²⁹ Building regulations require that the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports.³⁰
 - 11.6.1 An approved agency is "approved" when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited.
 - 11.6.2 An <u>approved source</u> is *"approved"* when an <u>RDP</u> is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce.
 - 11.6.3 Federal law, <u>Title 18 US Code Section 242</u>, requires that where the alternative product, material, service, design, assembly and/or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved. Denial without written reason deprives a protected right to free and fair competition in the marketplace.
- 11.7 DrJ is a licensed engineering company, employs licensed <u>RDP</u>s and is an <u>ANAB-Accredited Product</u> <u>Certification Body</u> – <u>Accreditation #1131</u>.
- 11.8 Through the <u>IAF Multilateral Agreements</u> (MLA), this <u>duly authenticated report</u> can be used to obtain product approval in any <u>jurisdiction</u> or <u>country</u> because all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 <u>duly authenticated reports</u> are equivalent.³¹

12 Conditions of Use

- 12.1 Material properties shall not fall outside the boundaries defined in Section 6.
- 12.2 As defined in **Section 6**, where material and/or engineering mechanics properties are created for load resisting design purposes, the resistance to the applied load shall not exceed the ability of the defined properties to resist those loads using the principles of accepted engineering practice.
- 12.3 Wood main and side members must have a moisture content of less than or equal to nineteen percent (19%). Where fasteners are installed in a wet service condition, the appropriate reduction factors shall be applied per NDS Table 11.3.1.
- 12.4 Use of fasteners in locations exposed to saltwater or saltwater spray is outside the scope of this report.
- 12.5 In cases where fastener metal capacity (instead of the wood member) controls the connection design, the allowable connection strength shall not be multiplied by the adjustment factors specified in NDS.
- 12.6 When required by adopted legislation and enforced by the <u>building official</u>, also known as the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) in which the project is to be constructed:
 - 12.6.1 Any calculations incorporated into the construction documents shall conform to accepted engineering practice and, when prepared by an <u>approved source</u>, shall be approved when signed and sealed.
 - 12.6.2 This report and the installation instructions shall be submitted at the time of permit application.
 - 12.6.3 These innovative products have an internal quality control program and a third-party quality assurance program.
 - 12.6.4 At a minimum, these innovative products shall be installed per **Section 9** of this report.
 - 12.6.5 The review of this report by the AHJ shall comply with IBC Section 104 and IBC Section 105.4.





- 12.6.6 These innovative products have an internal quality control program and a third party quality assurance program in accordance with <u>IBC Section 104.4</u>, <u>IBC Section 110.4</u>, <u>IBC Section 1703</u>, <u>IRC Section R104.4</u> and <u>IRC Section R109.2</u>.
- 12.6.7 The application of these innovative products in the context of this report is dependent upon the accuracy of the construction documents, implementation of installation instructions, inspection as required by <u>IBC</u> <u>Section 110.3</u>, <u>IRC Section R109.2</u> and any other regulatory requirements that may apply.
- 12.7 The approval of this report by the AHJ shall comply with <u>IBC Section 1707.1</u>, where legislation states in part, *"the <u>building official</u> shall accept duly authenticated reports from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of <u>use</u> of new material or assemblies as provided for in <u>Section 104.11</u>," all of <u>IBC Section 104</u>, and <u>IBC Section 105.4</u>.*
- 12.8 <u>Design loads</u> shall be determined in accordance with the regulations adopted by the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed and/or by the building designer (i.e., <u>owner</u> or <u>RDP</u>).
- 12.9 The actual design, suitability, and use of this report for any particular building, is the responsibility of the <u>owner</u> or the authorized agent of the owner.

13 Identification

- 13.1 The innovative products listed in **Section 1.1** are identified by a label on the board or packaging material bearing the manufacturer name, product name, this report number and other information to confirm code compliance.
- 13.2 Additional technical information can be found at <u>www.spax.us</u>.

14 Review Schedule

- 14.1 This report is subject to periodic review and revision. For the latest version, visit <u>drjcertification.org</u>.
- 14.2 For information on the status of this report, please contact <u>DrJ Certification</u>.

15 Approved for Use Pursuant to U.S. and International Legislation Defined in Appendix A

15.1 #6, #8, #9, #10 and #14 SPAX Construction Screws are included in this report published by an approved agency that is concerned with evaluation of products or services, maintains periodic inspection of the production of listed materials or periodic evaluation of services. This report states either that the material, product or service meets recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose. This report meets the legislative intent and definition of being acceptable to the AHJ.





Appendix A

1 Legislation that Authorizes AHJ Approval

- 1.1 **Fair Competition**: <u>State legislatures</u> have adopted Federal regulations for the examination and approval of building code referenced and alternative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies and/or methods of construction that:
 - 1.1.1 Advance innovation
 - 1.1.2 Promote competition so all businesses have the opportunity to compete on price and quality in an open market on a level playing field unhampered by anticompetitive constraints
 - 1.1.3 Benefit consumers through lower prices, better quality, and greater choice
- 1.2 **Adopted Legislation**: The following local, state and federal regulations affirmatively authorize these innovative products to be approved by AHJs, delegates of building departments and/or delegates of an agency of the federal government:
 - 1.2.1 Interstate commerce is governed by the <u>Federal Department of Justice</u> to encourage the use of innovative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction. The goal is to "*protect* economic freedom and opportunity by promoting free and fair competition in the marketplace."
 - 1.2.2 <u>Title 18 US Code Section 242</u> affirms and regulates the right of individuals and businesses to freely and fairly have new products, materials, designs, services, assemblies and/or methods of construction approved for use in commerce. Disapproval of alternatives shall be based upon non-conformance with respect to specific provisions of adopted legislation and shall be provided in writing <u>stating the reasons why</u> the alternative was not approved, with reference to the specific legislation violated.
 - 1.2.3 The <u>federal government</u> and each state have a <u>public records act</u>. In addition, each state also has legislation that mimics the federal <u>Defend Trade Secrets Act 2016</u> (DTSA),³² where providing test reports, engineering analysis and/or other related IP/TS is subject to <u>prison of not more than ten years</u>³³ and/or a <u>\$5,000,000 fine or 3 times the value of</u>³⁴ the Intellectual Property (IP) and Trade Secrets (TS).
 - 1.2.3.1 Compliance with public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through the use of Listings, certified reports, Technical Evaluation Reports, duly authenticated reports and/or research reports prepared by approved agencies and/or approved sources.
 - 1.2.4 For <u>new materials</u>³⁵ that are not specifically provided for in any regulation, the <u>design strengths and</u> permissible stresses shall be established by <u>tests</u>, where <u>suitable load tests simulate the actual loads and</u> <u>conditions of application that occur</u>.
 - 1.2.5 The <u>design strengths and permissible stresses</u> of any structural material shall <u>conform</u> to the specifications and methods of design using accepted engineering practice.³⁶
 - 1.2.6 The commerce of <u>approved sources</u> (i.e., registered PEs) is regulated by <u>professional engineering</u> <u>legislation</u>. Professional engineering <u>commerce shall always be approved</u> by AHJs, except where there is evidence provided in writing, that specific legislation have been violated by an individual registered PE.
 - 1.2.7 The AHJ shall accept <u>duly authenticated reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in <u>IBC Section 104.11</u>.³⁷





- 1.3 Approved³⁸ by Los Angeles: The Los Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC) states in pertinent part that the provisions of LAMC are not intended to prevent the use of any material, device or method of construction not specifically prescribed by LAMC. The Department shall use Part III, Recognized Standards in addition to Part II, Uniform Building Code Standards of <u>Division 35</u>, <u>Article 1</u>, <u>Chapter IX</u> of the LAMC in evaluation of products for approval where such standard exists for the product or the material and may use other approved standards that apply. Whenever tests or certificates of any material or fabricated assembly are required by <u>Chapter IX</u> of the LAMC, such tests or certification shall be made by a <u>testing agency</u> approved by the Superintendent of Building to conduct such tests or provide such certifications. The testing agency shall publish the scope and limitation(s) of the listed material or fabricated assembly.³⁹ The Superintendent of Building <u>Approved Testing Agency Roster</u> is provided by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS). The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) Certificate of Approval License is <u>TA24945</u>. Tests and certifications found in a <u>DrJ Listing</u> are LAMC approved. In addition, the Superintendent of Building shall accept <u>duly authenticated reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the <u>California Building Code</u> (CBC) <u>Section 1707.1</u>.⁴⁰
- 1.4 Approved by Chicago: The Municipal Code of Chicago (MCC) states in pertinent part that an Approved Agency is a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) acting within its recognized scope and/or a certification body accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) acting within its accredited scope. Construction materials and test procedures shall conform to the applicable standards listed in the MCC. Sufficient technical data shall be submitted to the building official to substantiate the proposed use of any product, material, service, design, assembly and/or method of construction not specifically provided for in the MCC. This technical data shall consist of research reports from approved sources (i.e., MCC defined Approved Agencies).
- 1.5 Approved by New York City: The 2022 NYC Building Code (NYCBC) states in part that an approved agency shall be deemed⁴¹ an approved testing agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation</u>, an approved inspection agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17020 accreditation</u>, and an approved product evaluation agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17065 accreditation</u>. Accrediting agencies, other than federal agencies, must be members of an internationally recognized cooperation of laboratory and inspection accreditation bodies subject to a mutual recognition agreement⁴² (i.e., <u>ANAB</u>, <u>International Accreditation Forum</u> also known as IAF, etc.).
- 1.6 **Approved by Florida**: <u>Statewide approval</u> of products, methods or systems of construction shall be approved, without further evaluation by:
 - 1.6.1 A certification mark or listing of an approved certification agency,
 - 1.6.2 A test report from an approved testing laboratory,
 - 1.6.3 A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity, or
 - 1.6.4 A product evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in Florida.
 - 1.6.5 For local product approval, products or systems of construction shall demonstrate compliance with the structural wind load requirements of the Florida Building Code (FBC) through one of the following methods:
 - 1.6.5.1 A certification mark, listing or label from a commission-approved certification agency indicating that the product complies with the code,
 - 1.6.5.2 A test report from a commission-approved testing laboratory indicating that the product tested complies with the code,
 - 1.6.5.3 A product-evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from a commission-approved product evaluation entity which indicates that the product evaluated complies with the code,





- 1.6.5.4 A product-evaluation report or certification based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a Florida professional engineer or Florida registered architect, which indicates that the product complies with the code, or
- 1.6.5.5 A statewide product approval issued by the Florida Building Commission.
- 1.6.6 The <u>Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation</u> (DBPR) website provides a listing of companies certified as a <u>Product Evaluation Agency</u> (i.e., EVLMiami 13692), a <u>Product Certification</u> <u>Agency</u> (i.e., CER10642), and as a <u>Florida Registered Engineer</u> (i.e., ANE13741).
- 1.7 **Approved by Miami-Dade County (i.e., Notice of Acceptance [NOA])**: A Florida statewide approval is an NOA. An NOA is a Florida local product approval. By Florida law, Miami-Dade County shall accept the statewide and local Florida Product Approval as provided for in Florida legislation <u>553.842</u> and <u>553.8425</u>.
- 1.8 Approved by New Jersey: Pursuant to the 2018 Building Code of New Jersey in <u>IBC Section 1707.1</u> <u>General</u>,⁴³ it states: "In the absence of approved rules or other approved standards, the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the administrative provisions of the Uniform Construction Code (<u>N.J.A.C. 5:23</u>)".⁴⁴ Furthermore N.J.A.C 5:23-3.7 states: "Municipal approvals of alternative materials, equipment, or methods of construction."
 - 1.8.1 **Approvals**: Alternative materials, equipment or methods of construction shall be approved by the appropriate subcode official provided the proposed design is satisfactory and that the materials, equipment or methods of construction are suitable for the intended use and are at least the equivalent in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety of those conforming with the requirements of the regulations.
 - 1.8.1.1 A field evaluation label and report or letter issued by a nationally recognized testing laboratory verifying that the specific material, equipment or method of construction meets the identified standards or has been tested and found to be suitable for the intended use, shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
 - 1.8.1.2 Reports of engineering findings issued by nationally recognized evaluation service programs such as but not limited to, the Building Officials and Code Administrators (BOCA), the International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO), the Southern Building Code Congress International (SBCCI), the International Code Council (ICC), and the National Evaluation Service, Inc., shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
 - 1.8.2 The <u>New Jersey Department of Community Affairs</u> has confirmed that technical evaluation reports, from any accredited entity listed by <u>ANAB</u>, meets the requirements of item the previous paragraph, given that the listed entities are no longer in existence and/or do not provide "*reports of engineering findings*."
- 1.9 **Approved by the Code of Federal Regulations Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards**: Pursuant to Title 24, Subtitle B, Chapter XX, <u>Part 3282.14</u>⁴⁵ and <u>Part 3280</u>,⁴⁶ the Department encourages innovation and the use of new technology in manufactured homes. The design and construction of a manufactured home shall conform to the provisions of Part 3282 and Part 3280 where key approval provisions in mandatory language follow:
 - 1.9.1 *"All construction methods shall be in conformance with accepted engineering practices."*
 - 1.9.2 "The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur."
 - 1.9.3 "The design stresses of all materials shall conform to accepted engineering practice."





- 1.10 **Approval by US, Local and State Jurisdictions in General**: In all other local and state jurisdictions, the adopted building code legislation states in pertinent part that:
 - 1.10.1 For <u>new materials</u> that are not specifically provided for in this code, the <u>design strengths and permissible</u> <u>stresses</u> shall be established by tests.⁴⁷
 - 1.10.2 For innovative <u>alternatives</u> and/or methods of construction, the building official shall accept <u>duly</u> <u>authenticated reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> with respect to the quality and manner of use of <u>new</u> <u>materials or assemblies</u>.⁴⁸
 - 1.10.2.1 An <u>approved agency</u> is *"approved"* when it is <u>ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited</u>. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is in the <u>ANAB directory</u>.
 - 1.10.2.2 An <u>approved source</u> is *"approved"* when an <u>RDP</u> is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the <u>state legislature</u> via its professional engineering regulations.⁴⁹
 - 1.10.3 The <u>design strengths and permissible stresses</u> of any structural material...shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice performed by an <u>approved</u> source.⁵⁰
- 1.11 **Approval by International Jurisdictions**: The <u>USMCA</u> and <u>GATT</u> agreements provide for approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction through the <u>Agreement on Technical</u> <u>Barriers to Trade</u> and the <u>IAF Multilateral Recognition Arrangement</u> (MLA), where these agreements:
 - 1.11.1 State that <u>conformity assessment procedures</u> (i.e., ISO/IEC 17020, 17025, 17065, etc.) are prepared, adopted, and applied so as to grant access for suppliers of like products originating in the territories of other Members under conditions no less favourable than those accorded to suppliers of like products of national origin or originating in any other country, in a comparable situation.
 - 1.11.2 **Approved**: The <u>purpose of the MLA</u> is to ensure mutual recognition of accredited certification and validation/verification statements between signatories to the MLA and subsequently, acceptance of accredited certification and validation/verification statements in many markets based on one accreditation for the timely approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction.
 - 1.11.3 ANAB is an <u>IAF-MLA</u> signatory where recognition of certificates, validation, and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA, with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.⁵¹
 - 1.11.4 Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 duly authenticated reports are approval equivalent.⁵²
- 1.12 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.⁵³





Issue Date: December 16, 2021 Subject to Renewal: January 1, 2026

FBC Supplement to Report Number 2010-02

REPORT HOLDER: Altenloh, Brinck & Company US Inc

1 Evaluation Subject

1.1 #6, #8, #9, #10 and #14 SPAX Construction Screws

2 Purpose and Scope

- 2.1 Purpose
 - 2.1.1 The purpose of this Report Supplement is to show SPAX Construction Screws, recognized in Report Number 2010-02, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes listed below as adopted by the Florida Building Commission.
- 2.2 Applicable Code Editions
 - 2.2.1 FBC-B—20, 23: Florida Building Code Building (FL 40711)
 - 2.2.2 FBC-R—20, 23: Florida Building Code Residential (FL 40711)

3 Conclusions

- 3.1 SPAX Construction Screws, described in Report Number 2010-02, comply with the FBC-B and FBC-R and are subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.
- 3.2 Where there are variations between the IBC and IRC and the FBC-B and FBC-R applicable to this report, they are listed here:
 - 3.2.1 FBC-B Section 104.4 and Section 110.4 are reserved.
 - 3.2.2 FBC-R Section R104 and Section R109 are reserved.
 - 3.2.3 FBC-B Section 2304.10.5 replaces IBC Section 2304.10.6.

4 Conditions of Use

- 4.1 SPAX Construction Screws, described in Report Number 2010-02, must comply with all of the following conditions:
 - 4.1.1 All applicable sections in Report Number 2010-02.
 - 4.1.2 The design, installation, and inspections are in accordance with additional requirements of FBC-B Chapter 16 and Chapter 17, as applicable.



Notes

¹ For more information, visit dricertification.org or call us at 608-310-6748.

- ⁴ Alternative Materials, Design and Methods of Construction and Equipment: The provisions of any regulation code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by a regulation. Please review <u>https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission and https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.11</u>
- 5 <u>https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706:~:text=the%20design%20strengths%20and%20permissible%20stresses%20shall%20be%20established%20by%20tests%20as</u>
- ⁶ The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice. <u>https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-</u>
- tests#1706:~:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice tests#1706:~:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice tests#1706:~:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice tests#1706:~:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice tests#1706:~:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice tests#1706:~:text=shall%20conform%20to%20the%20specifications-and_
- tests#1707.1:~:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies
- 8 https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4.2
- 9 <u>https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved_agency</u>
- ¹⁰ https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved_source
- https://www.law.comell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832 (b) Any organization that commits any offense described in subsection (a) shall be fined not more than the greater of \$5,000,000 or 3 times the value of the stolen trade secret to the organization, including expenses for research and design and other costs of reproducing the trade secret that the organization has thereby avoided. The <u>federal government</u> and each state have a <u>public records act</u>. To follow DTSA and comply state public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through <u>ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification bodies</u> or <u>approved sources</u>. For more information, please review this website: <u>Intellectual Property and Trade Secrets</u>.
- ¹² <u>https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional AND https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineeringboards-in-each-state-archive/</u>
- 13 https://www.cbitest.com/accreditation/
- 14 https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104:~:text=to%20enforce%20the%20provisions%20of%20this%20code
- ¹⁵ <u>https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-</u>
 - administration#104.11:~:text=Where%20the%20alternative%20material%2C%20design%20or%20method%20of%20construction%20is%20not%20approved%2C%20the%20buildi ng%20official%20shall%20respond%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20why%20the%20alternative%20was%20not%20approved AND https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-
 - administration#105.3.1:~:text=If%20the%20application%20or%20the%20construction%20documents%20do%20not%20conform%20to%20the%20requirements%20of%20pertinen t%20laws%2C%20the%20building%20official%20shall%20reject%20such%20application%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20therefore
- https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-andtests#1707.1:~:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies%20in%20respect%20to%20the%20 guality%20and%20manner%200f%20use%20of%20new%20materials%20or%20assemblies%20as%20provided%20for%20in%20Section%20104.11
- 17 <u>https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-</u> mla/#:~:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessmen
 - t%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope
- ¹⁸ True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- ¹⁹ <u>https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law</u> AND <u>https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission</u>
- ²⁰ Unless otherwise noted, all references in this Listing are from the 2021 version of the codes and the standards referenced therein. This material, product, design, service and/or method of construction also complies with the 2000-2021 versions of the referenced codes and the standards referenced therein.
- ²¹ All references to the FBC-B and FBC-R are the same as the 2021 IBC and 2021 IRC, respectively, unless otherwise noted in the supplement at the end of this report.
- 22 <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#p-3280.2(Listed%20or%20certified); https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#listed AND <u>https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#labeled</u></u>
- ²³ https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4
- ²⁴ https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-
- 3280#:~:text=All%20construction%20methods%20shall%20be%20in%20conformance%20with%20accepted%20engineering%20practices%20to%20insure%20durable%2C%20liv able%2C%20and%20safe%20housing%20and%20shall%20demonstrate%20acceptable%20workmanship%20reflecting%20journeyman%20quality%20of%20work%20of%20the% 20various%20trades
- ²⁵ <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#:~:text=The%20strength%20and%20rigidity%20of%20the%20component%20parts%20and/or%20the%20integrated%20structure%20shall%20be%20determined%20by%20 engineering%20analysis%20or%20by%20suitable%20load%20tests%20to%20simulate%20the%20actual%20loads%20and%20conditions%20of%20application%20that%20occur</u>
- Qualification is performed by a legislatively defined <u>Accreditation Body</u>. <u>ANSI National Accreditation Board (ANAB)</u> is the largest independent accreditation body in North America and provides services in more than 75 countries. <u>DrJ</u> is an ANAB accredited <u>product certification body</u>.
- ²⁷ See Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) <u>Title 24 Subtitle B Chapter XX Part 3280</u> for definition.
- ²⁸ 2018 IFC Section 104.9
- ²⁹ Approved is an adjective that modifies the noun after it. For example, Approved Agency means that the Agency is accepted officially as being suitable in a particular situation. This example conforms to IBC/IRC/IFC Section 201.4 where the building code authorizes sentences to have an ordinarily accepted meaning such as the context implies.
- ³⁰ https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1

Report Number: 2010-02 SPAX® Construction Screw Properties

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² The #14 x 4" SPAX T-Star plus Flat-Head Partial Thread Construction Screw is referred to as the XFT14P-4000 throughout this report.

³ https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1702





³¹ Multilateral approval is true for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.

- ³² <u>http://www.drjengineering.org/AppendixC</u> AND <u>https://www.drjcertification.org/cornell-2016-protection-trade-secrets</u>
- 33 https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=imprisoned%20not%20more%20than%2010%20years
- ³⁴ https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=Any%20organization%20that,has%20thereby%20avoided
- 35 https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706.2
- ³⁶ IBC 2021, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards
- ³⁷ IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General
- ³⁸ See Section 11 for the distilled building code definition of Approved
- ³⁹ Los Angeles Municipal Code, SEC. 98.0503. TESTING AGENCIES
- ⁴⁰ <u>https://up.codes/viewer/california/ca-building-code-2022/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1</u>
- ⁴¹ New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies
- ⁴² New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies
- ⁴³ <u>https://up.codes/viewer/new_iersey/ibc-2018/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1</u>
- ⁴⁴ <u>https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/codes/codreg/ucc.html</u>
- ⁴⁵ https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3282/subpart-A/section-3282.14
- ⁴⁶ https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280
- 47 IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, 1706.2 New Materials, Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.2.
- 48 IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General, Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1707.1.
- ⁴⁹ <u>https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional_AND https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineeringboards-in-each-state-archive/</u>
- IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.1.
 https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-
- mla/#:~:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessmen t%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope
- ⁵² True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- 53 https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law AND https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission